

Modelling activities in the Danish air quality monitoring program

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The Danish monitoring program:

- > Covers all of Denmark (special focus on main cities). With the aim of:
- > Reporting the current levels in relation to EU's air quality limit/target values.
- > Reporting under international conventions e.g. EMEP.
- Investigating the long term trends and to evaluate the impact of Danish and international measures.
- > Warn the Danish public, when EU's warning thresholds are exceeded (O_3) .
- > Estimate the health effects and external costs of air pollution in Denmark ('new feature').



The Danish monitoring program:

- > Based on an integration of measurements and model calculations.
- The measurements are carried out at 18 monitoring stations.
- > The model calculations are carried out using our multiscale model system.
- Health assessment is based on the EVA system, also developed in our group.
- Continuously developed in research projects -> sciences based advisory work.







Concentration for 2015 of PM25

Multiscale modelling:

The integrated THOR system



All models are developed here.

Denmark

The Danish Eulerian Hemispheric Model (DEHM)

- Chemistry: photo-chemistry (73 species) and particles (9 species)
 + POPs, mercury, pollen, CO₂, UFP etc.
- > Anthropogenic and natural emissions.
- > Emission tagging capability.
- > Flexible setup:
- Two-way nesting.
- Met. input from WRF/IFS/climate models.
- > Data Assimilation (OI, 3D-var).
- > Part of CAMS50/CAMS2_40



Resolution 150 km -> 5.6 km

NOx emissions



The Urban Background Model (UBM)

- > Gaussian multiple plume model.
- > Resolution 1 km x 1 km.
- Hourly input (meteorology, regional air pollution) from DEHM-WRF.
- > Emissions based on the SPREAD model.
- > Simplified chemistry/physics.
- Output: Hourly values of O₃, NO, NO₂, NO_x
 , CO and PM.
- > Phd student working on a new version.







Operational Street Pollution Model -OSPM®

- Parameterized model based on physics:
 - Direct plume
 - Traffic produced turbulence
 - Recirculation
- GIS data on e.g.:
 - Building/street configurations
- -Traffic emissions



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 $\sigma_z(\mathbf{x}) = \sigma_w \frac{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{u}_b} + \mathbf{h}_o$

 $\sigma_{\rm w} = \left(\left(\alpha u_{\rm b} \right)^2 + \sigma_{\rm wo}^2 \right)^{1/2}$

 $= \mathbf{h}^2 \mathbf{V}^2 \mathbf{D}$

Hupw

a)

Leeward

side



Modelling Denmark

Outflow = $C_{rec} \sigma_{wt} L_t$

 $\frac{Q}{W}$ Inflow =

w

Roof level wind

Background pollution

 $\sigma_{\underline{wt}}$

 $C_{rec} \cdot e$

 $Outflow = C_{rec} U_b L_{s2}$

Recirculating air

Direct plume

Outflow = $C_{nx} U_t L_{s1}$

Dec 2021 7

Windward

side

E Show more https://doi.org/10.1016/j.atmosenv.2018.10.036



Pt. number/UFP introduced first attempt (not reported)

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Modelling ultrafine particle number concentrations at address resolution in Denmark from 1979-2018 – Part 1: Regional and urban scale modelling and evaluation

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DEHM - regional

UBM - local

Modelling ultrafine particle number concentrations at address resolution in Denmark from 1979 to 2018 - Part 2: Local and street scale modelling and evaluation

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OSPM - street



Particle number concentration in # / cm3



Example from the evaluation



Street NO₂ concentration in Copenhagen

- > OSPM is run for selected streets in Aalborg and Copenhagen.
- To evaluate the levels in relation to EU's limit value (40 ug/m³).
- > No exceedances the last few years.
- Interactive web-page to access AQ information at street level for all addresses in Denmark
 - Luftenpaadinvej.au.dk



Assessment of health impacts and costs:

- > Now included in the reporting:
- Estimated # premature deaths:
- ~4600 due to total air pollution.
- ~1100 due to Danish emissions.
- We 'export' air pollution related to about 2000 premature deaths in other countries



Specific Regional dispersion source Concentration Population data distribution Calculated exposure Human Exposure-response impacts functions Resulting Economic valuations costs

Atmos. Chem. Phys., 13, 7747–7764, 2013 www.atmos-chem.phys.net/13/7747/2013/ doi:10.5194/acp-13-7747-2013 & Author(s) 2013. CC Attribution 3.0 License. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics

Assessment of past, present and future health-cost externalities of air pollution in Europe and the contribution from international ship traffic using the EVA model system

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The EVA System - Economic Valuation Of Air Pollution:



OML and OML-DEP

- The Gaussian plume model OML-Multi: standard tool for impact assessments of all industrial sources in DK.
- > OML-DEP: impact assessments of agricultural sources.
- > Dynamic NH₃ emission model.
- > Incl. dry deposition of ammonia.
- Setup for specific nature areas with a 16 km x 16 km domain (400x400 m² resolution).











Challenges

- > Underestimation of PM by DEHM and UBM (ca.
 33% when compared to observations).
- Evaluation of e.g. SOA somewhat limited
- > We apply the official EMEP emissions for the reporting + Danish. But we know that TNO REF2 emissions are somewhat better (e.g. in terms of the condensable fraction of residential combustion)....
- > No standard for UFP emissions.
- > 'Frozen model' applied for a number of years ...
- On our whish-list: development of an impact assessment tool for nature (less consolidated).

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Modelling Denmark