

Cruise Report

March, R/V Svea Swedish National Marine Monitoring Programme



Survey period:	2020-03-12 - 2020-03-17
Survey area:	Skagerrak, Kattegat, the Sound and the Baltic Proper
Principal:	Swedish Meteorological and Hydrological Institute (SMHI) & Swedish Agency for Marine and Water Management (SwAM)
Cooperation partners:	Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences (SLU) & Swedish Maritime Administration (SMA)

SUMMARY

During the cruise, which is part of the Swedish national marine monitoring programme, Skagerrak, Kattegat, the Sound and the Baltic Proper were visited.

The surface water temperature was well above normal and ranged between 4 - 6°C which is about 2 - 3°C above normal for the season. The deep waters in the Baltic Proper were also warmer than normal. In the Baltic Proper, the salinity was higher than usual.

The concentrations of dissolved inorganic nitrogen were elevated in parts of the Skagerrak as well as in the Western Gotland Basin. Phosphate and silicate concentrations were elevated in large parts of the Baltic Proper.

The oxygen situation in the Arkona Basin was good with concentrations above 6 ml/l. In Hanö Bight, the Bornholm Basin and in the southeastern Baltic Proper oxygen levels in the bottom water had decreased since the last measurement in February and was now just over 2 ml/l, which is the limit for acute oxygen deficiency. Acute oxygen deficiency was observed from 55-70 meters depth in these areas. In the southern and central parts of the Eastern Gotland Basin, acute oxygen deficiency was noted from 55-65 meters, in the northern parts from 70 meters depth. In the Western Gotland Basin a little deeper, from 70-80 meters depth.

Anoxic waters, oxygen-free conditions where toxic hydrogen sulphide is formed, were found in the Eastern Gotland Basin at depths exceeding 125 meters. In the Western Gotland Basin from 90 meters depth.

The next cruise is scheduled for April 14-20 with R/V Svea.

Front: R/V Svea in Lysekil harbour after completed cruise.

RESULTS

The cruise was performed onboard the research vessel Svea and started in Karlskrona on March 12 and ended in Lysekil's harbour on March 17.

The same day as the cruise started, the storm "Laura" ravaged the southern Baltic Sea. Therefore, the route was changed so that the first station was taken in Kalmar Stait. To avoid the storm, the route continued up through Kalmar Stait and then the storm had subsided so that the cruise could continue as normal. In the Eastern Gotland Basin the wind gained strength again but then from the north. Also in the Bornholm and Arkona basins, the wind increased to about gale force, then the wind subsided. At the Å-transect in central Skagerrak, the wind increased again in strength.

Two nutrient mapping stations (BY9 and BY36) that were not visited during the February cruise due to bad weather and lack of time were sampled during this cruise. A computer failure at BY32 lead to that the entire profile could not be sampled; however water samples and samples for plankton were taken from the surface (0-10m) and from the bottom.

During the cruise, extra sampling of phytoplankton for DNA barcoding was carried out within a project for the development of the monitoring program and eDNA (environmental DNA) for researchers at the University of Turku. Samples were also taken from water and plankton samples for measuring selenium for EAWAG in Switzerland (Swiss Federal Institute of Aquatic Science and Technology).

Water samples were also taken to researchers at Uppsala University in order to find living cells of a species called *Meringosphaera mediterranea* that they will try to grow or obtain DNA from and do research on, morphologically and molecular biologically.

In addition to the regular sampling program, tests were also made with Svea's new instruments during transit, with, the so-called. Moving Vessel Profiler (MVP). The instrument was operated between monitoring stations when the weather allowed. Results indicate that the measurements can be a good complement to the regular program and give an understanding of the variation between stations. Work remains to establish routines for data flow, quality checks and determination of the accuracy of the measurements from the sensors on the instrument. Just over 200 profiles were collected with the MVP on five different transects; BY9 - BCSIII-10, BCSIII-10 - BY5, BY4 - Hanö Bight, Hanö Bight - BY2 and between Fladen - P2. Svea's ferrybox and ADCPs were also tested during the trip.

This report is based on data that has undergone an initial quality control. After further quality controls, certain values or quality flags may have changed. Data from this cruise is published as soon as possible on the data host's website; normally this is done within a week after the cruise. Some analyses are done after the expedition and will be published later.

Data and reports can be downloaded here:

<https://www.smhi.se/en/theme/marine-environment-2-885>

The Skagerrak

The surface water temperature was higher than normal, just below 6 °C. The salinity in the surface water was normal for the season, 31-33 psu, at the coast slightly lower, around 26 psu. The stratification was weakly developed, only at Å17 in central Skagerrak and at the coastal station Släggö there was a marked stratification at about 20 meters depth. In open Skagerrak, it was basically well-mixed throughout the water column with roughly the same salinity and temperature conditions from the surface down to the bottom.

The concentration of nutrients in the surface water was generally normal or above normal. The phosphate content varied between 0.30-0.35 µmol/l. Higher than normal at Å15 and Å13. The content of dissolved inorganic nitrogen ranged from 4 to 10 µmol/l. Much higher than normal (10 µmol/l) at Å13, the easternmost station in the Å-transect. The silicate content varied between 2.0-6.6 µmol/l, also here the concentrations were highest at Å13 and P2. The stations closest to the Swedish coast (Å13 and P2) were clearly influenced by outflowing nutrient-rich water from the Baltic Sea, the so-called Baltic current, which normally flows along the Swedish west coast northwards. In central Skagerrak deep water, nutrient levels were generally lower than normal.

At the coastal station Släggö, in the entrance to the Gullmarsfjord, nutrient levels were normal for the season, phosphate; 0.2 µmol/l, inorganic nitrogen; 4.2 µmol/l and silicate; 5.5 µmol/l. The levels were slightly lower here compared to the offshore stations, probably due to the early spring bloom of phytoplankton that consumes nutrients. CTD fluorescence showed slightly higher plankton activity at Släggö compared to the Skagerrak offshore stations.

The oxygen situation was good at all stations in the Skagerrak.

The Kattegat and the Sound

The surface water temperature was higher than normal, just above 5°C. The salinity in the surface water was higher than normal in central Kattegat at Anholt E; 25 psu, and lower than normal at the coastal station N14; 16 psu. In the central and northern parts, a primary halocline was found at a depth of 5 meters and a secondary halocline at a depth of 20 meters. At N14 and in the Sound, the halocline was found at 10-15 meters depth. The thermocline was weakly developed.

Phosphate levels in the surface water were normal throughout Kattegat and the Sound and varied between 0.1-0.5 µmol/l, highest in the Sound. Dissolved inorganic nitrogen levels were also normal but varied more than phosphate levels with concentrations between 0.8-3.4 µmol/l, higher than normal in the Sound. The levels of silicate were normal in both Kattegat and in the Sound and varied between 3-11 µmol/l, also here highest in the Sound. In the Kattegat's deep water, nutrients were normal or slightly lower than normal. In the deep waters of the Sound; oxygen levels were much higher than normal, salinity lower than normal and all nutrients lower than normal.

The oxygen situation in the bottom water throughout the studied area was good. Oxygen levels above 6 ml/l were observed at all stations.

In the northern Kattegat at station P2, a fluorescence peak at about 5 meters depth was noted. In other areas, there was some activity in the surface layer. At Station N14, the water was turbid, secchi depth was measured to only 2 meters, probably due to large runoff from land after the heavy rainfall during the winter.

The Baltic Proper

Throughout the Baltic Proper, the surface water temperature was well above normal for the season and varied between 4.5 and 5°C. In the deep water, much higher temperatures than normal were also observed in the entire area. The salinity was also above normal in the entire area, probably due to vertical wind mixing and upwelling along the Swedish east coast due to strong westerly / southwesterly winds during recent months. In the surface water, salinity ranged from 7.1 psu in the north to 9.0 psu in the southwest. The salinity was higher than normal down to the halocline but in the deep water the salinity was generally normal, except in the Gotland basins where the deep water also had elevated levels of salinity. The halocline and thermocline coincided and were found at about 35 meters depth in Arkona Basin, at 50-60 meters depth in Hanö Bight and Bornholm Basin and at 60-70 meters depth in the deeper Gotland Basins.

Phosphate levels in the surface water were higher than normal in the eastern part of the Bornholm Basin, the southeastern Baltic Sea and in the Eastern Gotland Basin. Also in Kalmar Strait, at the station RefM1V1, higher phosphate levels were measured than normal. The levels varied between 0.5-0.9 $\mu\text{mol/l}$. The concentration of dissolved inorganic nitrogen was higher than normal in the Western Gotland Basin but generally normal in other basins and ranged between 1.1-4.8 $\mu\text{mol/l}$. The silicate content was elevated above normal throughout the entire Baltic Proper; 18-20 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ except in the Arkona Basin where normal levels were noted. Highest values were found at the coastal station RefM1V1 in Kalmar strait, phosphate; 1.0 $\mu\text{mol/l}$, inorganic nitrogen; 5.0 $\mu\text{mol/l}$, silicate; 23 $\mu\text{mol/l}$. In the offshore deep waters, concentrations of nutrients were generally normal except in the Western Gotland Basin where dissolved inorganic nitrogen and silicate concentrations were higher than normal.

The oxygen situation in the Arkona basin was good with concentrations above 6 ml/l. In the Hanö Bight, the Bornholm Basin and in the southeastern Baltic Sea (BCSIII-10), oxygen levels in the bottom water had decreased since the previous visit in February and were now just over 2 ml/l, which is the limit for acute oxygen deficiency. Acute oxygen deficiency was observed from 55-70 meters depth in these areas. In the southern and central parts of the Eastern Gotland Basin, acute oxygen deficiency was noted from 55-65 meters depth, in the northern parts from 70 meters depth. In the Western Gotland Basin a little deeper, from 70-80 meters depth.

Anoxic waters, oxygen-free conditions, where toxic hydrogen sulphide is formed, were found in the Eastern Gotland Basin at depths exceeding 125 meters. In the Western Gotland Basin from 90 meters depth.

The plankton activity, estimated from the chlorophyll fluorescence given by the CTD probe, was low throughout the studied area.

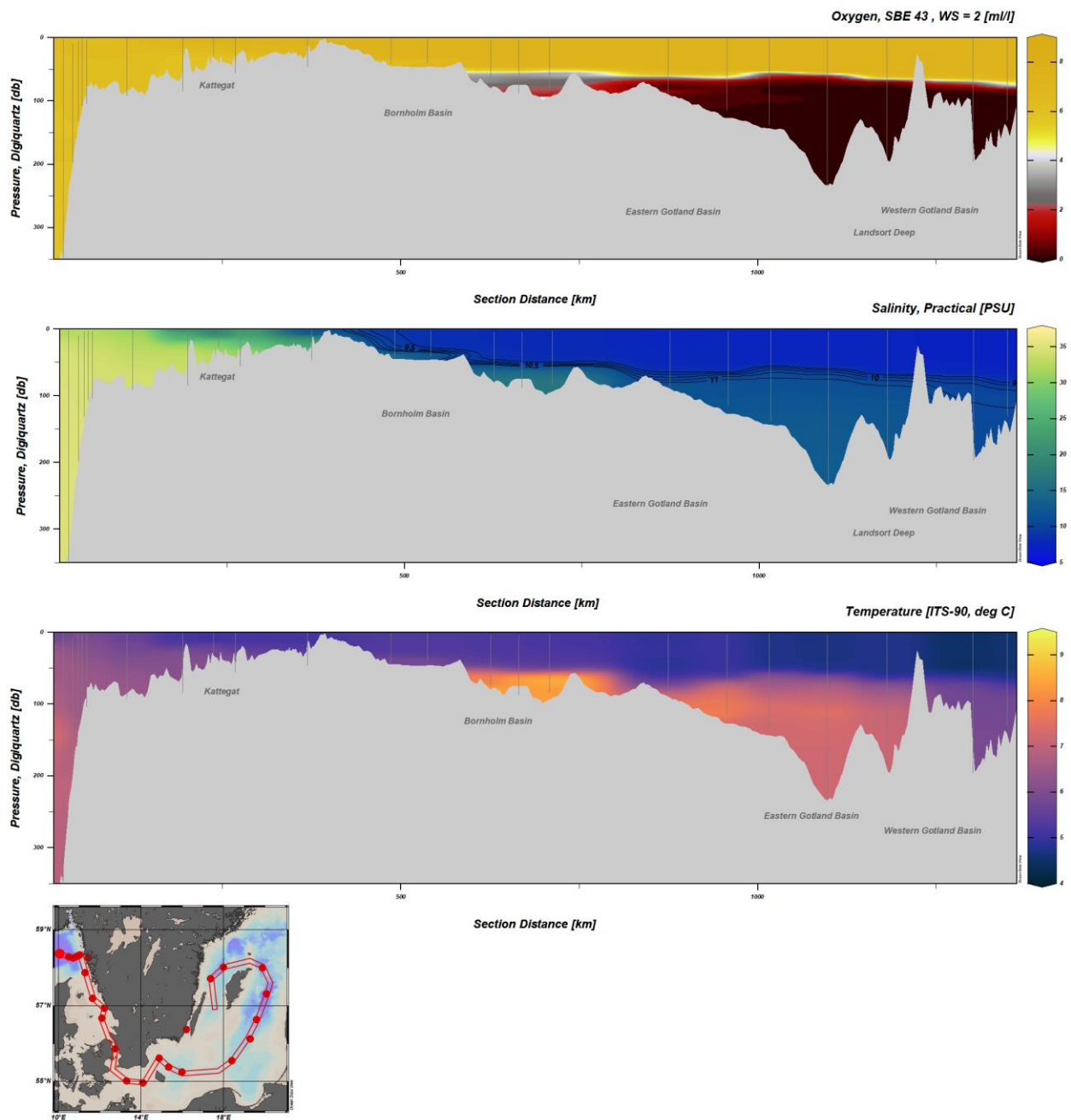


Figure 1. Transect showing dissolved oxygen, salinity and temperature from the Skagerrak, Kattegat, the Sound, through the Baltic Proper, to the Western Gotland Basin.

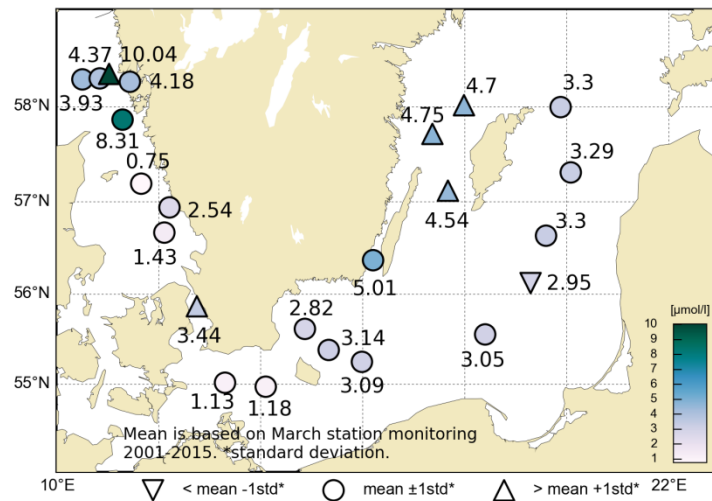


Figure 2: Concentration of dissolved inorganic nitrogen in the surface water (0-10m).

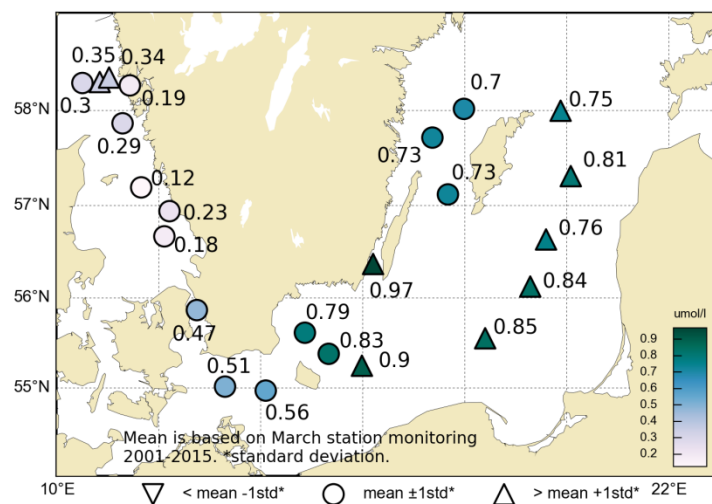


Figure 3: Concentration of phosphate in the surface water (0-10m).

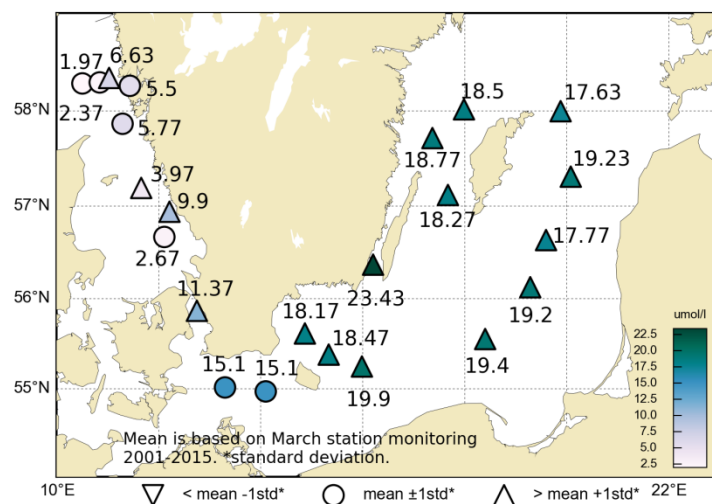


Figure 4: Concentration of silicate in the surface water (0-10m).

PARTICIPANTS

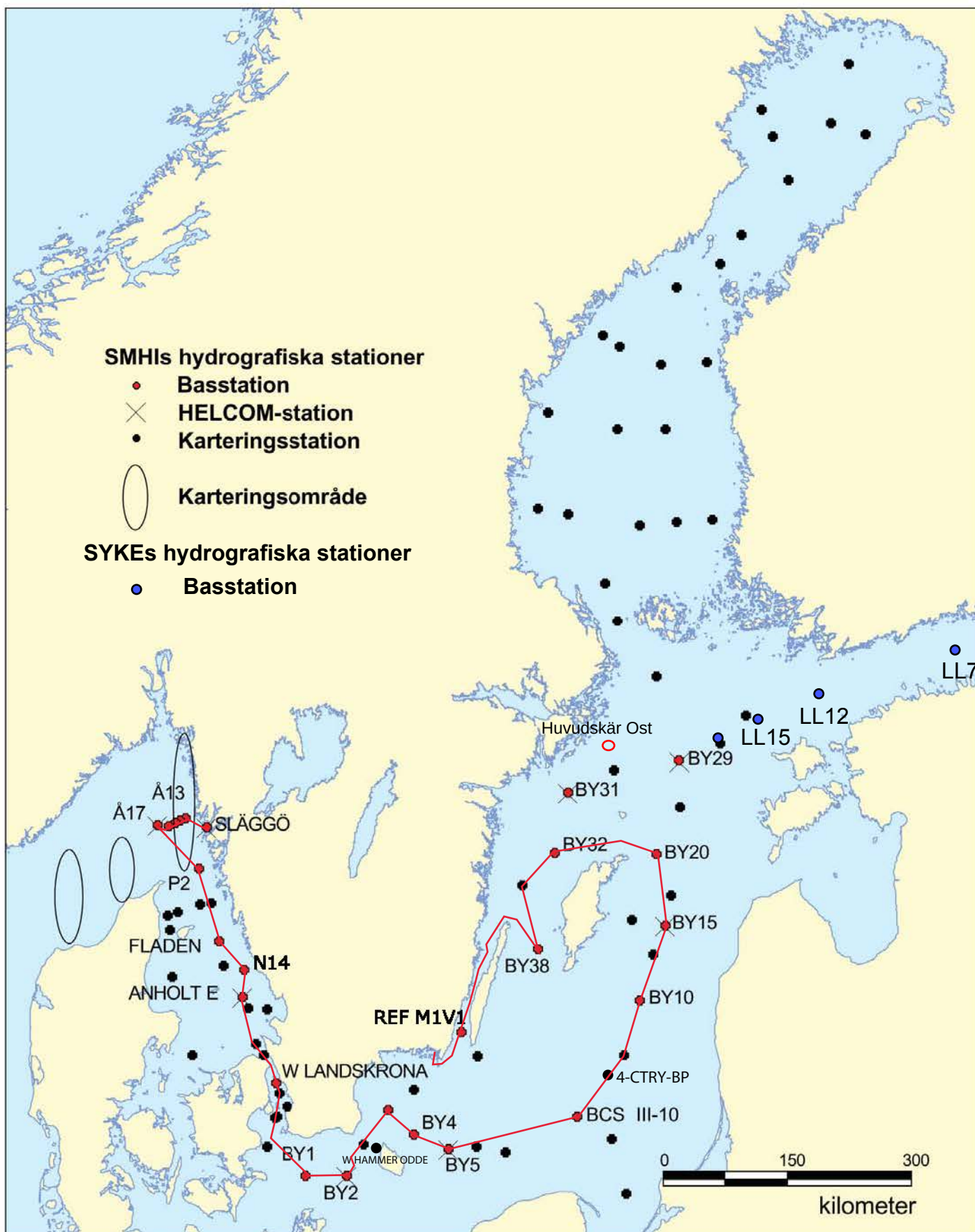
Name	From
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Jenny Lycken	SMHI
Anna-Kerstin Thell	SMHI
Daniel Bergman-Sjöstrand	SMHI
Ola Kalén	SMHI

APPENDICES

- Track chart
- Table over stations, sampled parameters and number of sampling depths
- Map showing bottom oxygen concentrations and surface salinity, temperature and nutrient concentrations
- Vertical profiles for regular monitoring stations
- Monthly average surface water plots for regular monitoring stations



TRACKCHART	
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Date:	20200312-20200317
Series:	0209-0233



Date: 2020-03-24

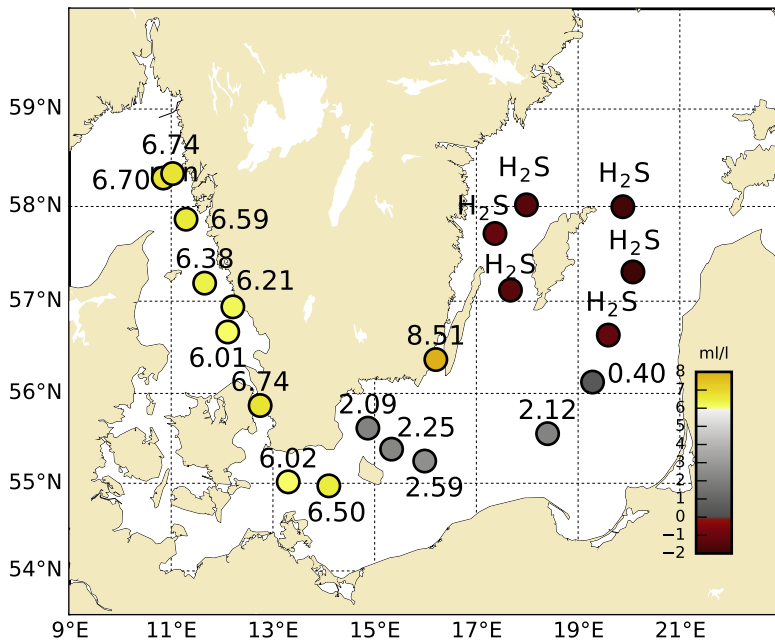
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Year: 2020

Ser no	Cru no	Stat code	Proj	Stat name	Lat	Lon	Start date yyyymmdd	Start time hhmm	Bottom depth m	Secchi depth m	Wind dir vel	Air temp C	Air pres hPa	WCWI elac aoeve	CZPP ho hp loy apt	No de	No btl	T e	T e	S a	P h	D o	D o	H 2	P h	P t	N t	N t	N t	N t	N t	A m	A t	S h	C c	
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Oxygen (bottle) (Bottom)



STATION REF M1V1 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

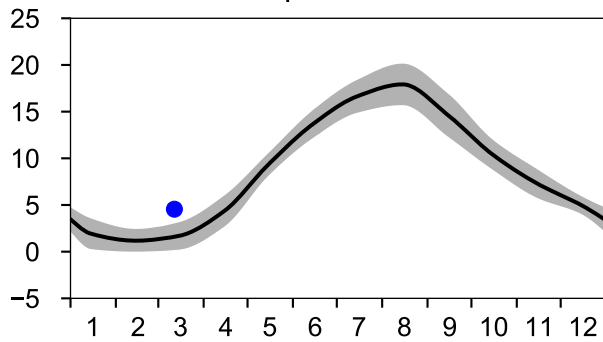
Annual Cycles

— Mean 2001-2015

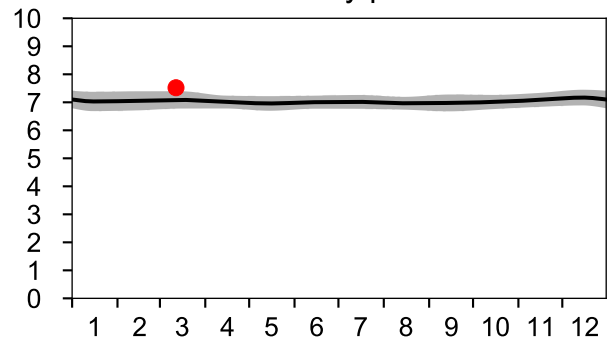
■ St.Dev.

● 2020

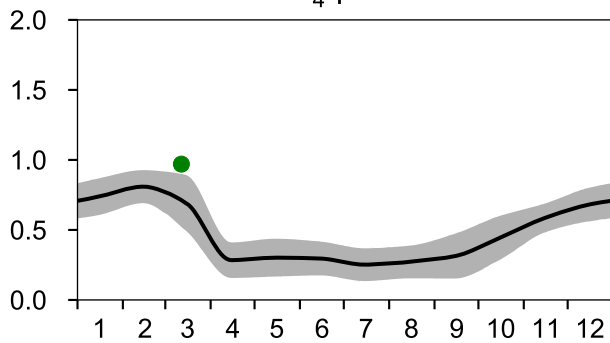
Temperature °C



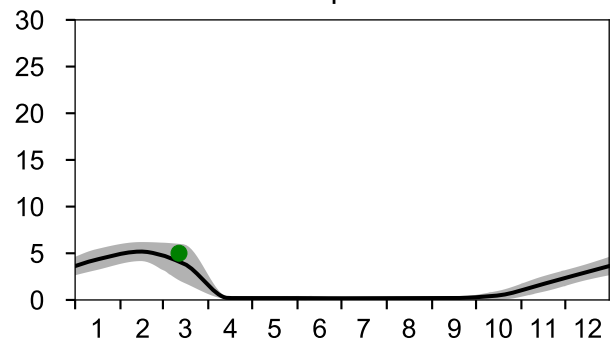
Salinity psu



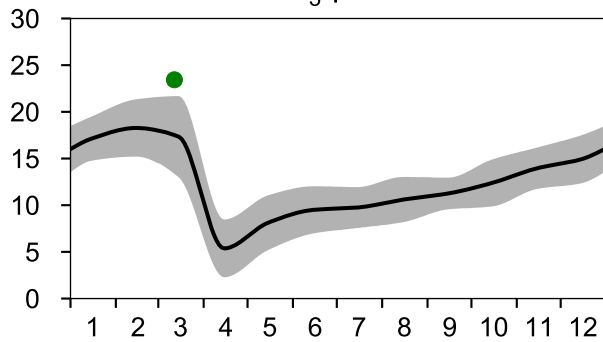
PO₄ µmol/l



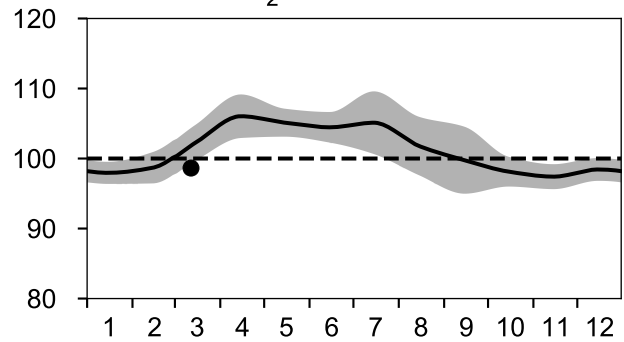
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

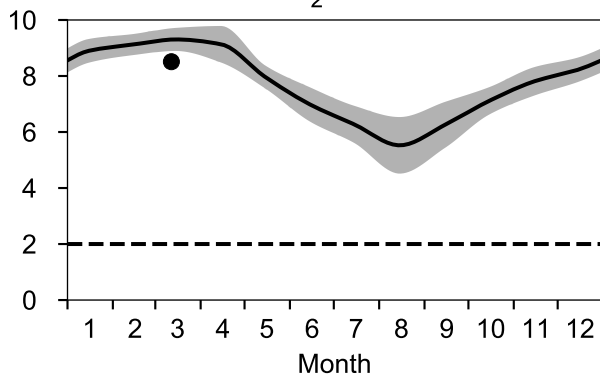


O₂ saturation %

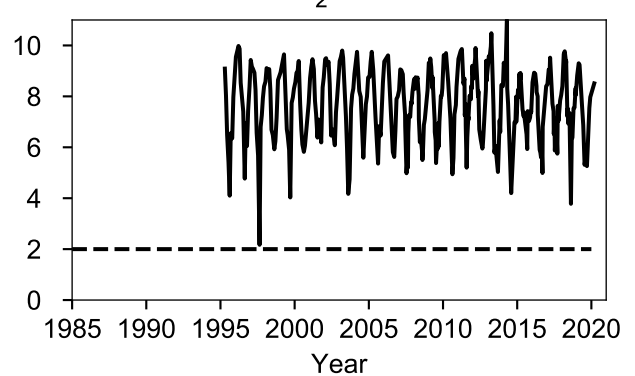


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 15 m)

O₂ ml/l

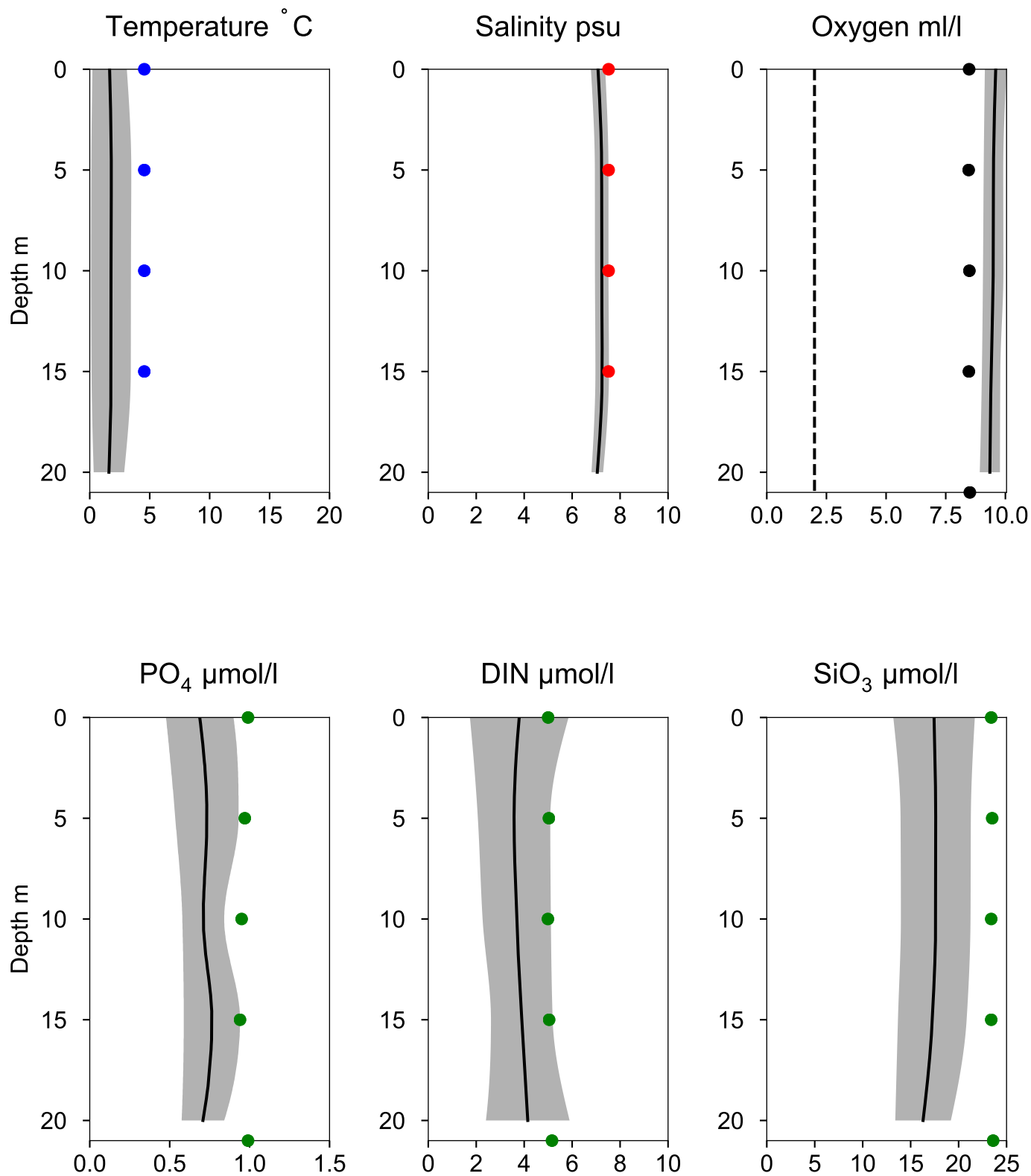


O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles REF M1V1 March

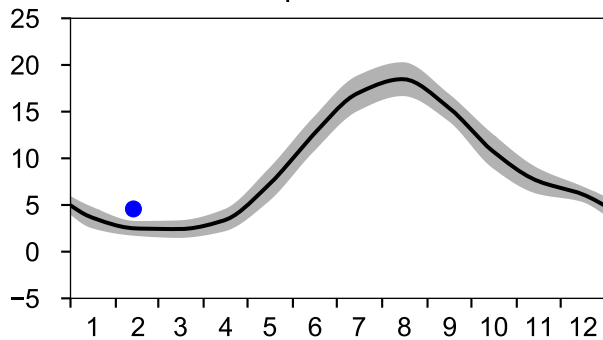
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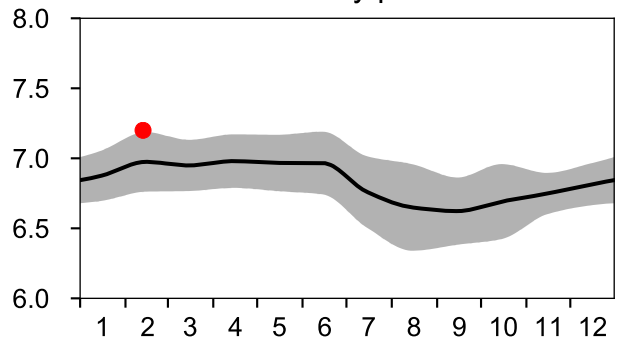
STATION BY38 KARLSÖDJ SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

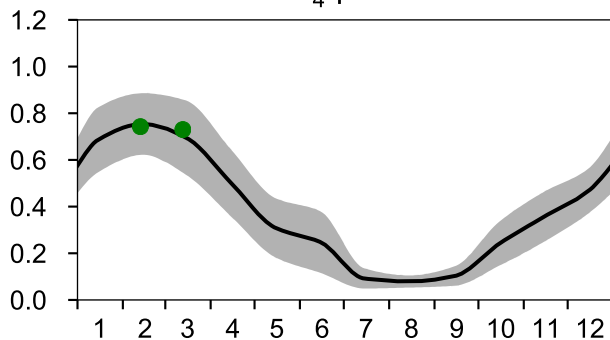
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



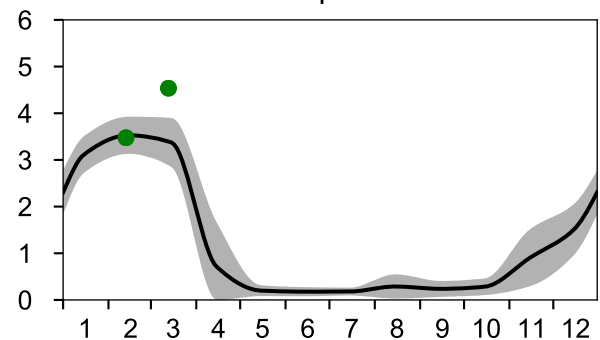
— St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



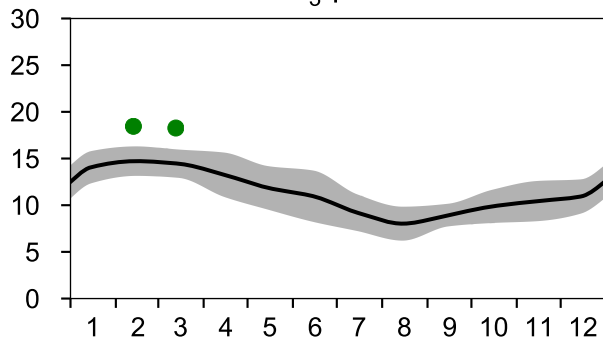
PO₄ µmol/l



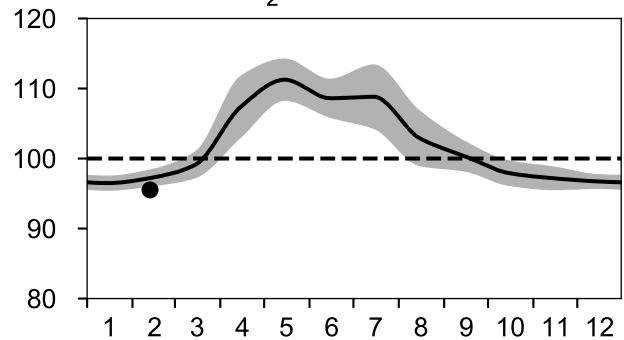
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

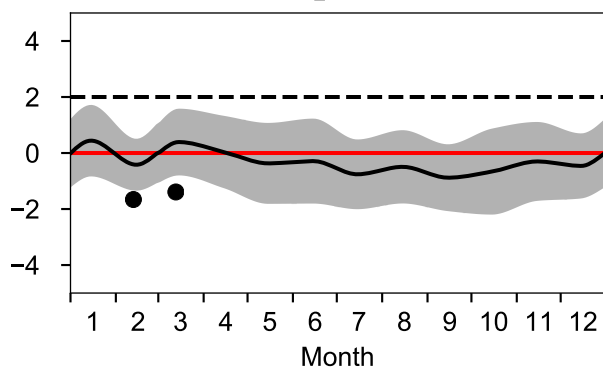


O₂ saturation %

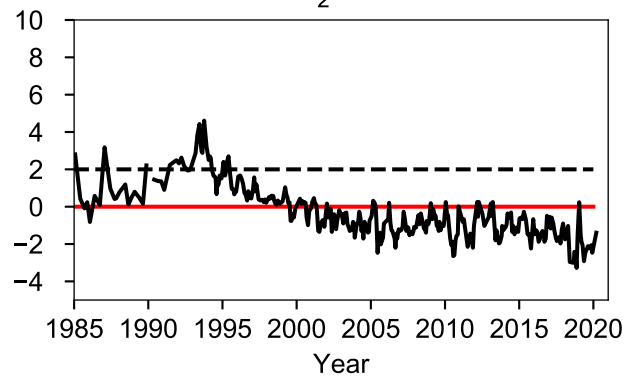


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 100 m)

O₂ ml/l

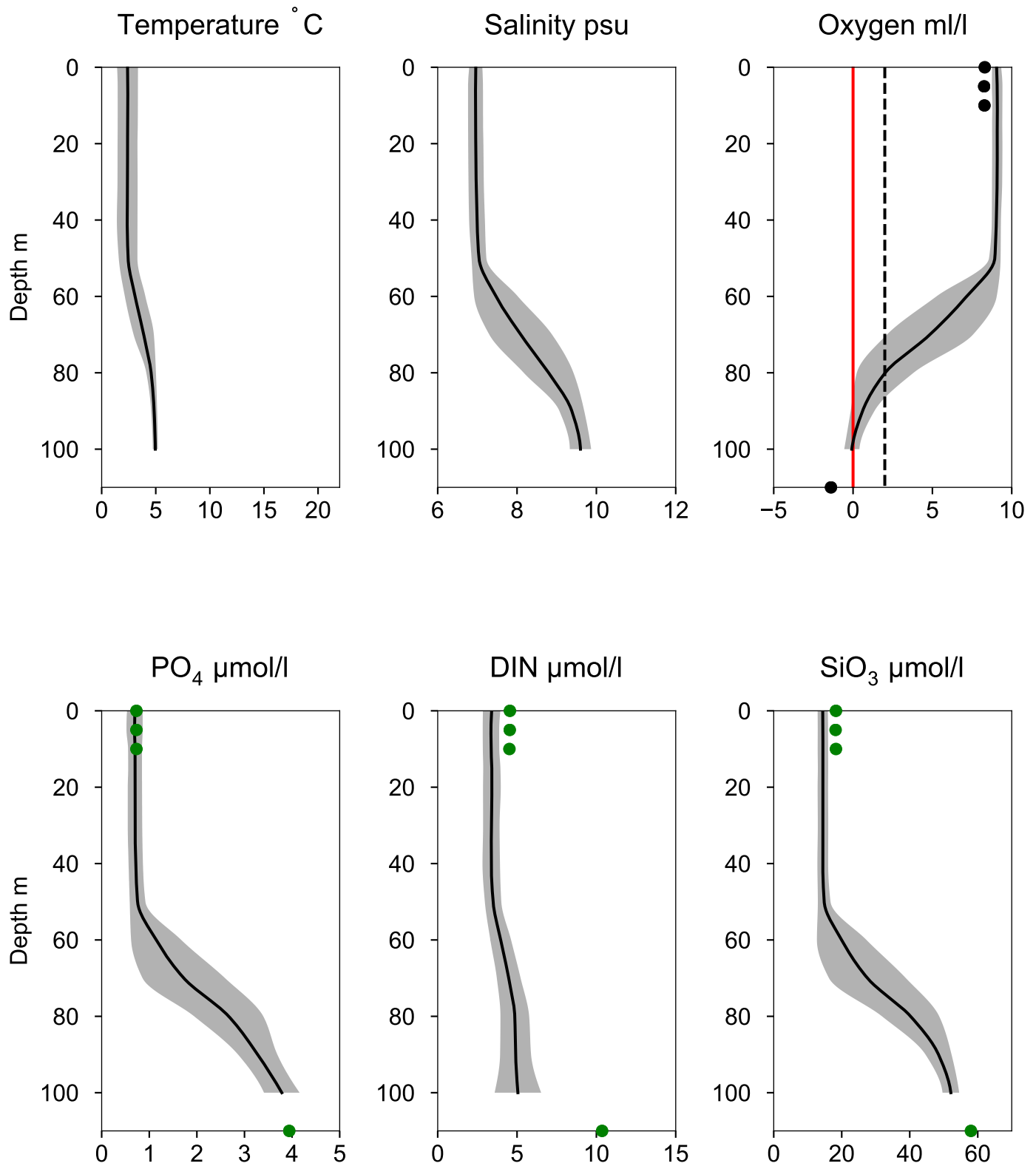


O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles BY38 KARLSÖDJ March

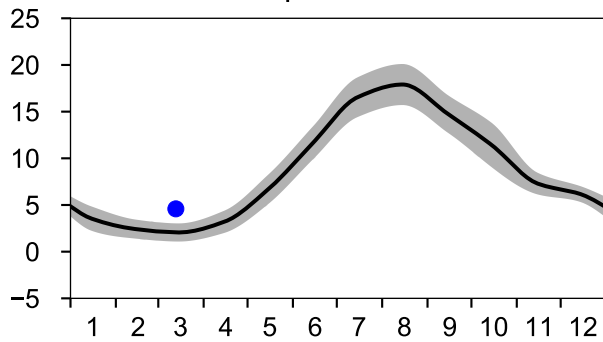
— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-13



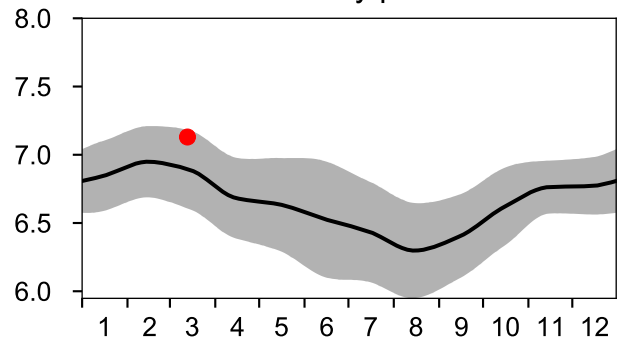
STATION BY36 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

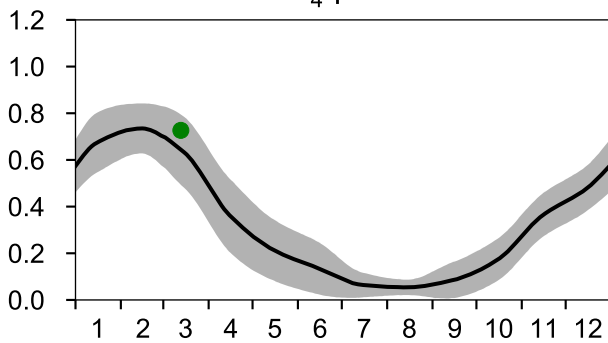
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



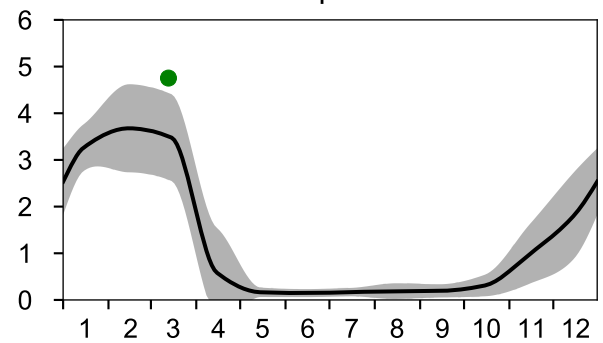
St.Dev. ● 2020
Salinity psu



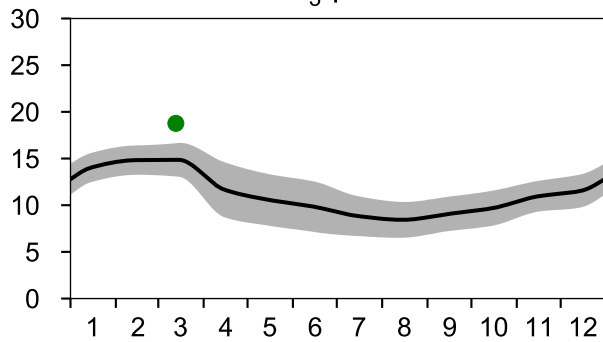
PO₄ µmol/l



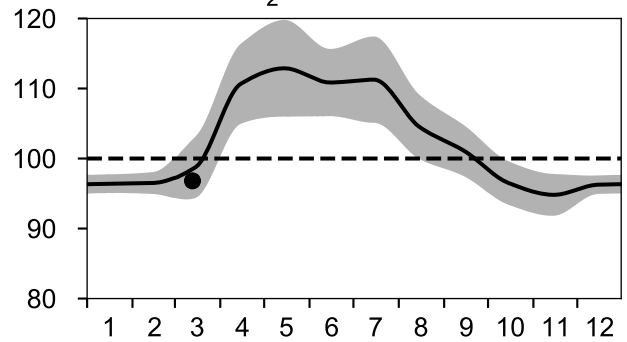
DIN µmol/l



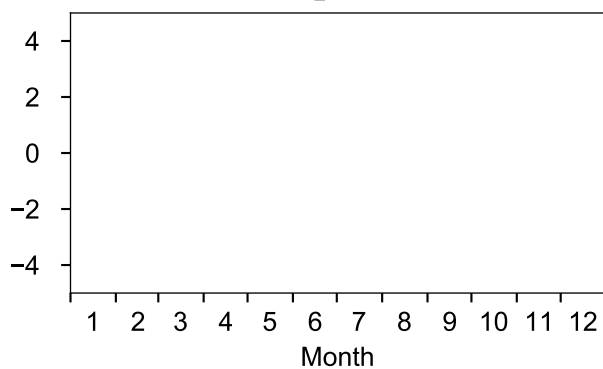
SiO₃ µmol/l



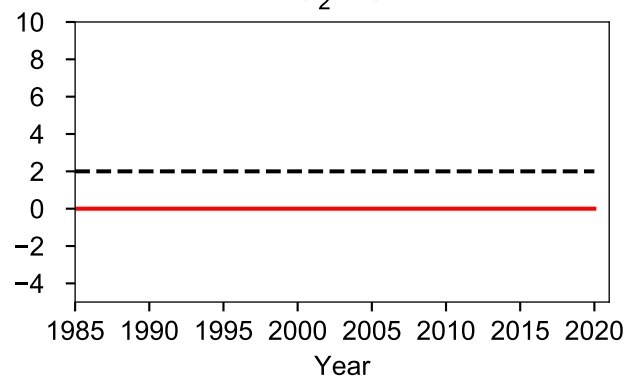
O₂ saturation %



O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

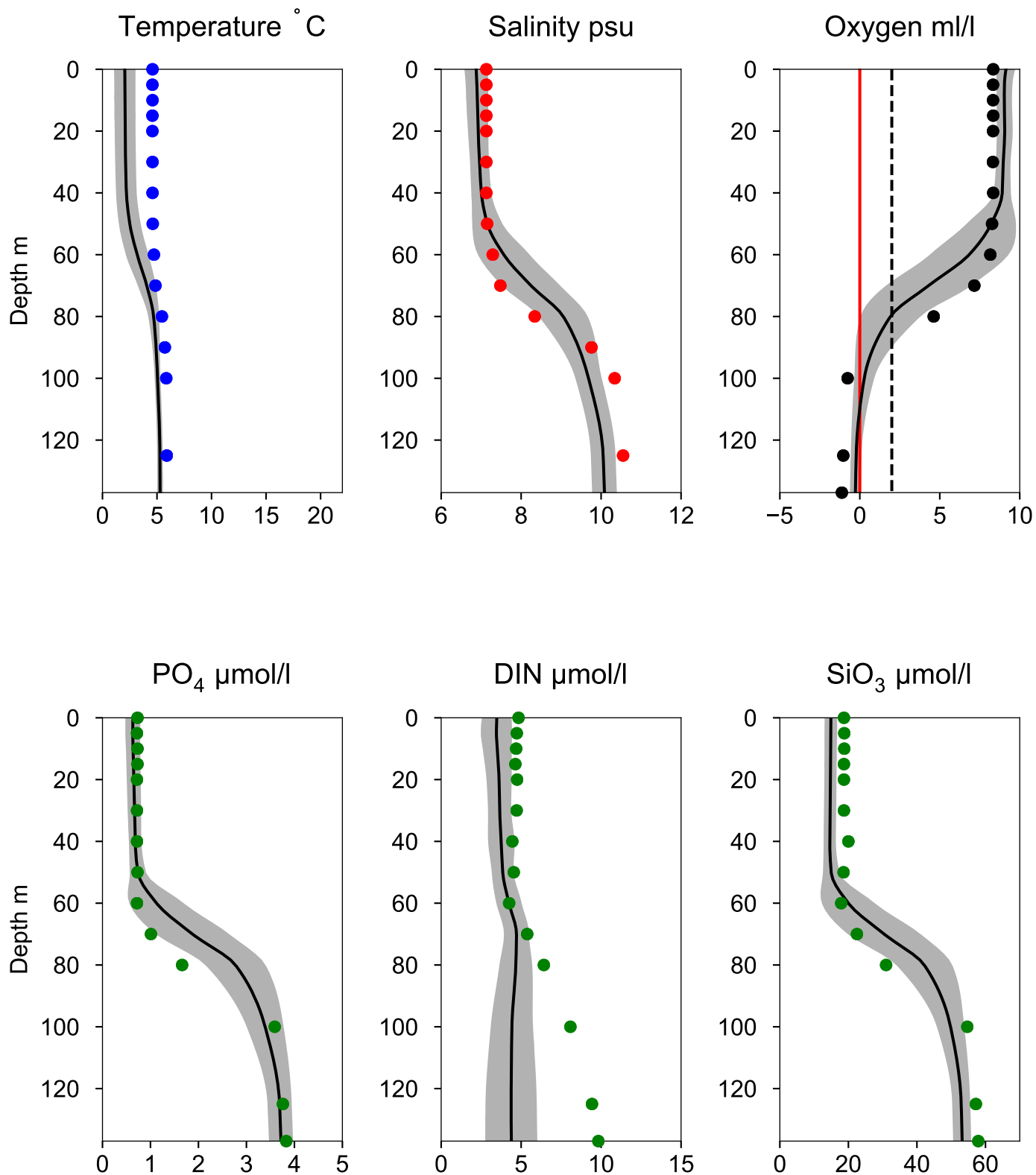


Vertical profiles BY36 March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

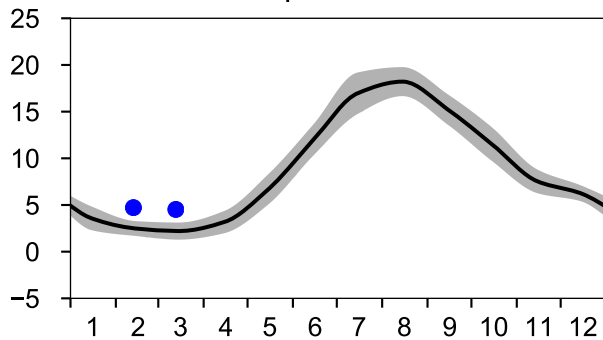
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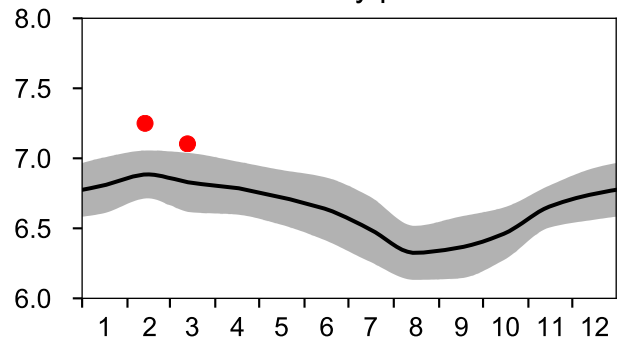
STATION BY32 NORRKÖPINGSDJ SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

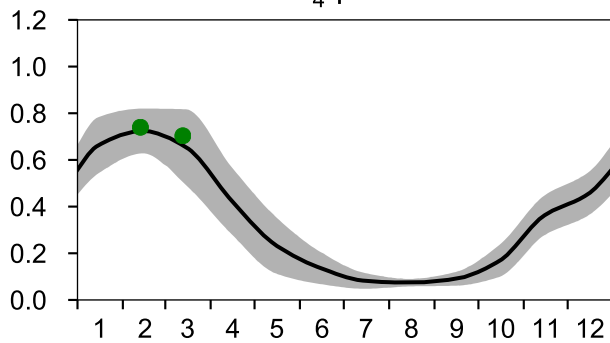
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



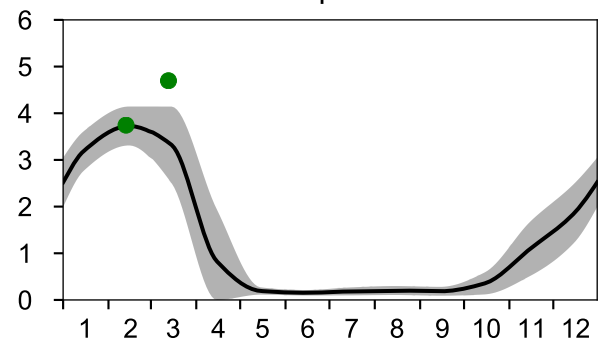
— St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



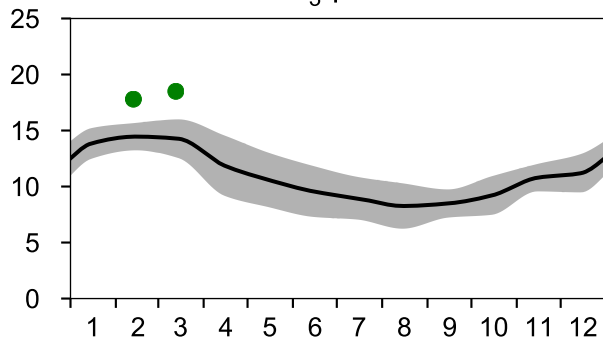
PO₄ µmol/l



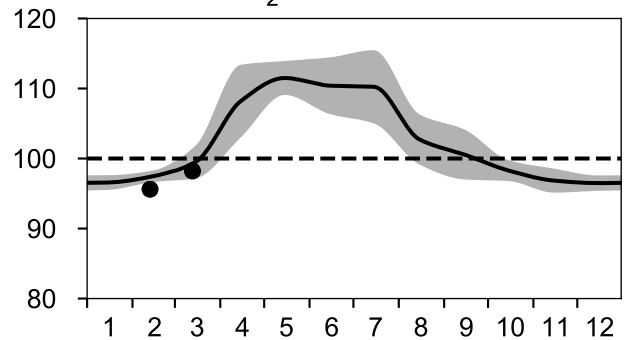
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

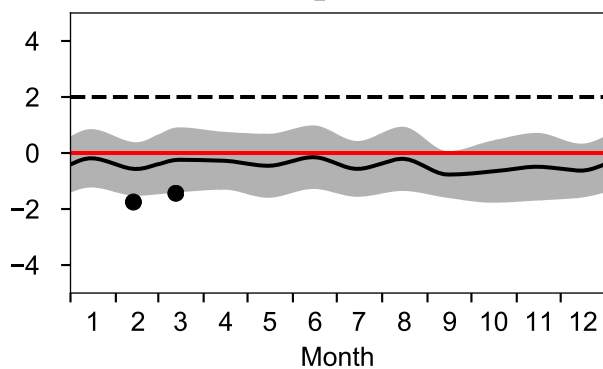


O₂ saturation %

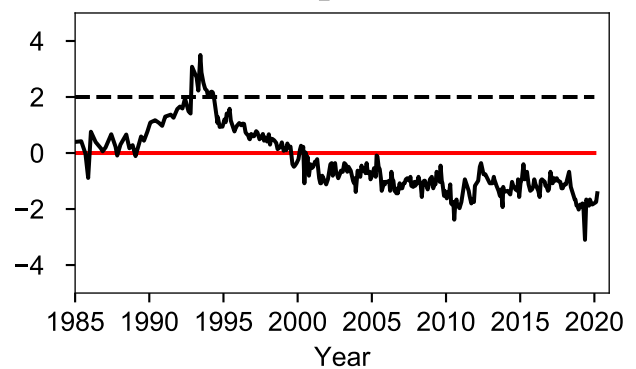


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 175 m)

O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

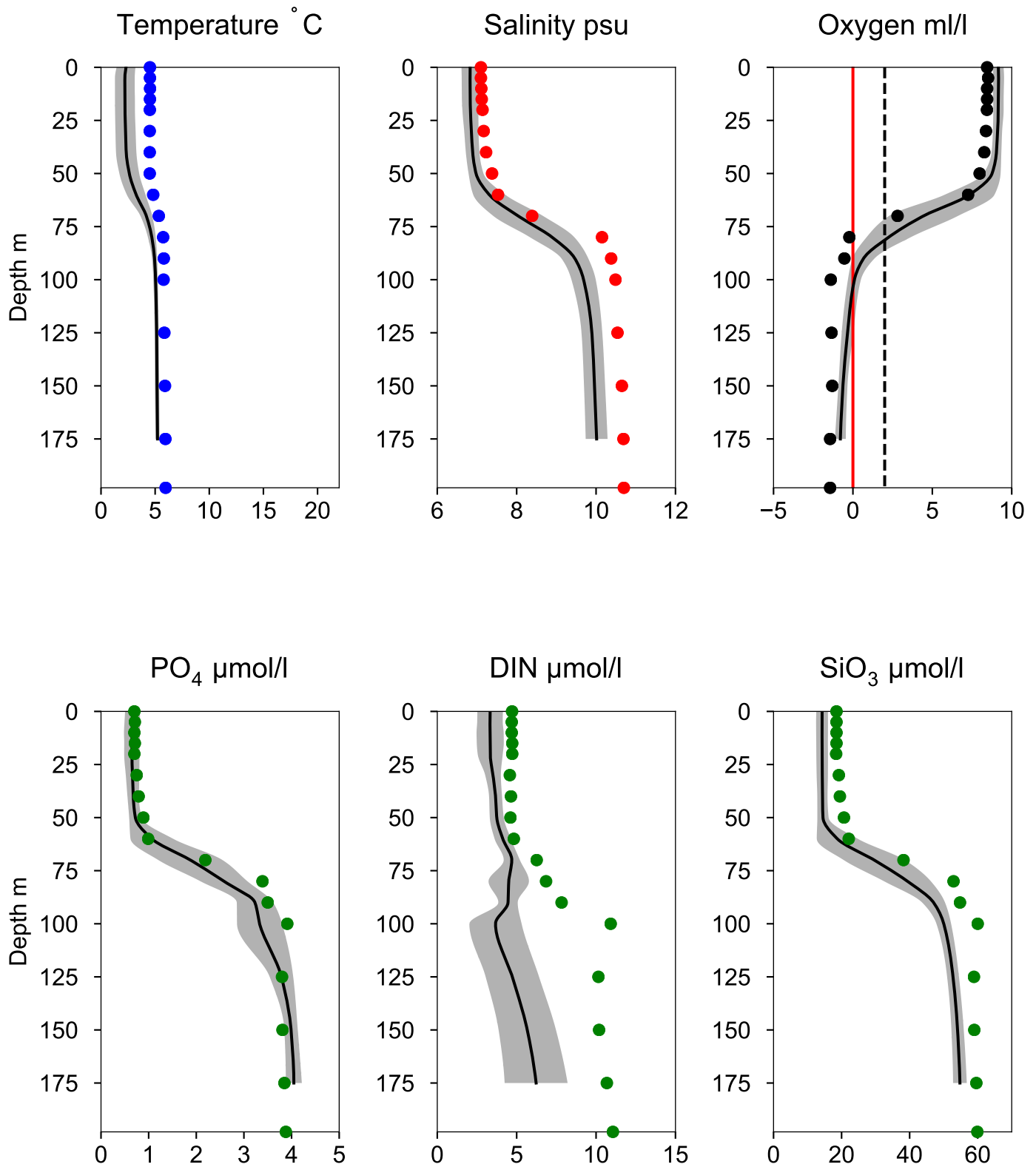


Vertical profiles BY32 NORRKÖPINGSDJ March

— Mean 2001-2015

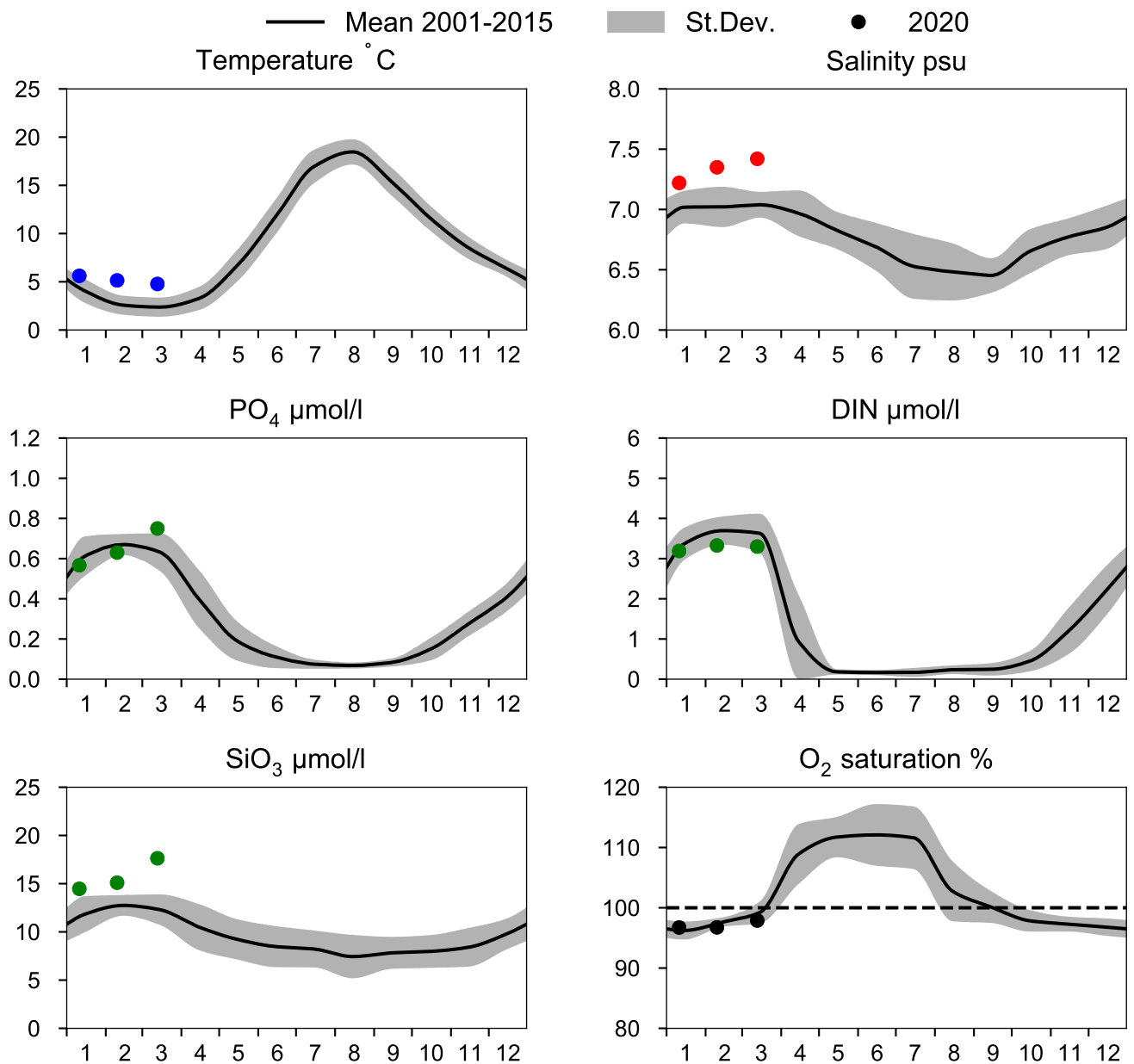
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● 2020-03-13

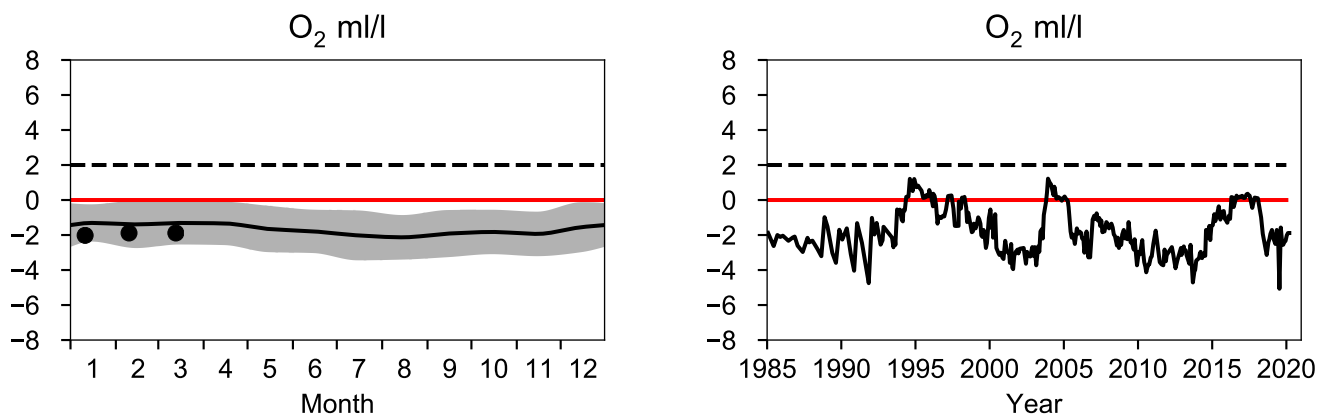


STATION BY20 FÅRÖDJ SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles



OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 175 m)

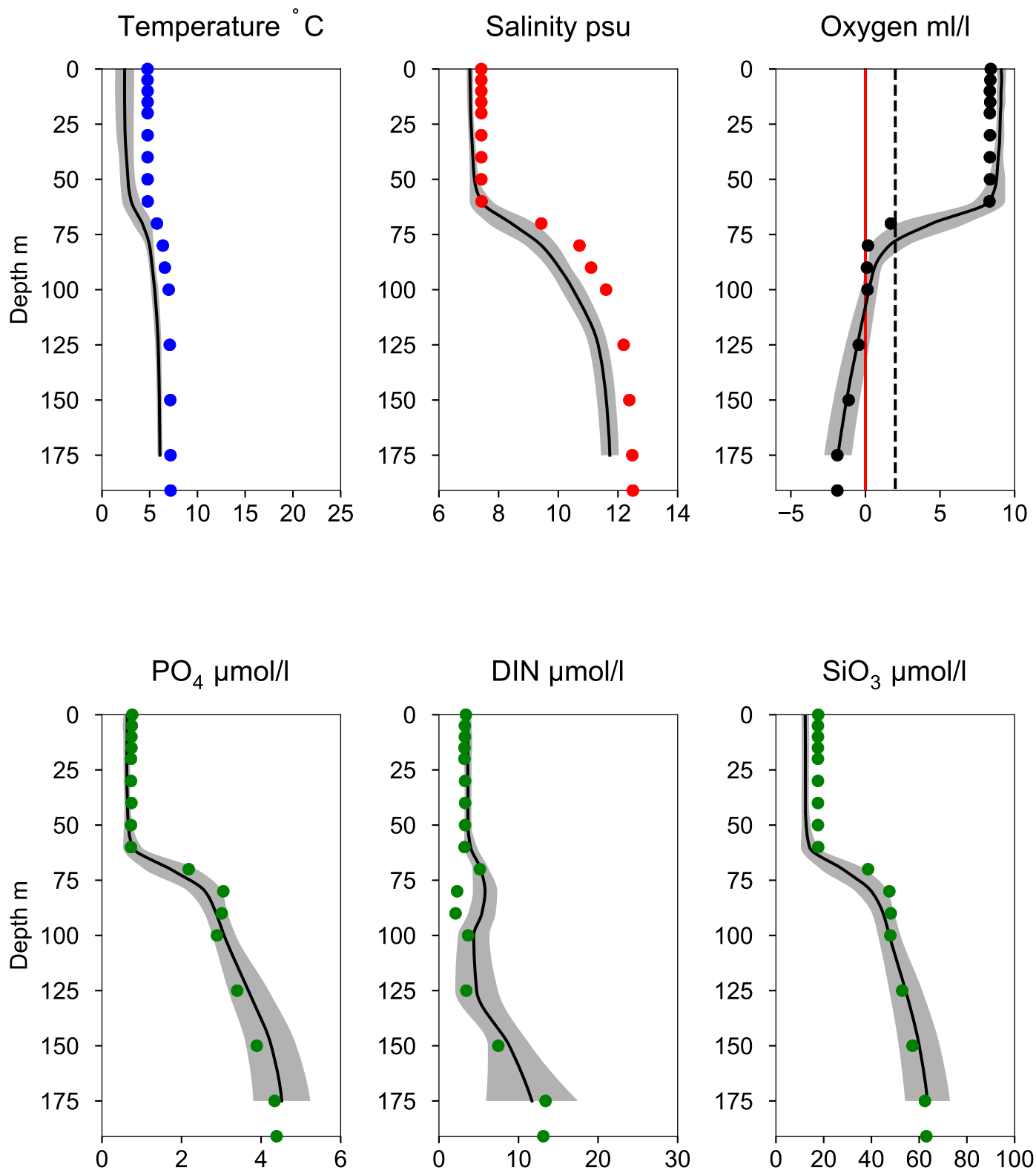


Vertical profiles BY20 FÅRÖDJ March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

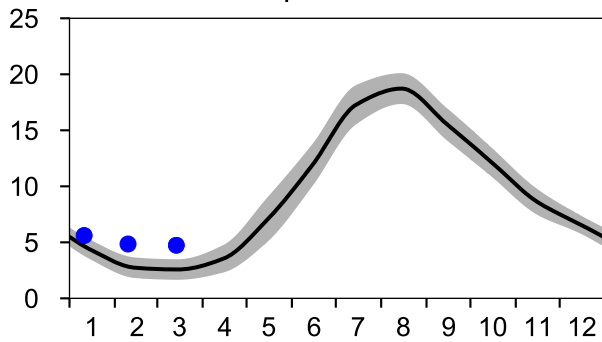
● 2020-03-13



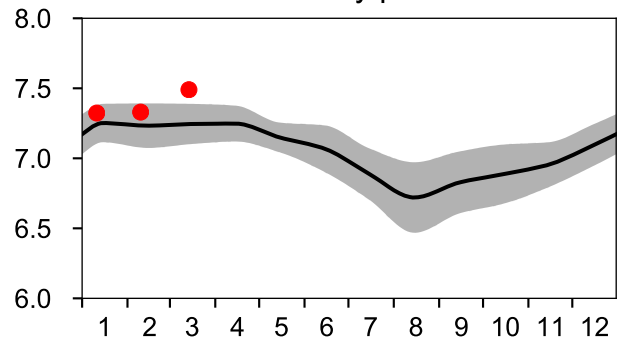
STATION BY15 GOTLANDSDJ SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

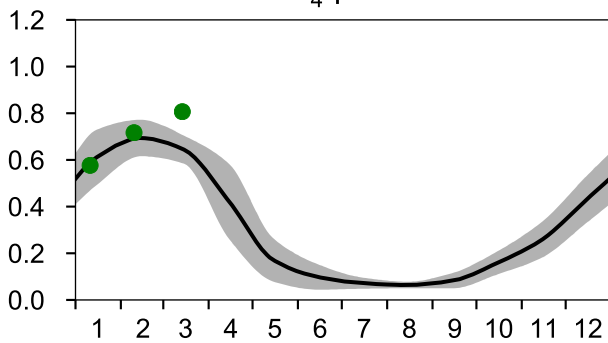
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



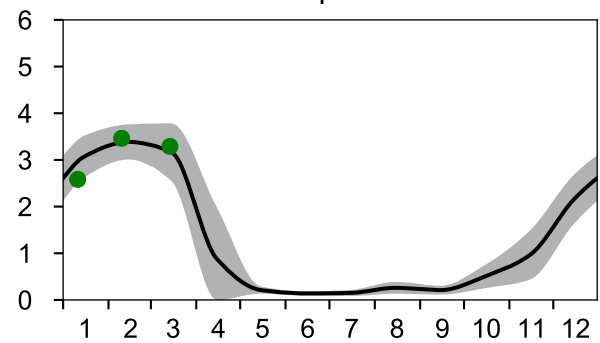
St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



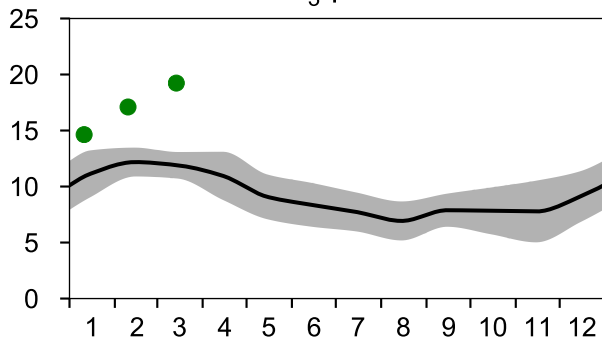
PO₄ µmol/l



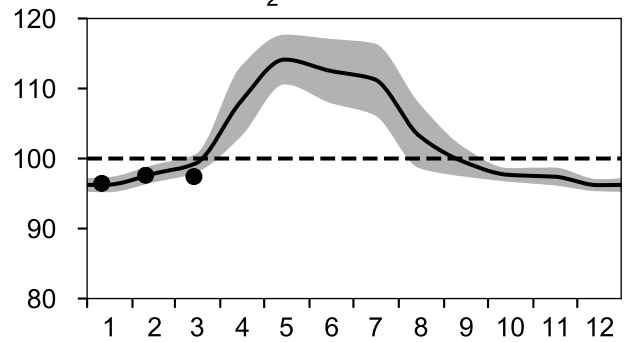
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

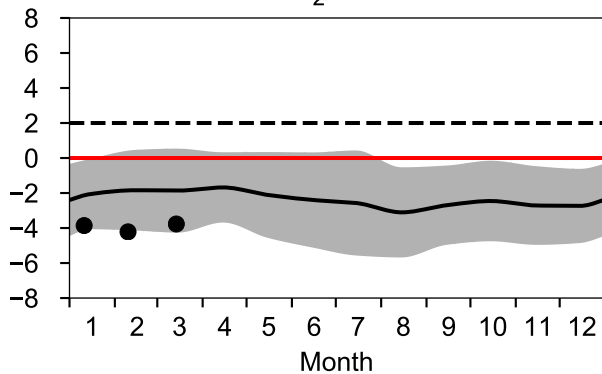


O₂ saturation %

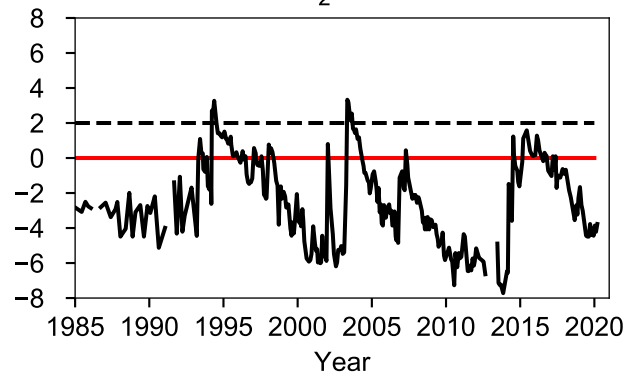


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 225 m)

O₂ ml/l

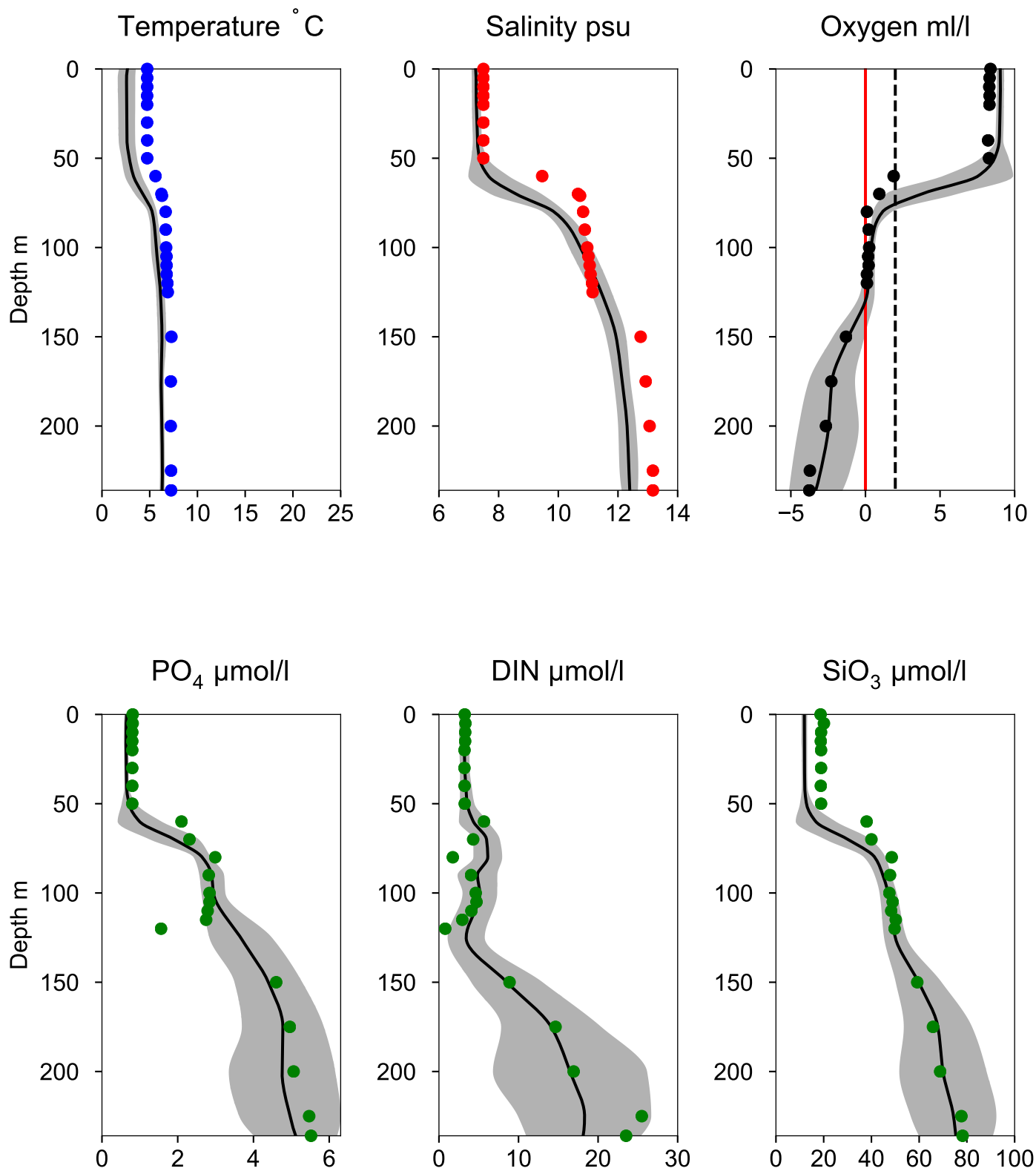


O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles BY15 GOTLANDSDJ March

— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-14



STATION BY10 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

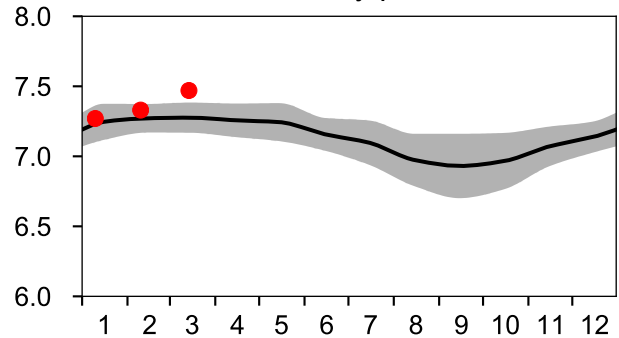
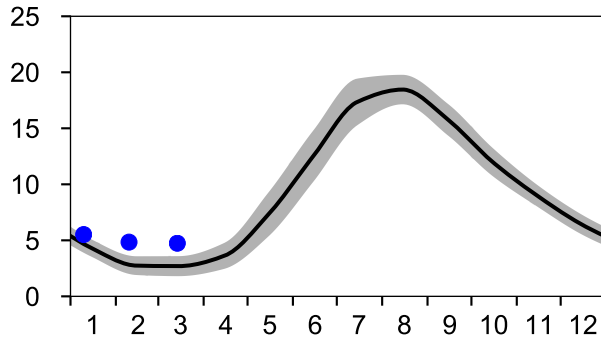
— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

● 2020

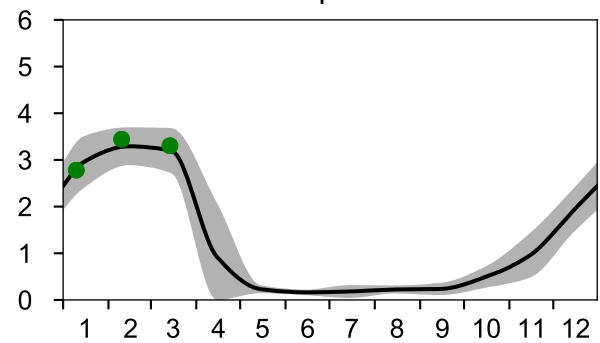
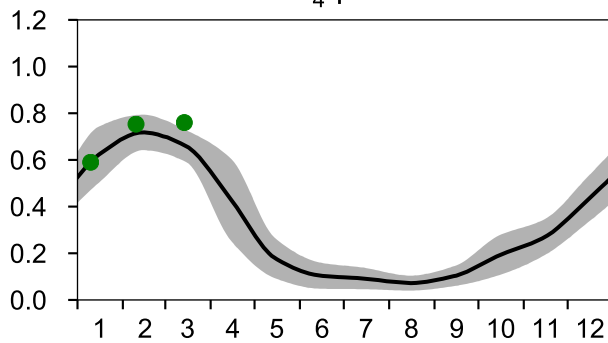
Temperature °C

Salinity psu



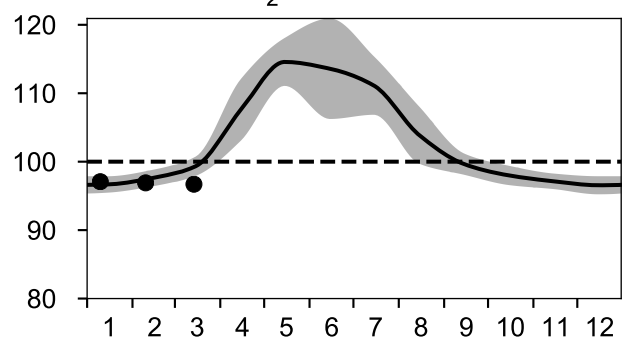
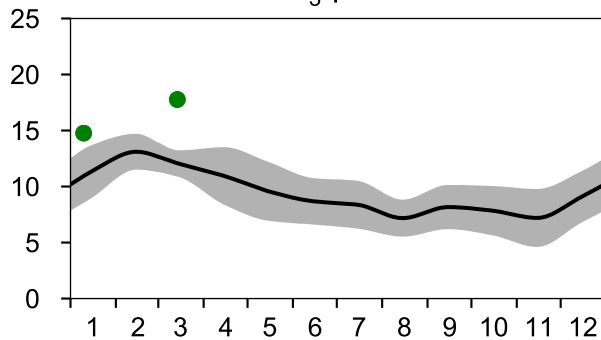
PO₄ µmol/l

DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

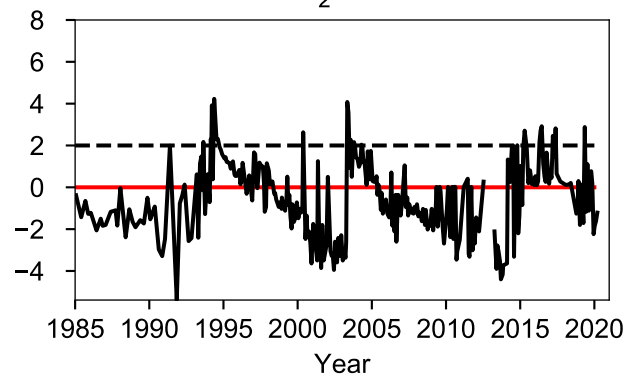
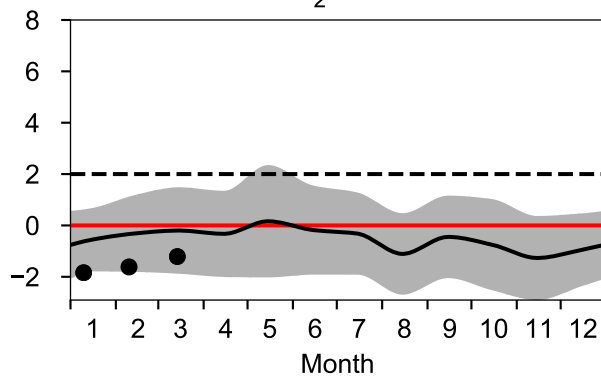
O₂ saturation %



OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 125 m)

O₂ ml/l

O₂ ml/l

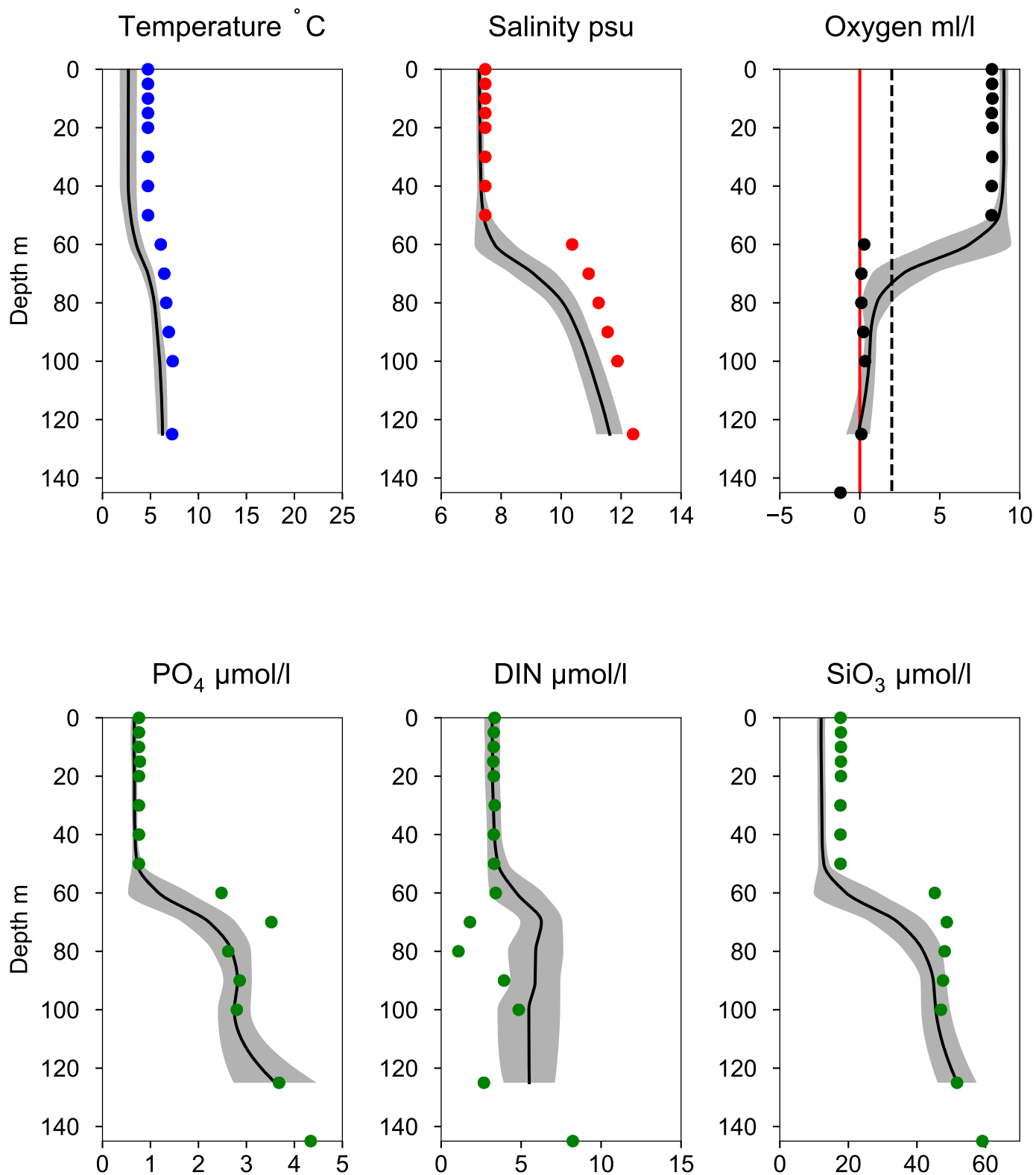


Vertical profiles BY10 March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

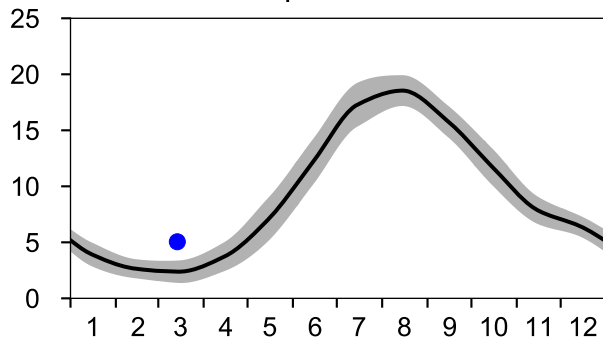
● 2020-03-14



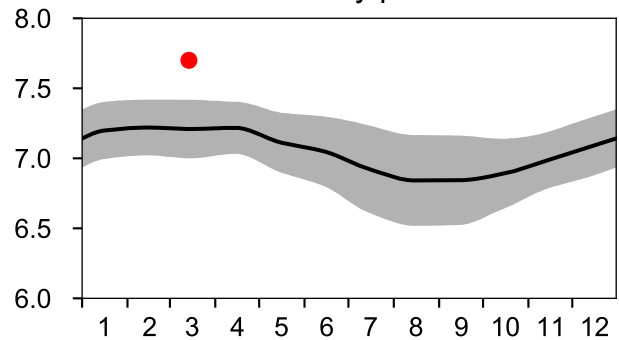
STATION BY9 KLAIPEDA SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

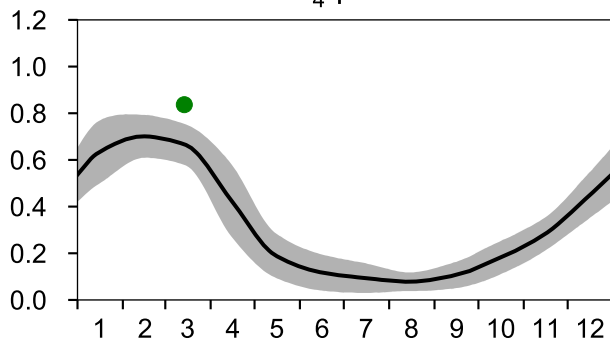
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



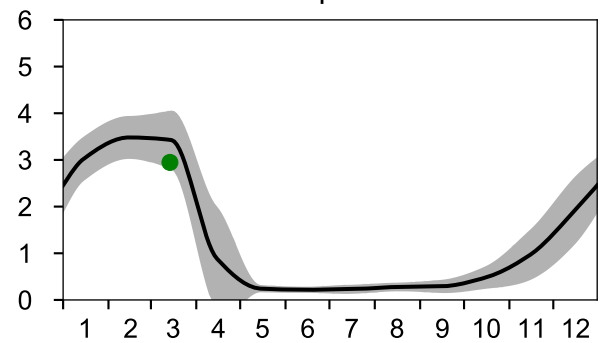
— St.Dev. ● 2020
Salinity psu



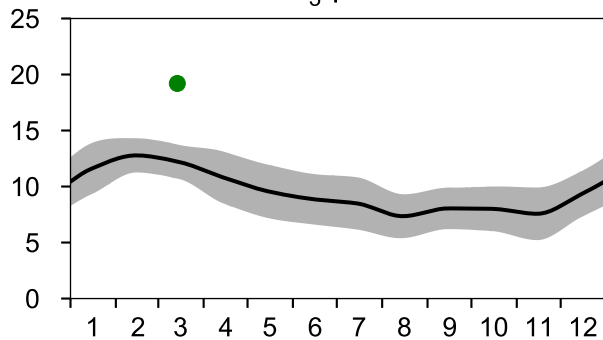
PO₄ µmol/l



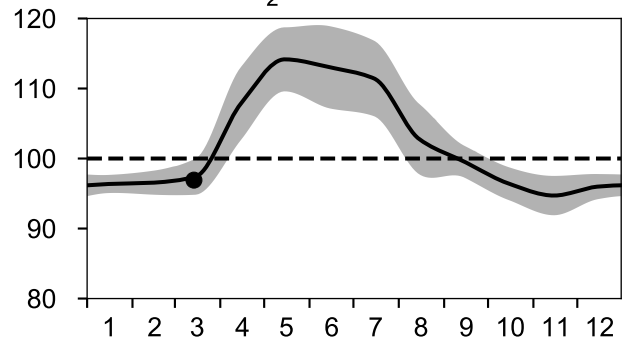
DIN µmol/l



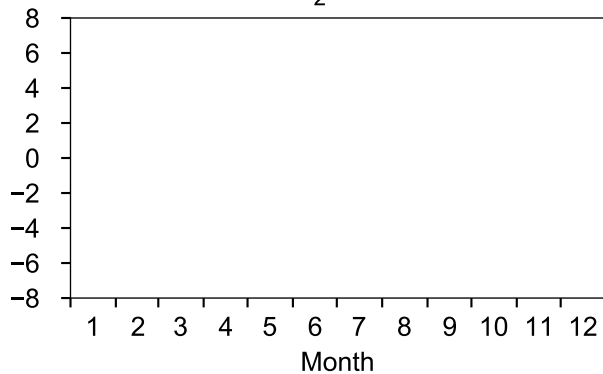
SiO₃ µmol/l



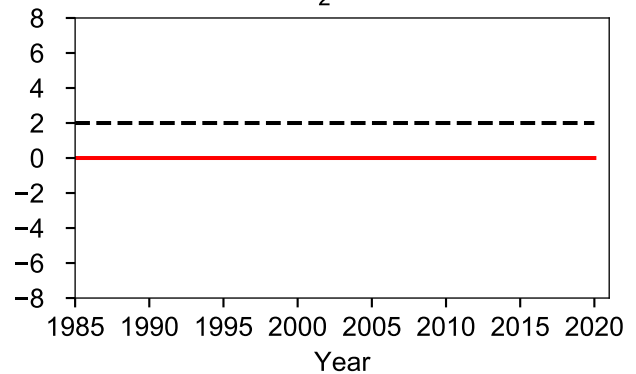
O₂ saturation %



O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

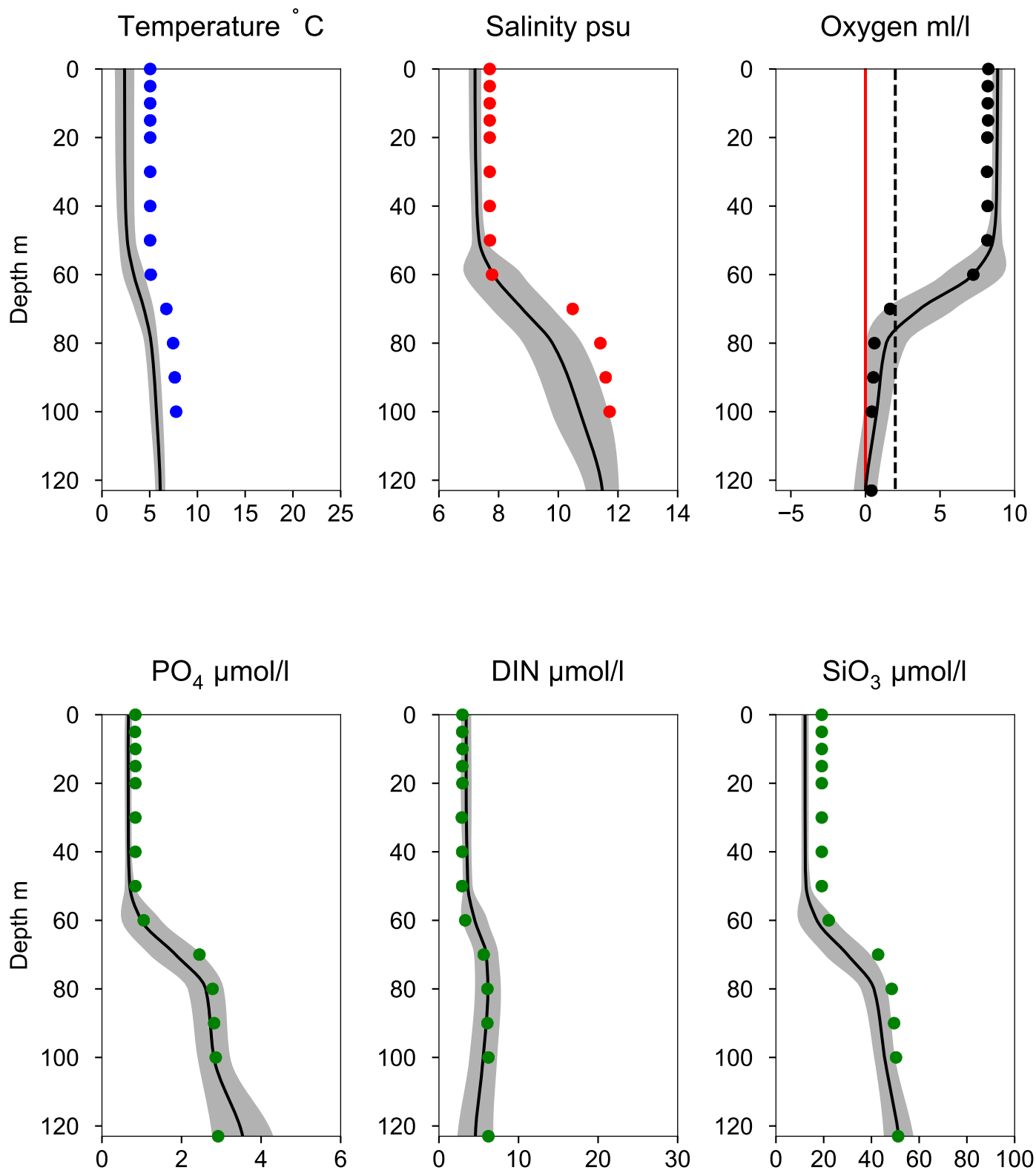


Vertical profiles BY9 KLAIPEDA March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

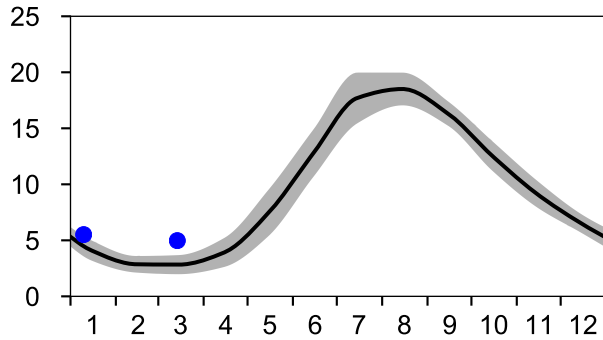
● 2020-03-14



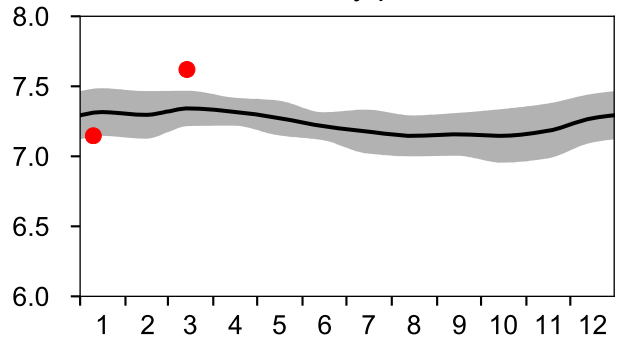
STATION BCS III-10 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

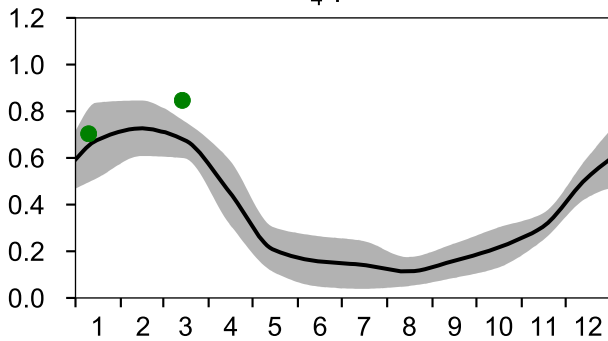
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



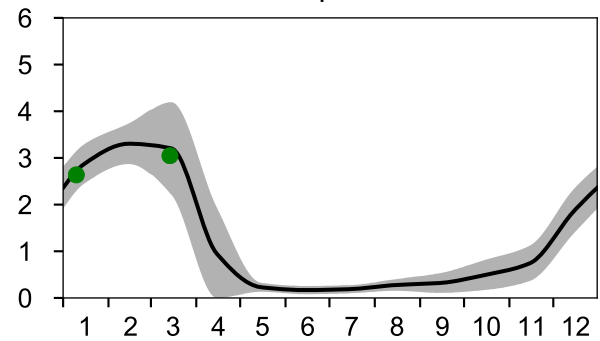
— St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



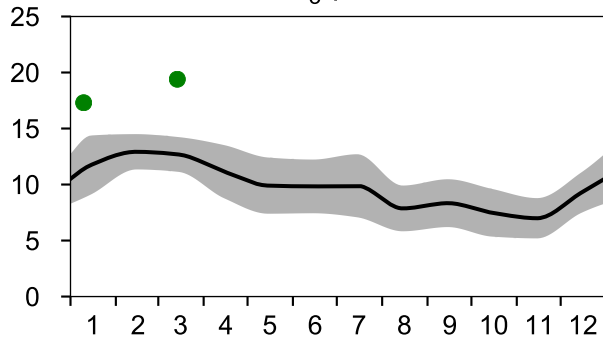
PO₄ µmol/l



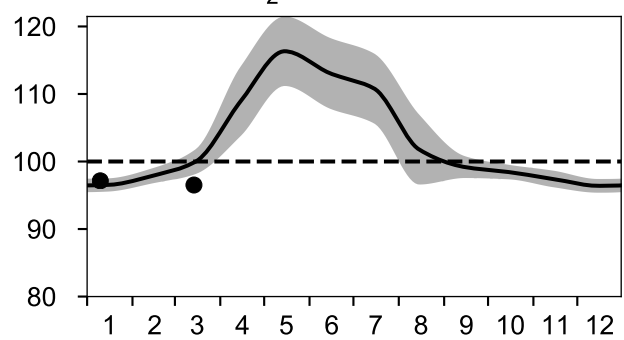
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

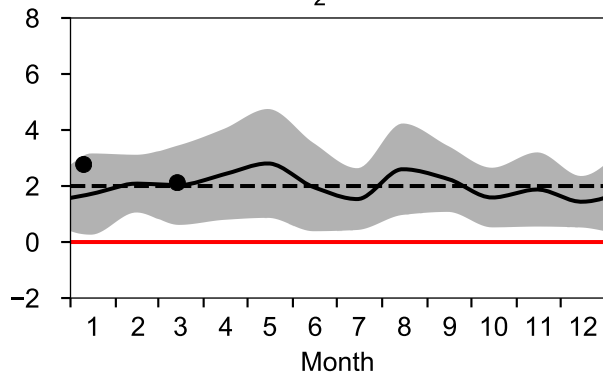


O₂ saturation %

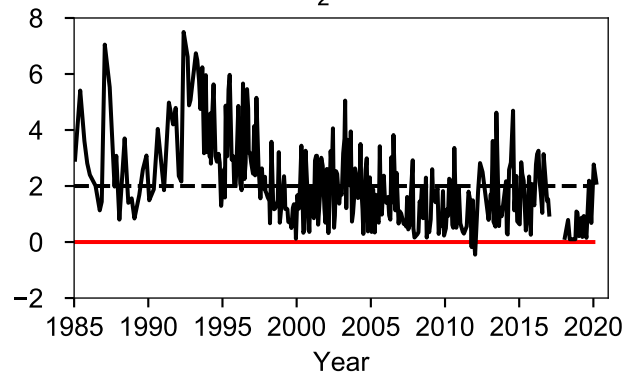


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 80 m)

O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

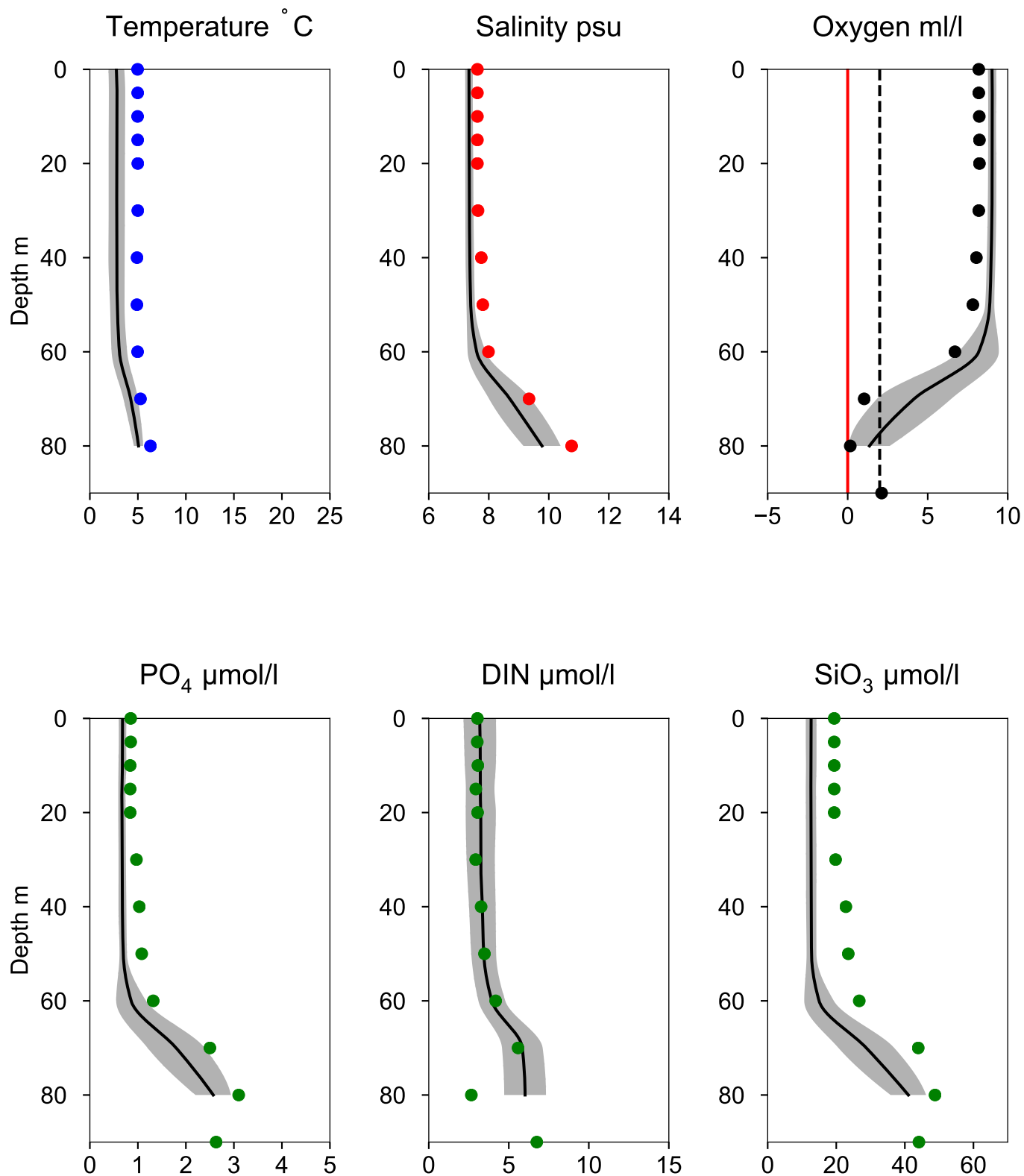


Vertical profiles BCS III-10 March

— Mean 2001-2015

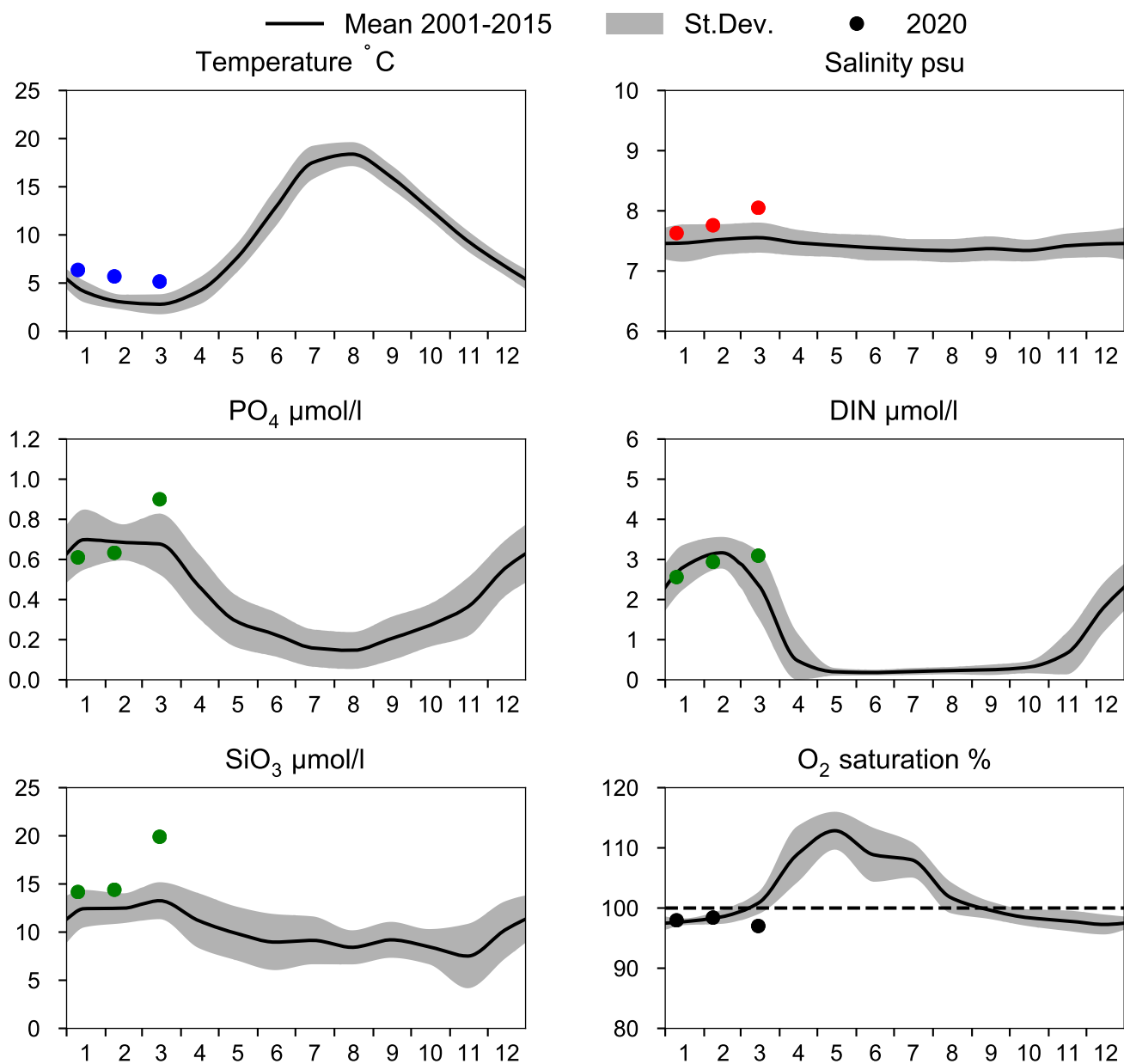
■ St.Dev.

● 2020-03-14

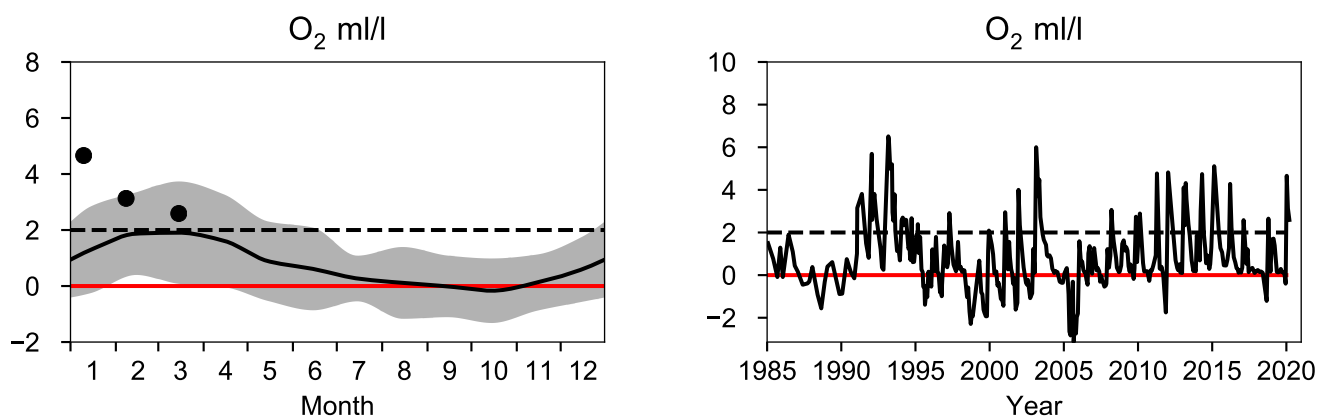


STATION BY5 BORNHOLMSDJ SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

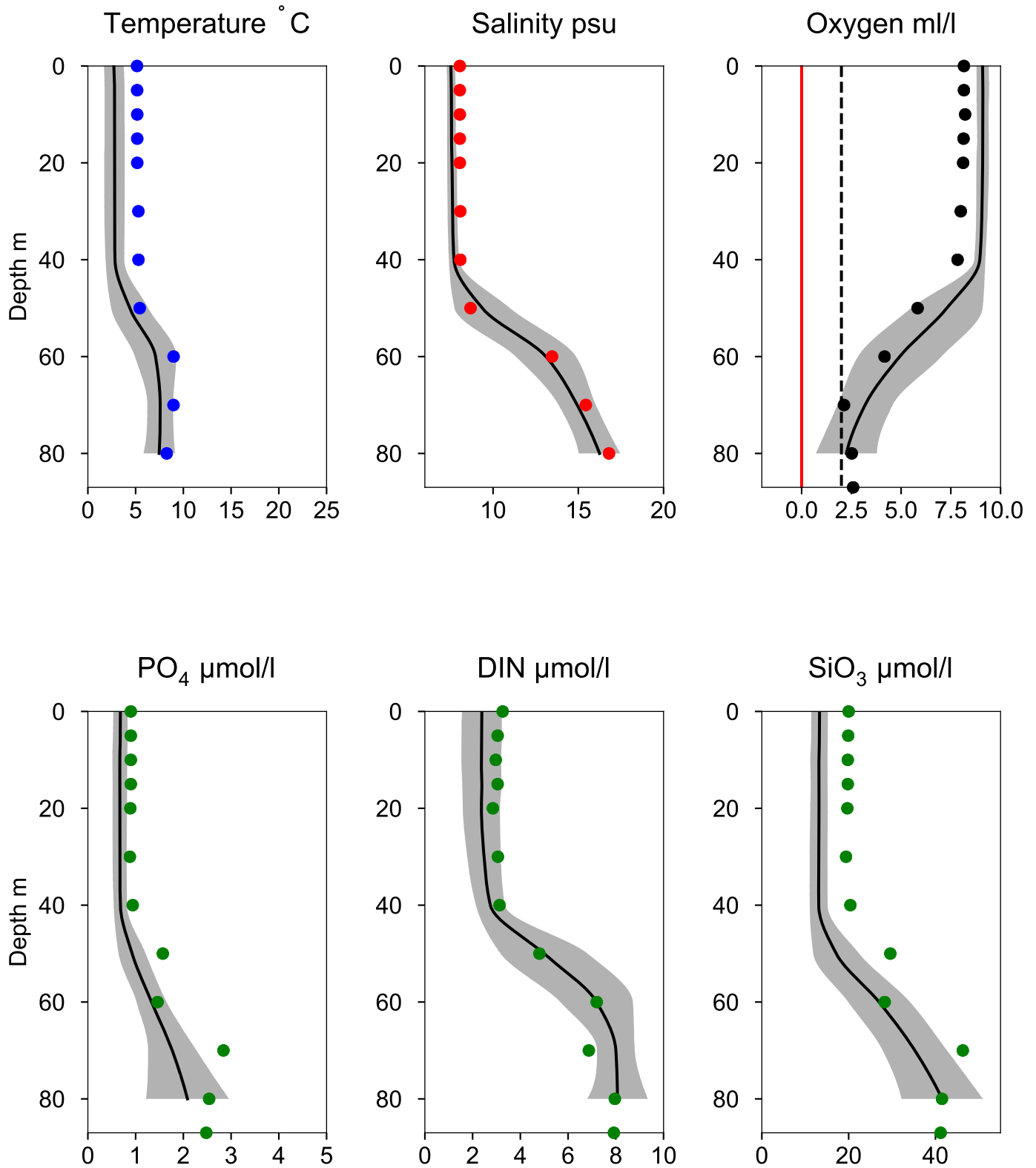


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 80 m)



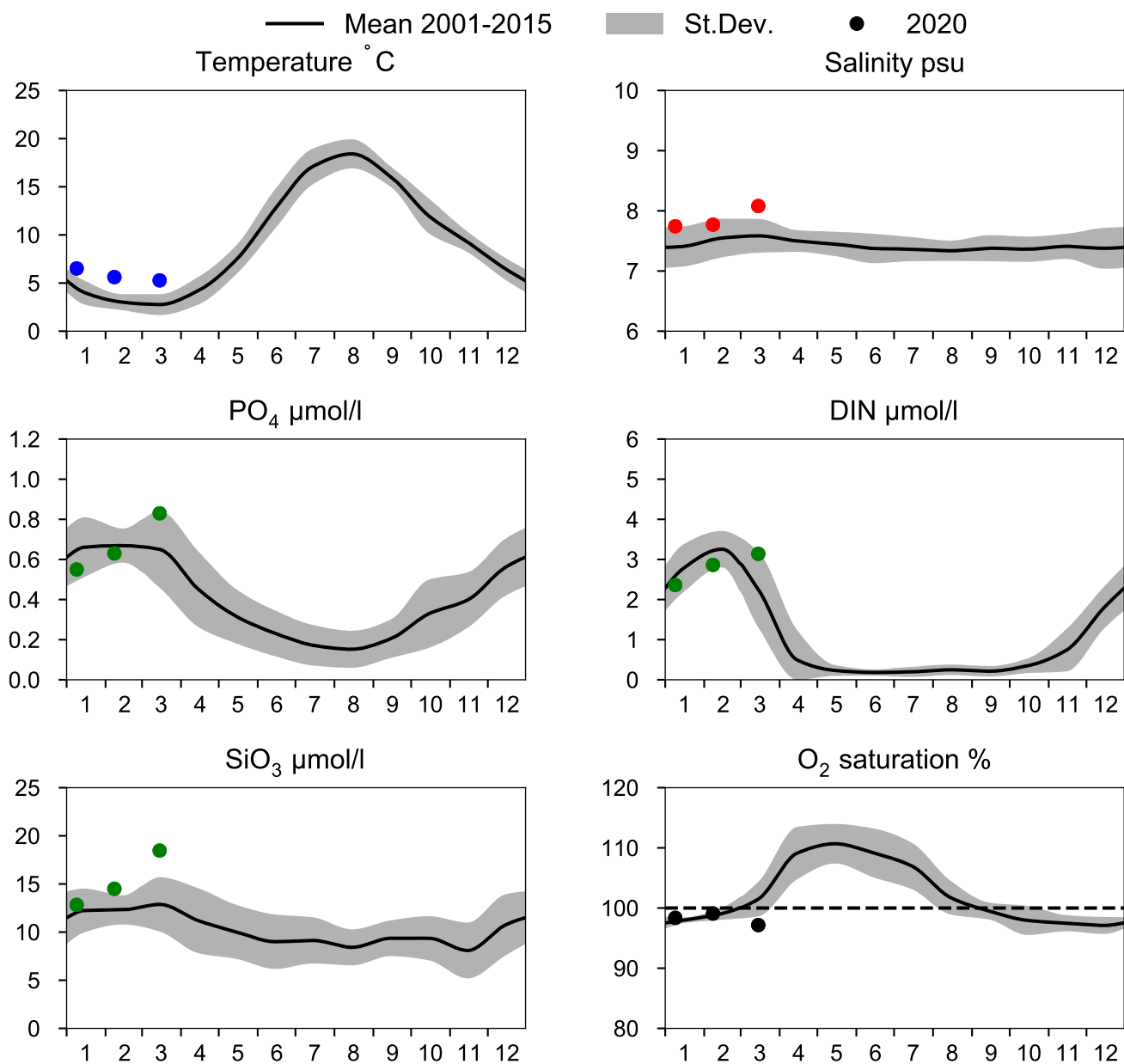
Vertical profiles BY5 BORNHOLMSDJ March

— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-15

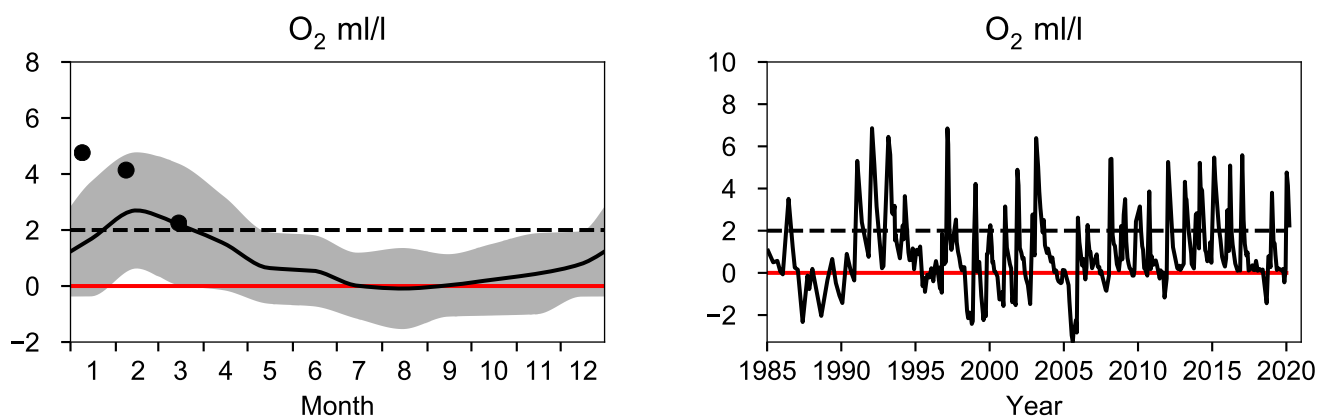


STATION BY4 CHRISTIANSÖ SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

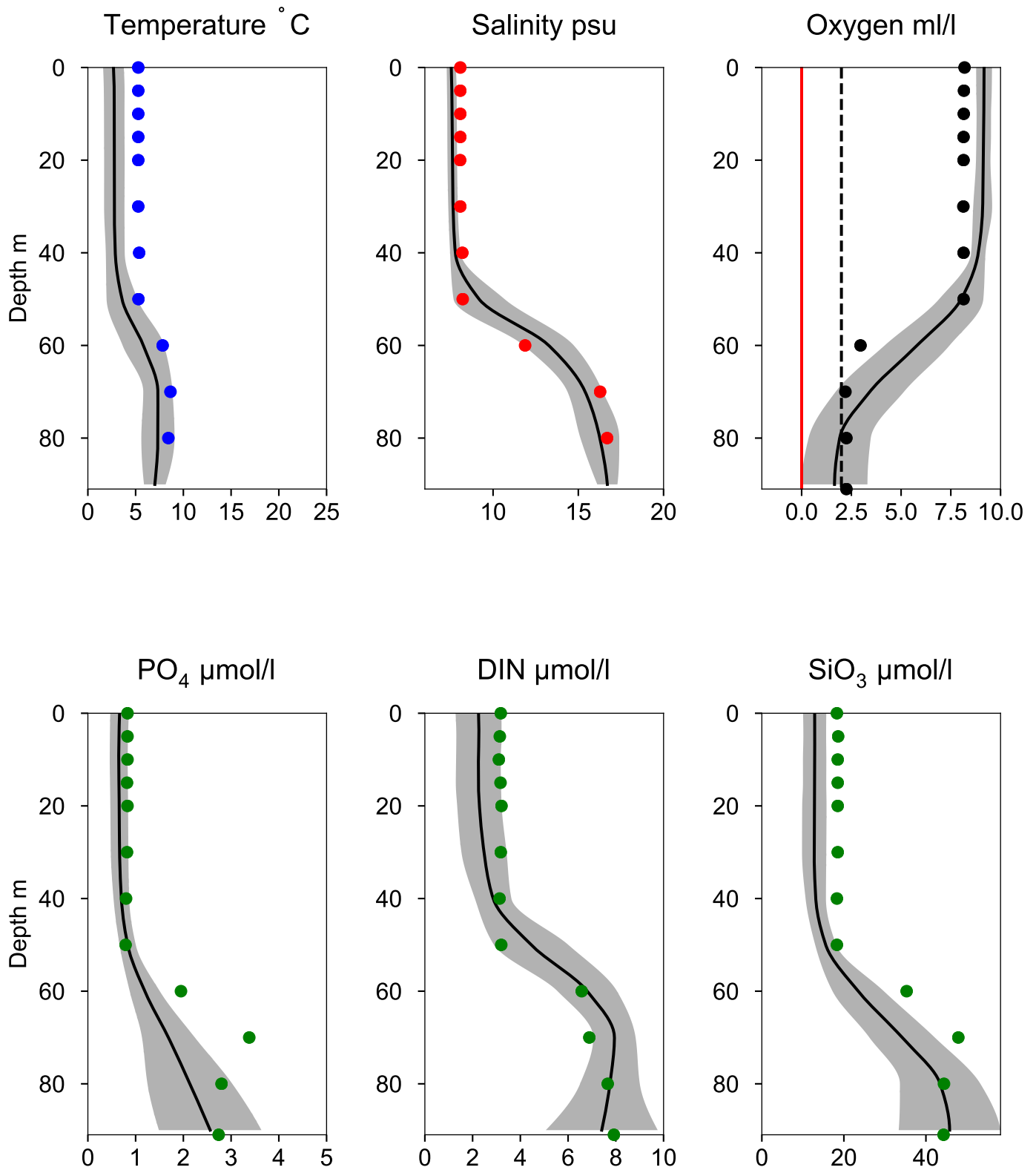


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 80 m)



Vertical profiles BY4 CHRISTIANSÖ March

— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-15



STATION HANÖBUKTEN SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

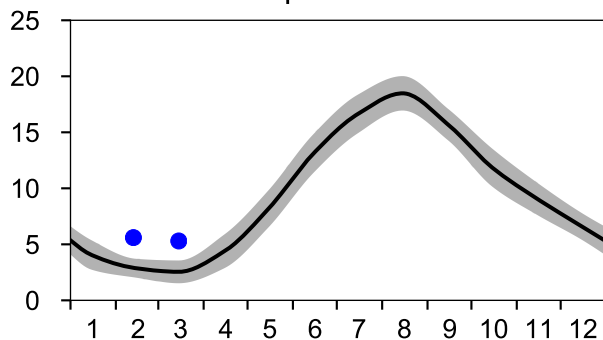
Annual Cycles

— Mean 2001-2015

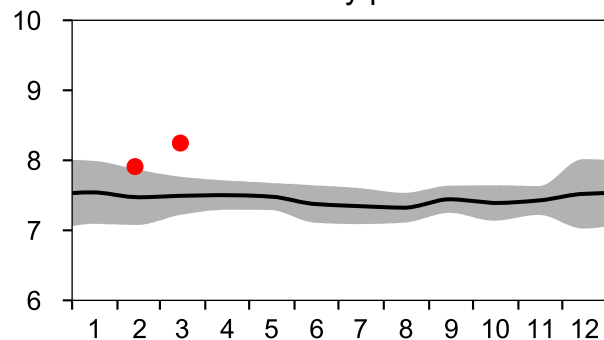
■ St.Dev.

● 2020

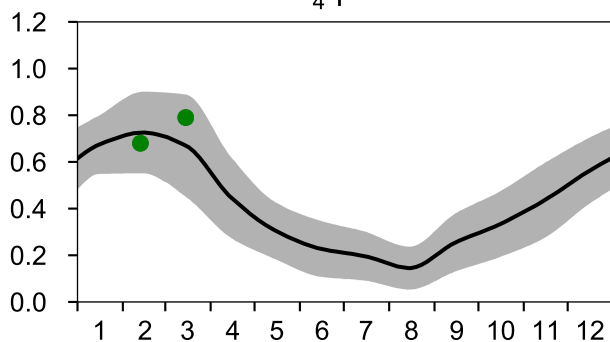
Temperature °C



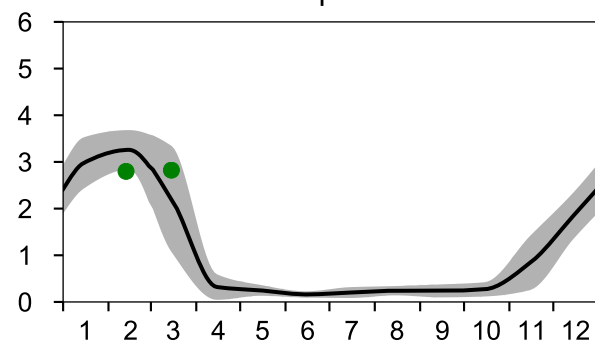
Salinity psu



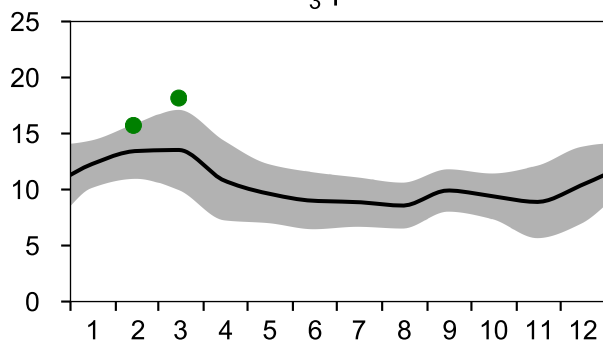
PO₄ µmol/l



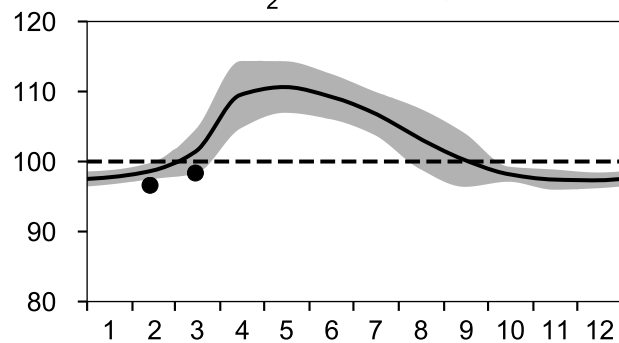
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

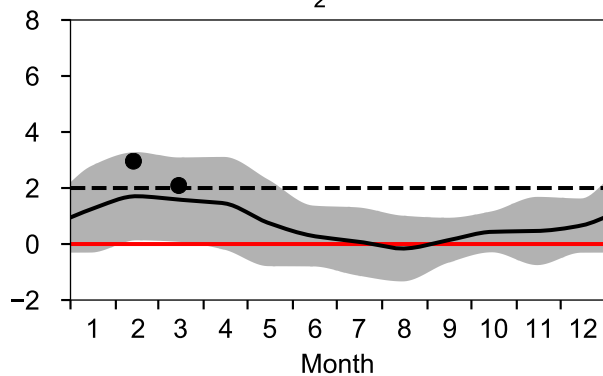


O₂ saturation %

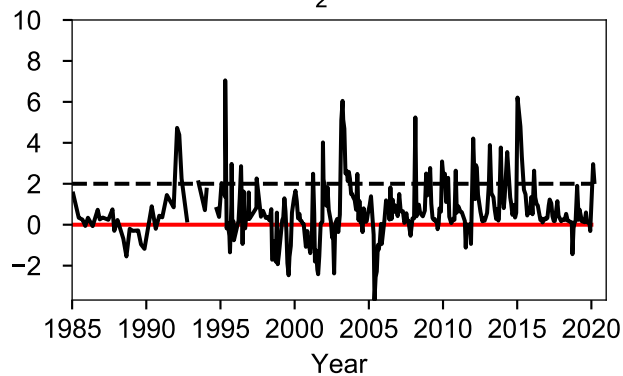


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 70 m)

O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

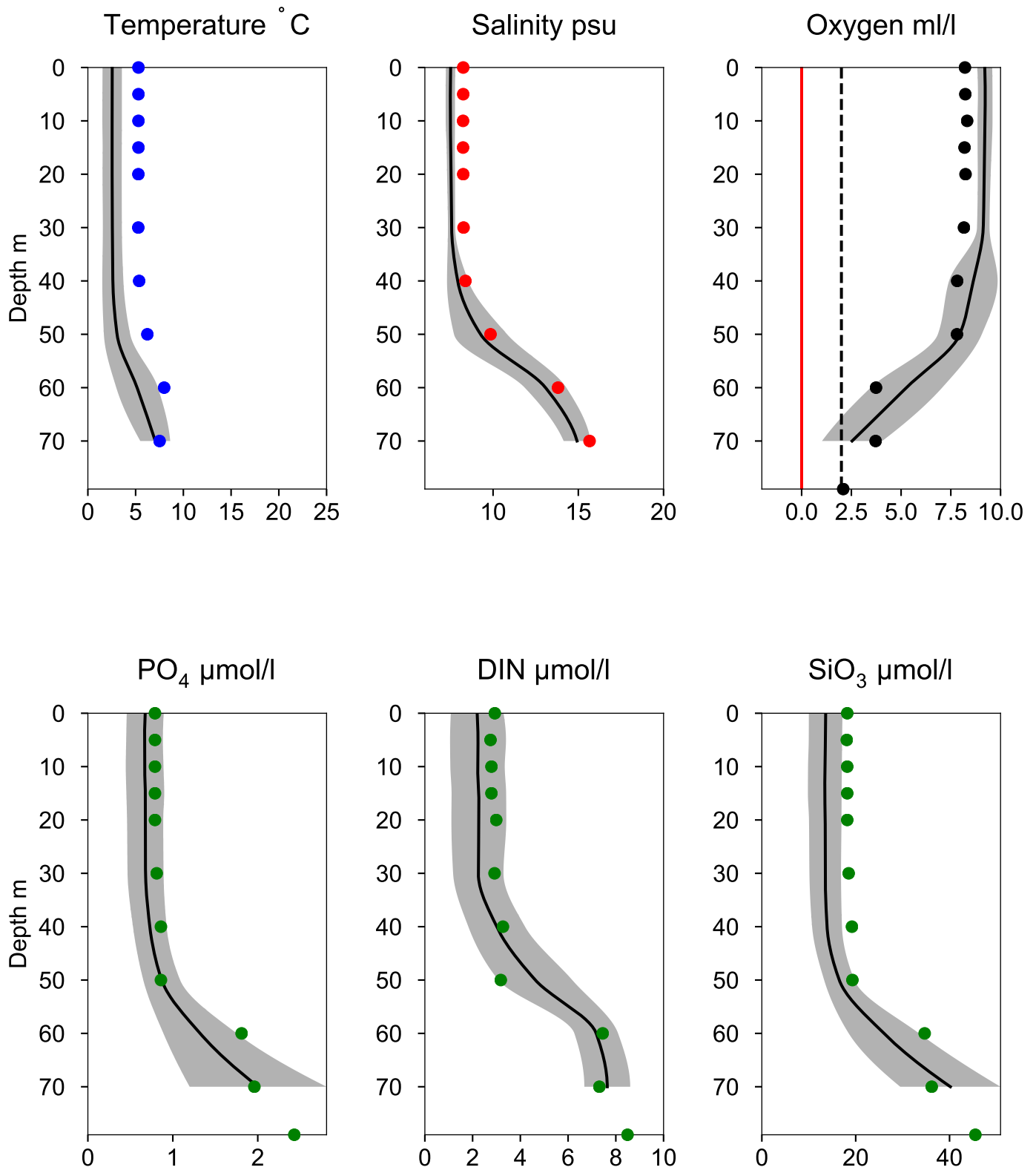


Vertical profiles HANÖBUKTEN March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

● 2020-03-15



STATION BY2 ARKONA SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

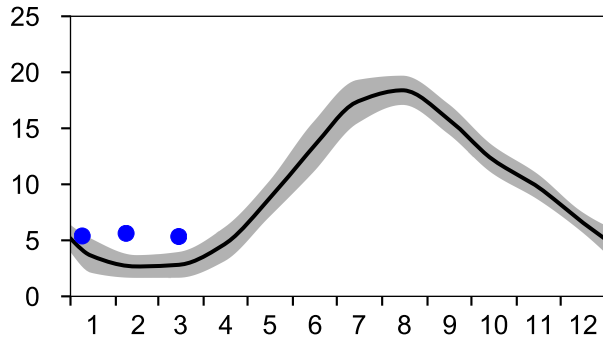
Annual Cycles

— Mean 2001-2015

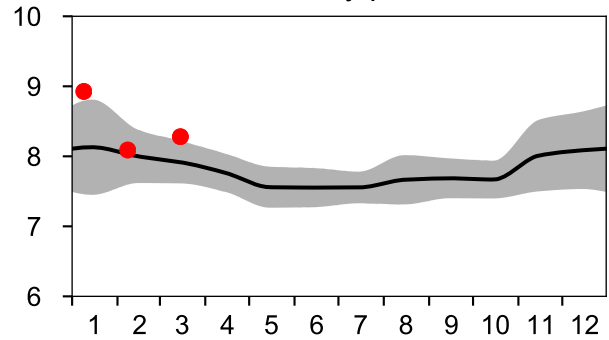
■ St.Dev.

● 2020

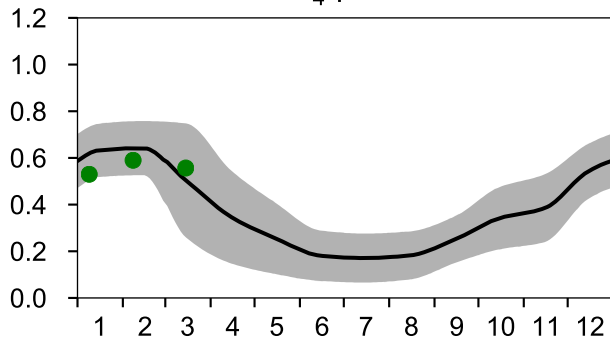
Temperature °C



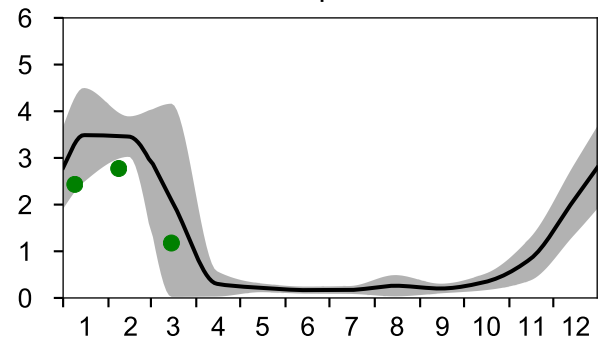
Salinity psu



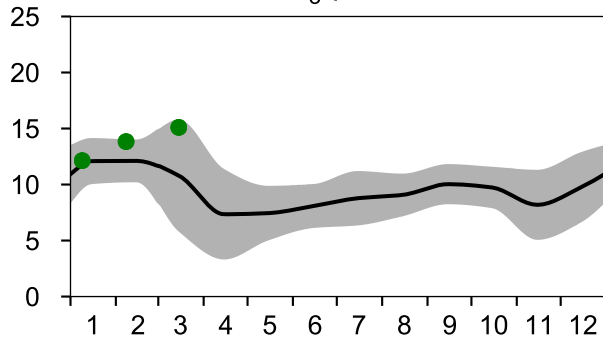
PO₄ µmol/l



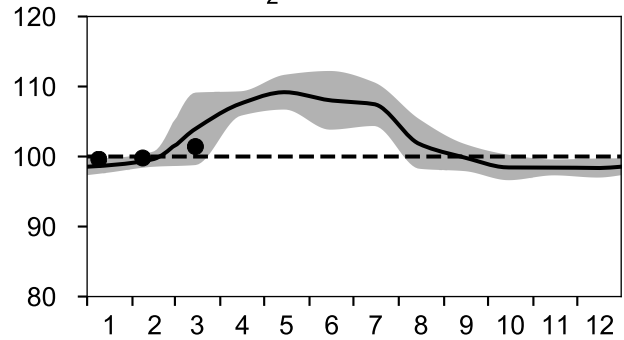
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

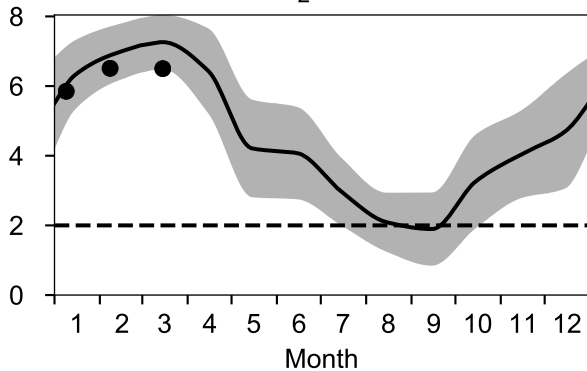


O₂ saturation %

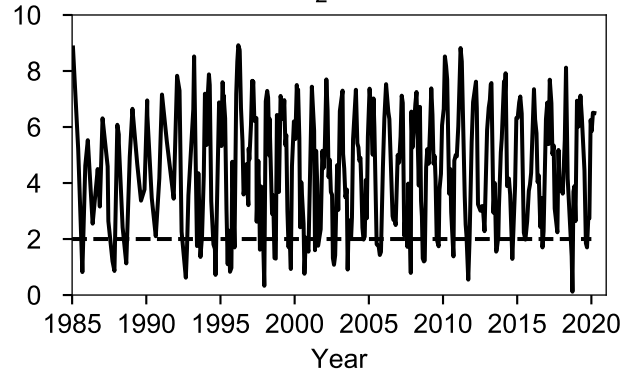


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 40 m)

O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

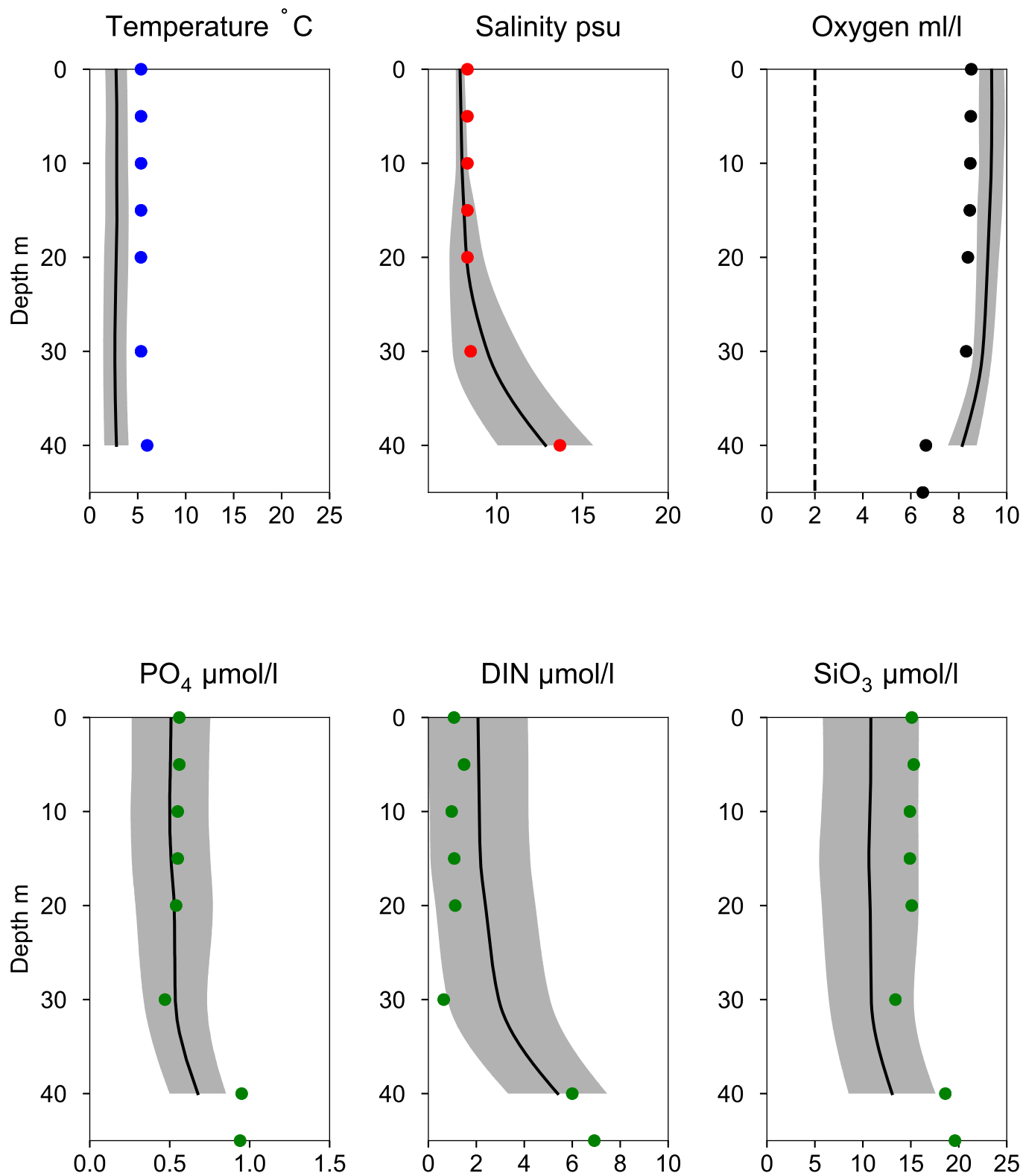


Vertical profiles BY2 ARKONA March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

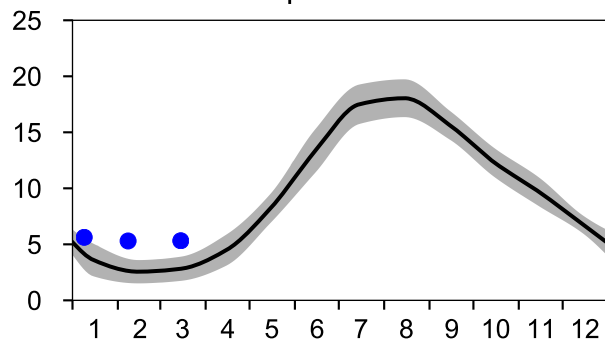
● 2020-03-15



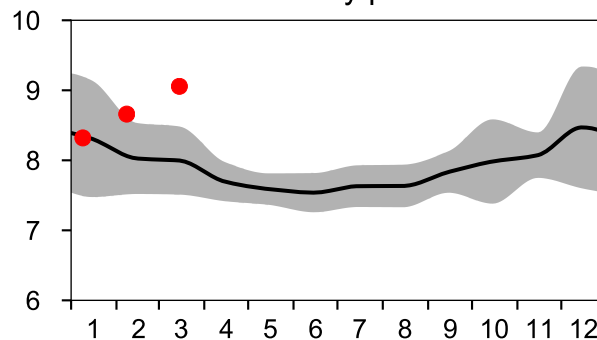
STATION BY1 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

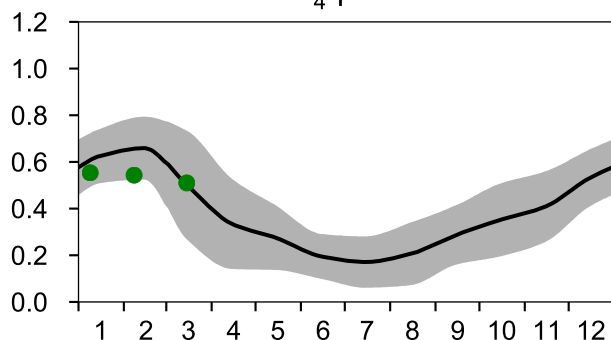
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



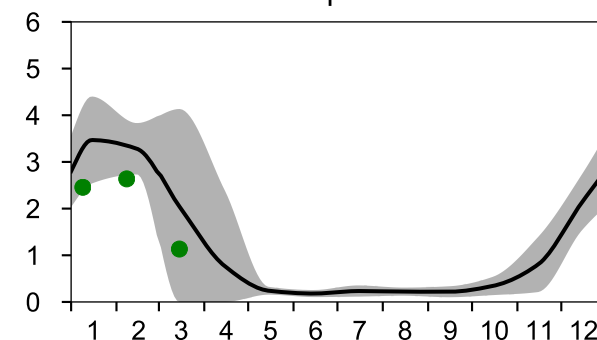
St.Dev. ● 2020
Salinity psu



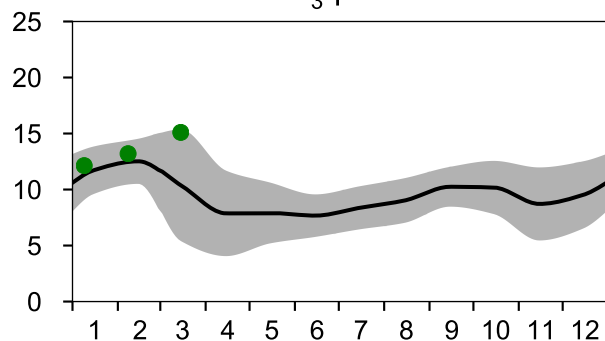
PO₄ µmol/l



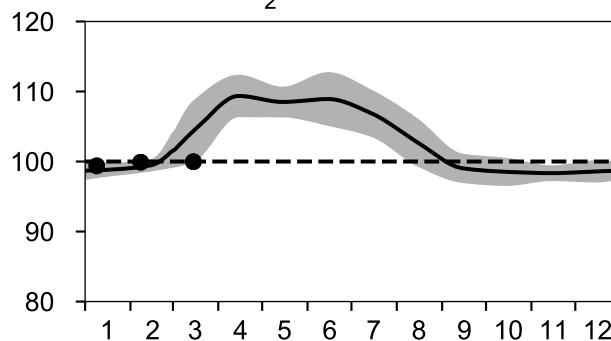
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

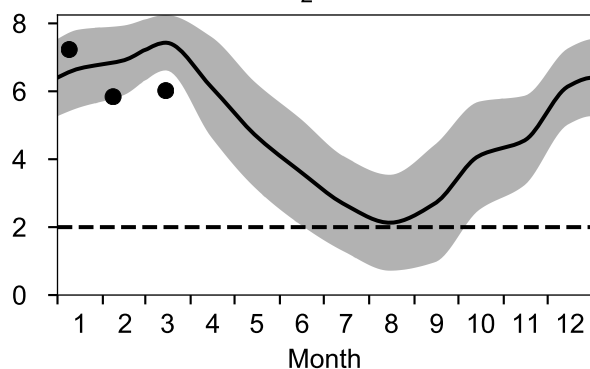


O₂ saturation %

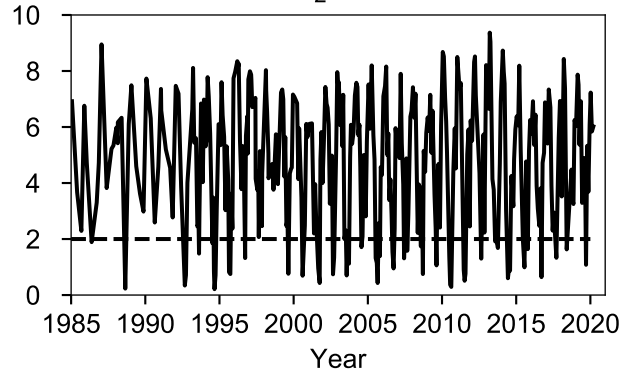


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 40 m)

O₂ ml/l

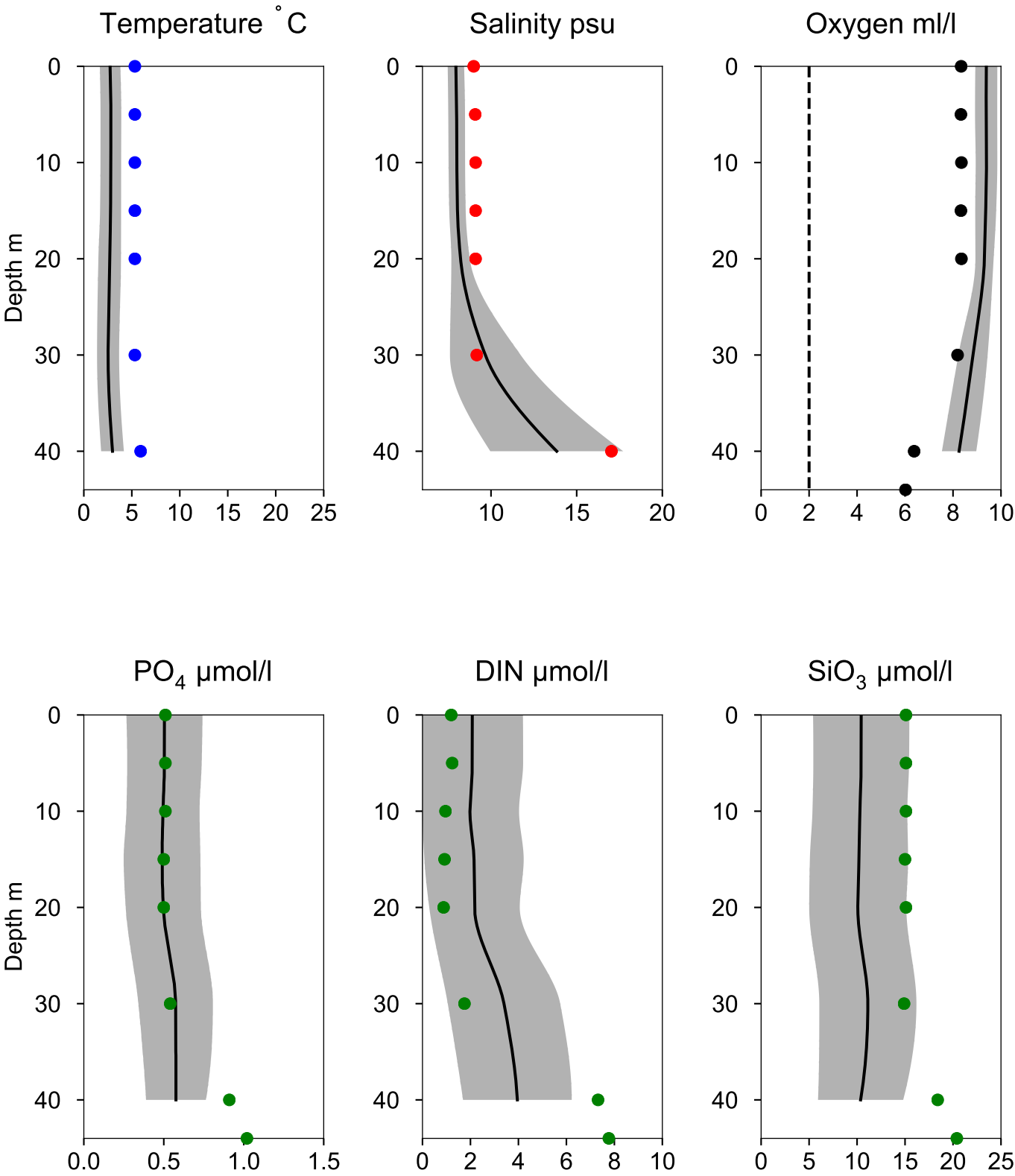


O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles BY1
March

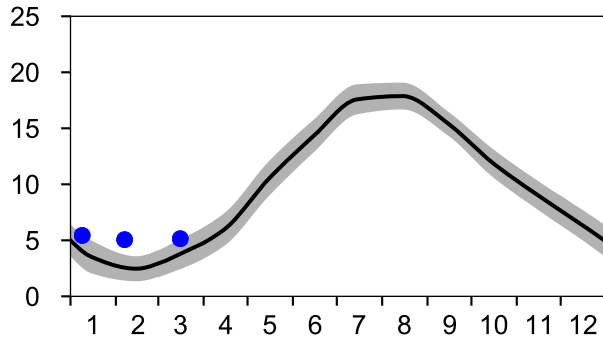
— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-15



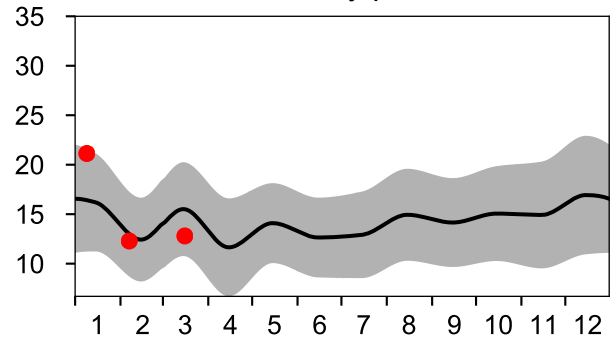
STATION W LANDSKRONA SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

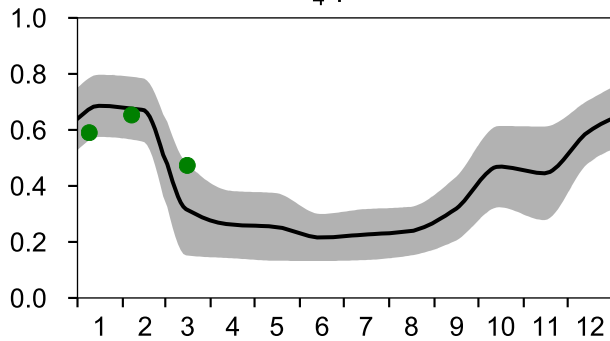
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



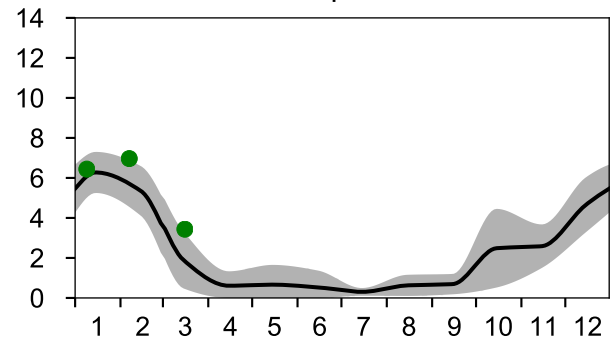
St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



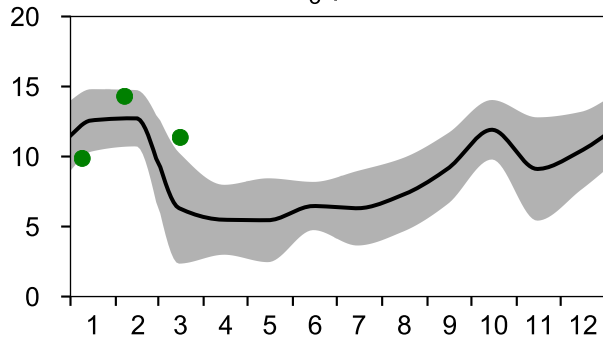
PO₄ µmol/l



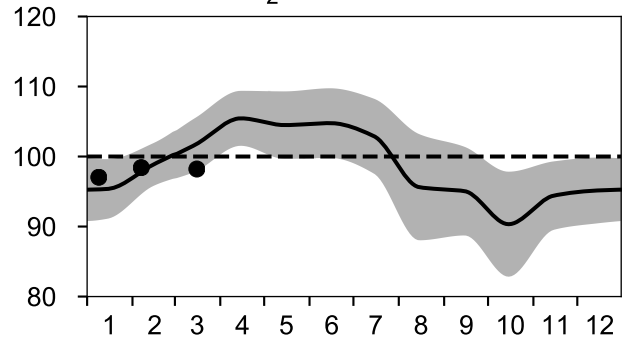
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

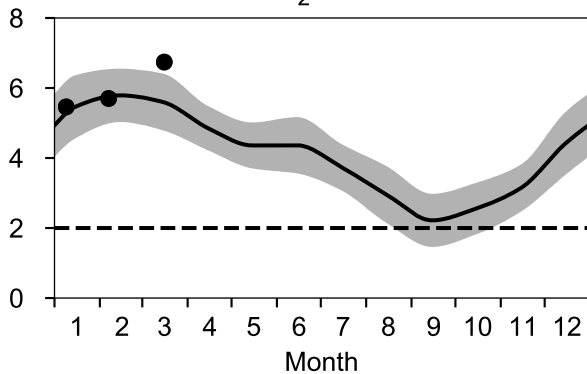


O₂ saturation %

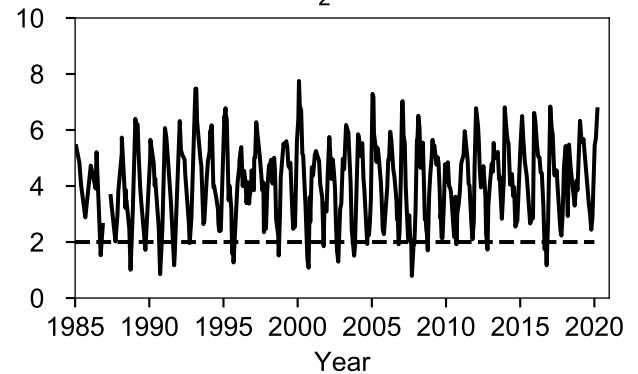


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 40 m)

O₂ ml/l

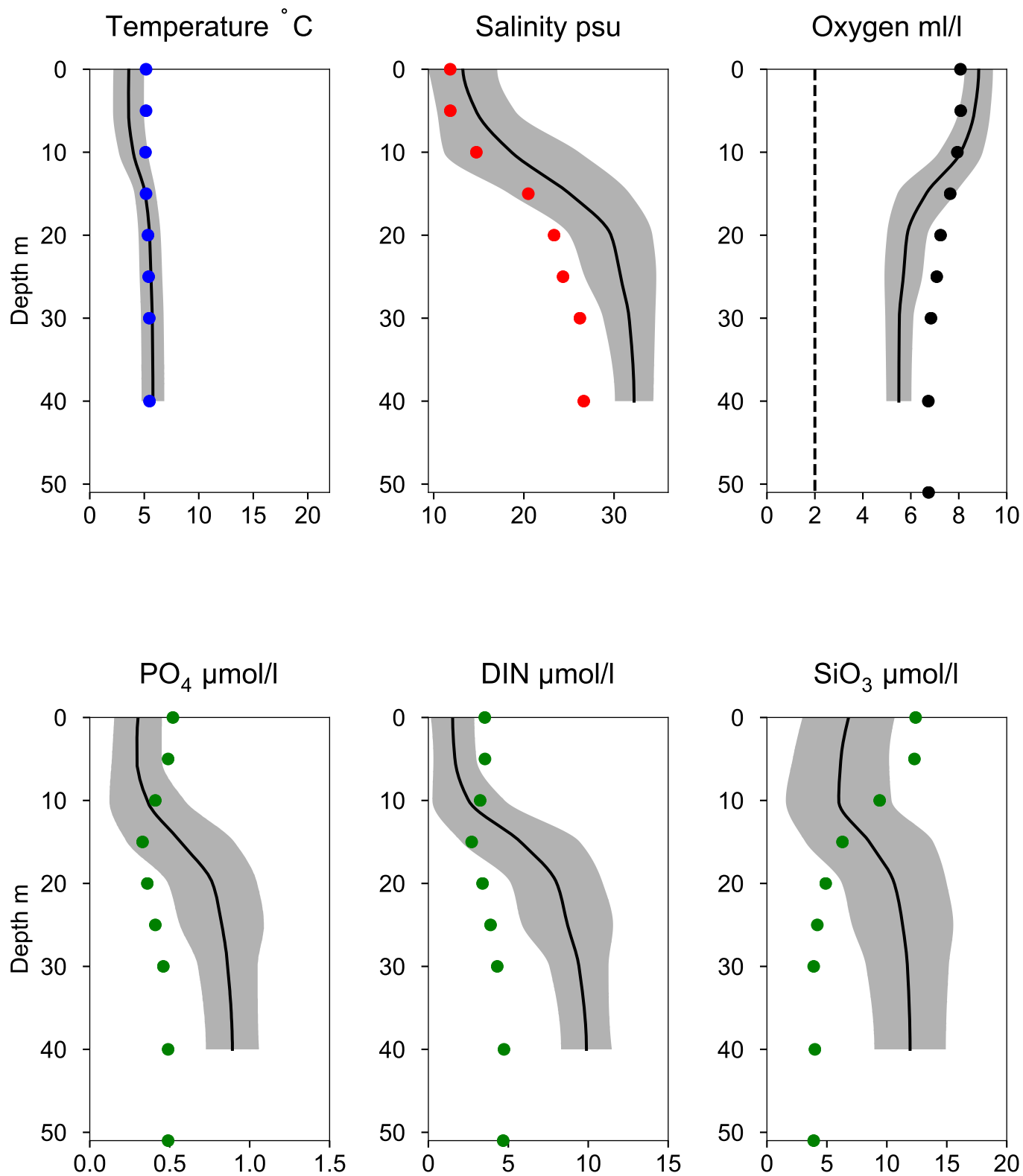


O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles W LANDSKRONA March

— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-16



STATION ANHOLT E SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

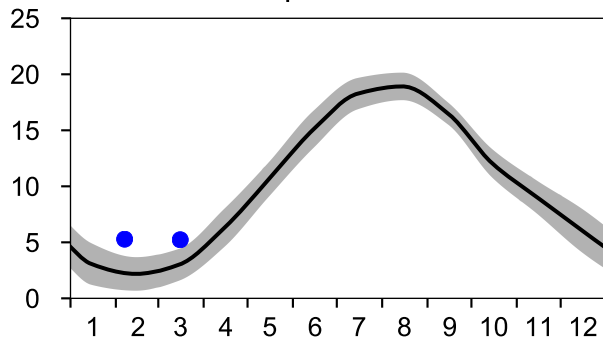
Annual Cycles

— Mean 2001-2015

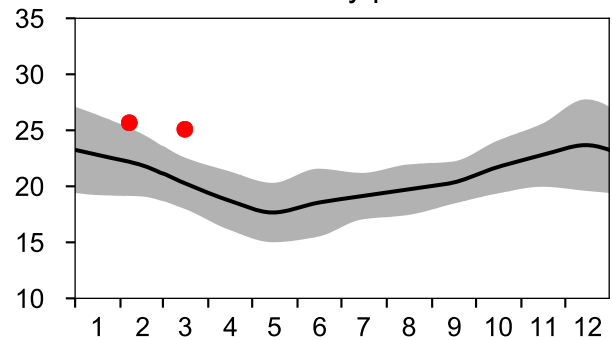
■ St.Dev.

● 2020

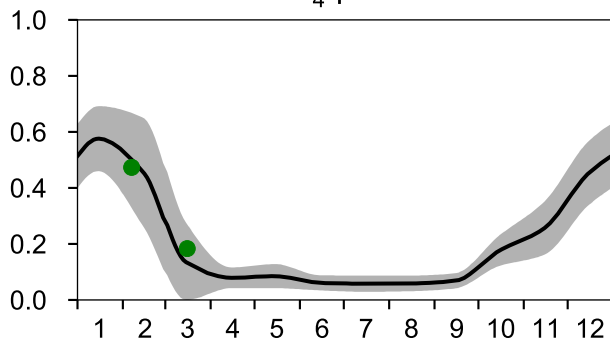
Temperature °C



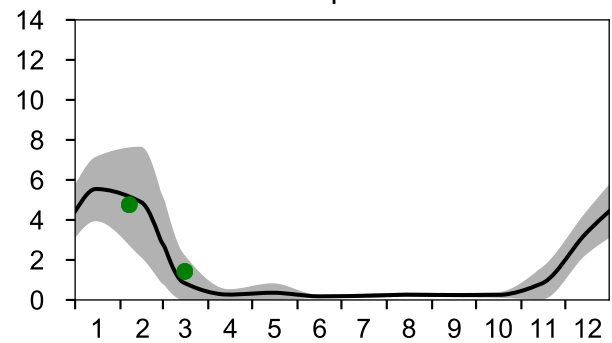
Salinity psu



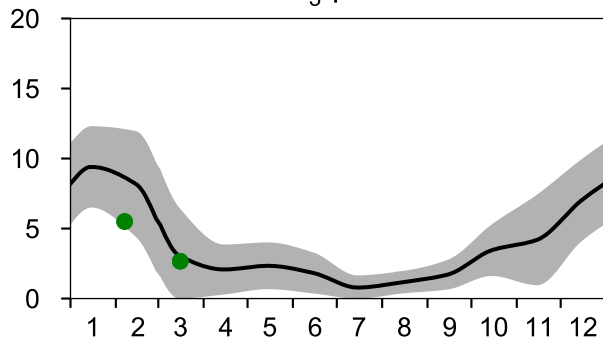
PO₄ µmol/l



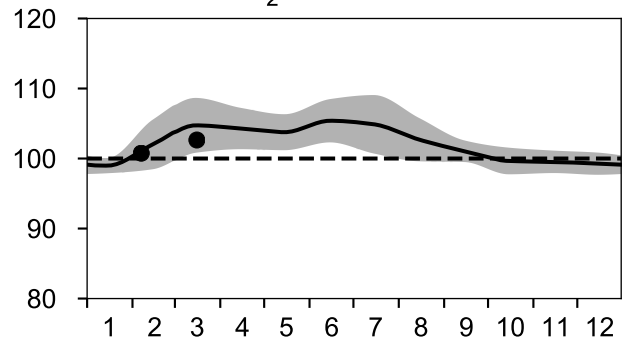
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

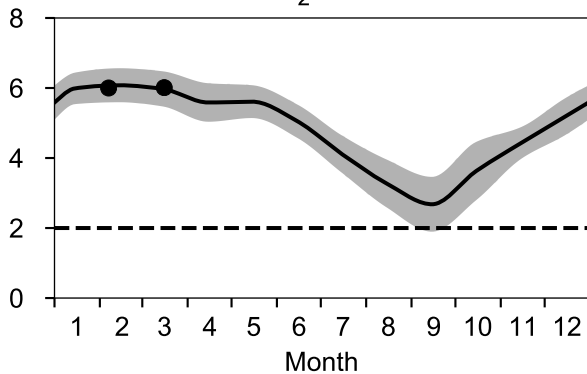


O₂ saturation %

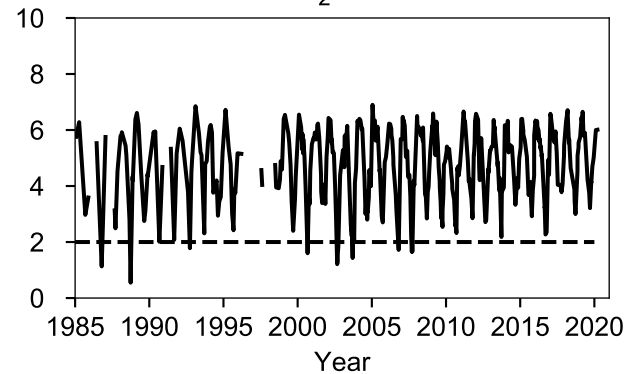


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 52 m)

O₂ ml/l

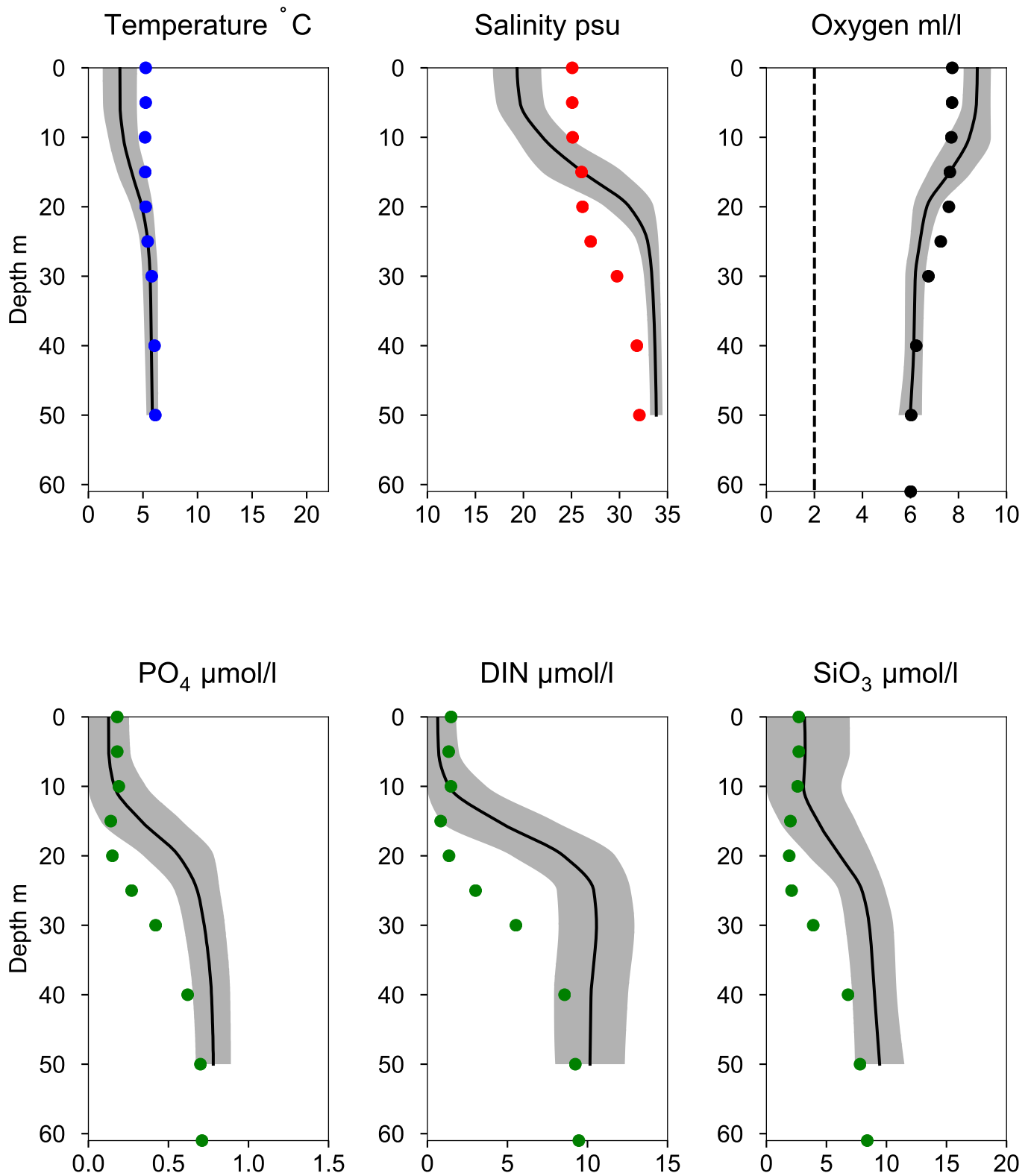


O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles ANHOLT E March

— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-16



STATION N14 FALKENBERG SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

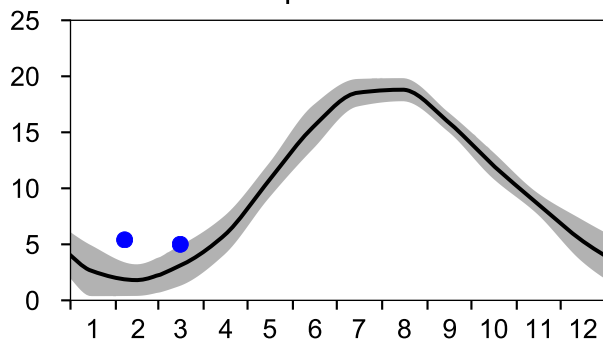
Annual Cycles

— Mean 2001-2015

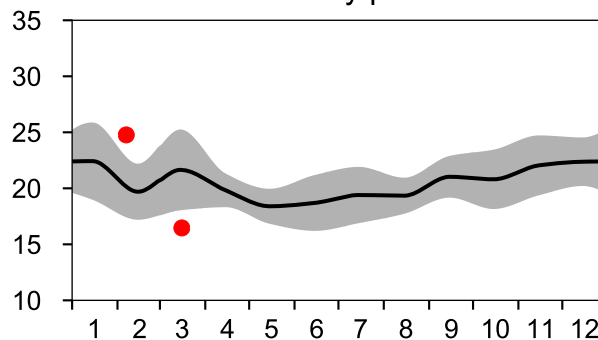
■ St.Dev.

● 2020

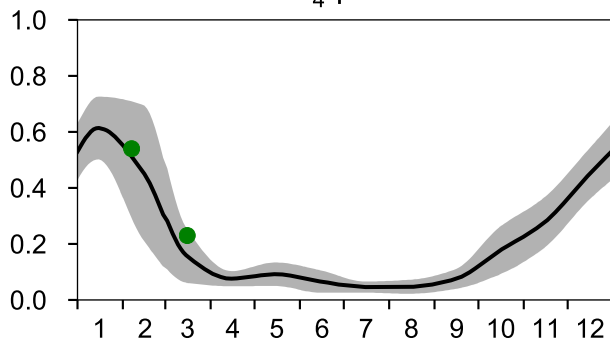
Temperature °C



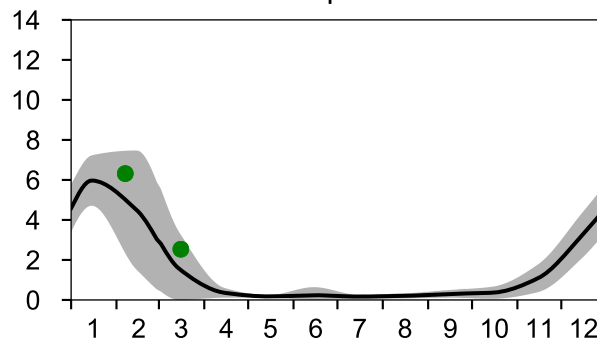
Salinity psu



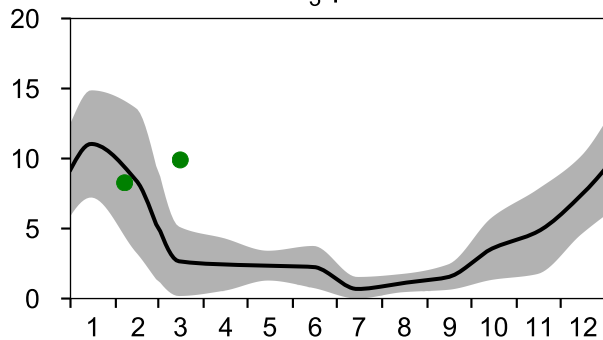
PO₄ µmol/l



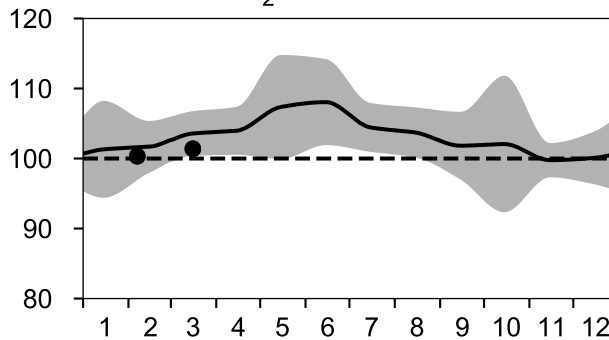
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

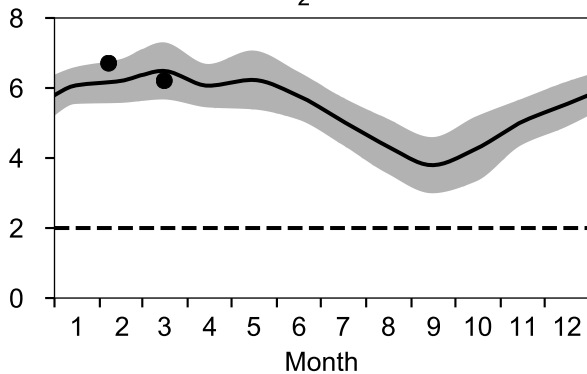


O₂ saturation %

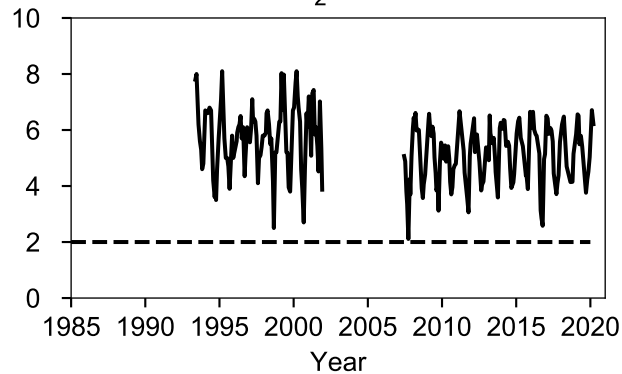


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 20 m)

O₂ ml/l

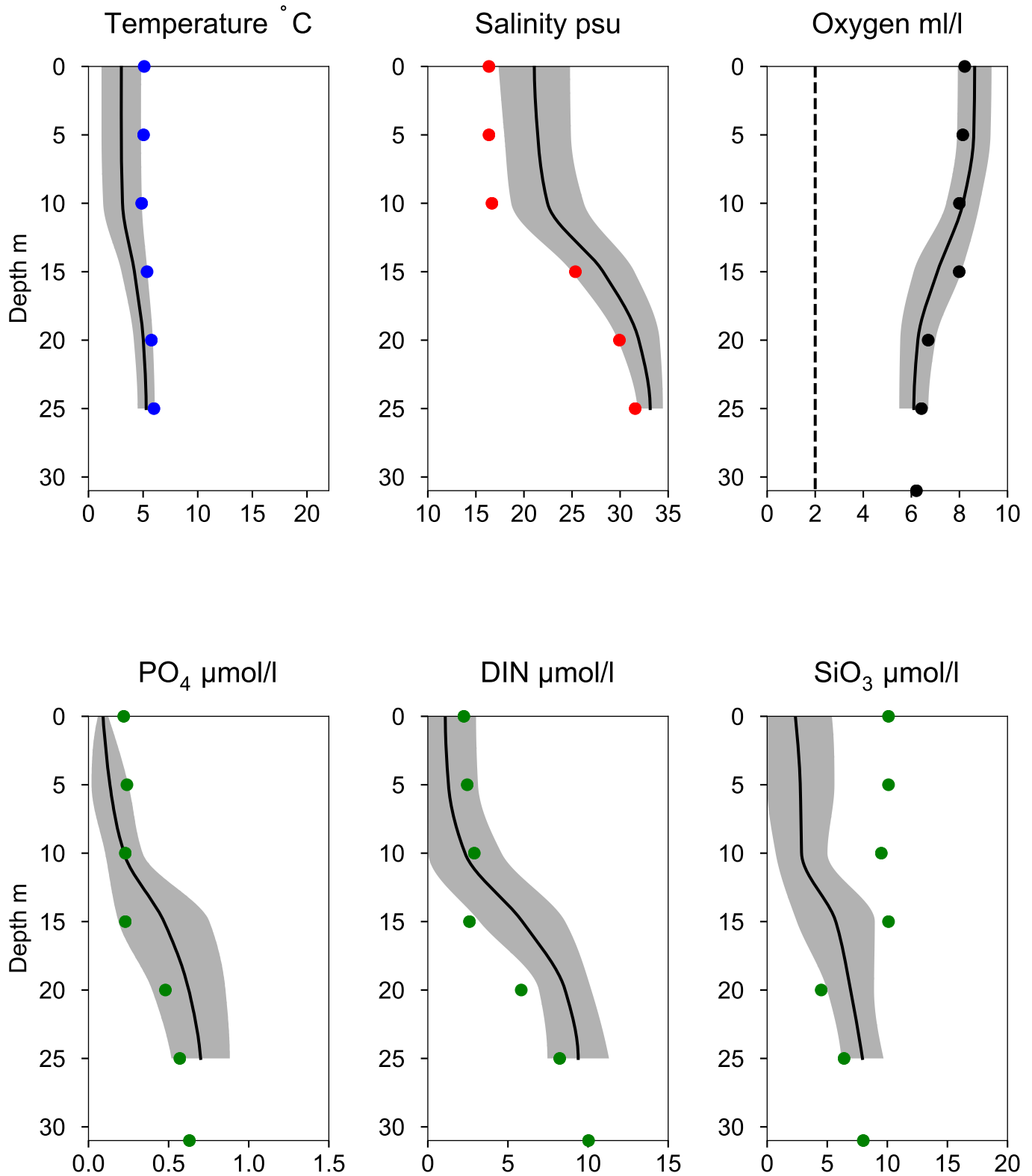


O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles N14 FALKENBERG March

— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-16



STATION FLADEN SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

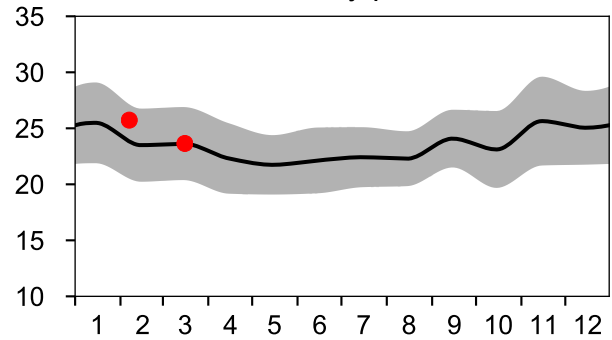
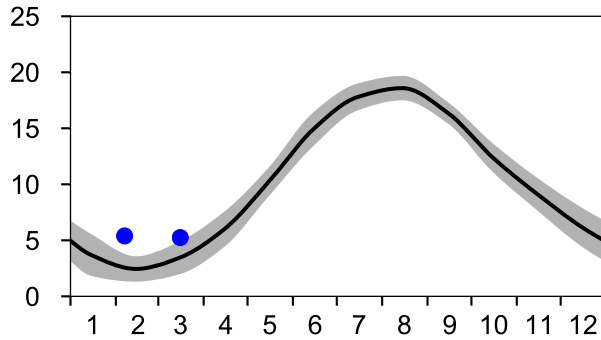
— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

● 2020

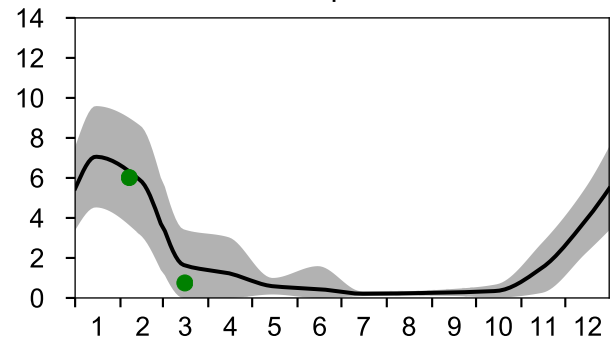
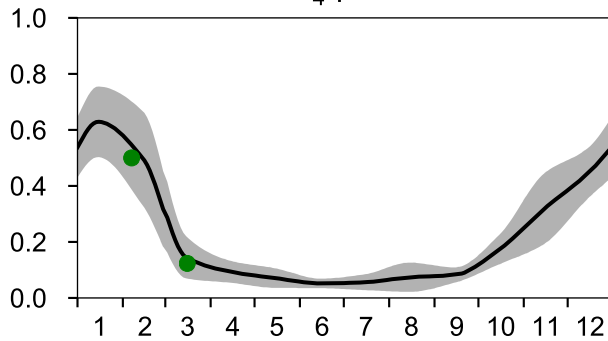
Temperature °C

Salinity psu



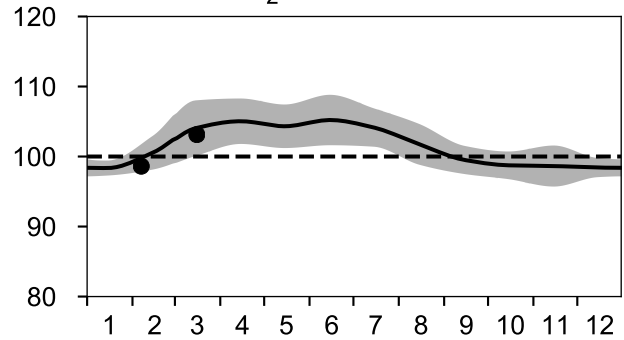
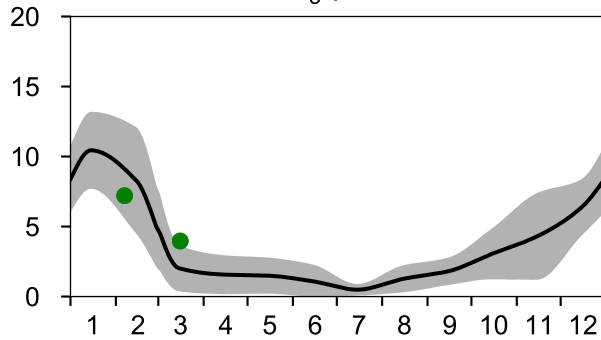
PO₄ µmol/l

DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

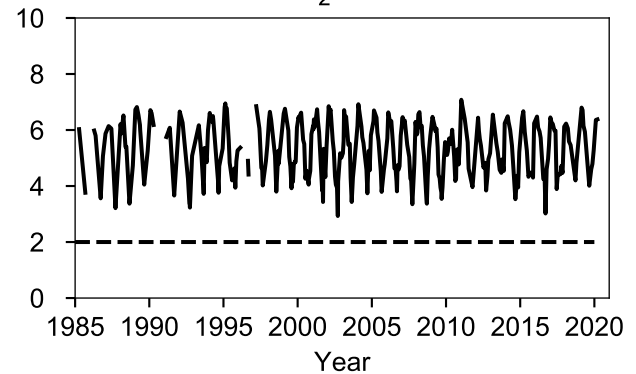
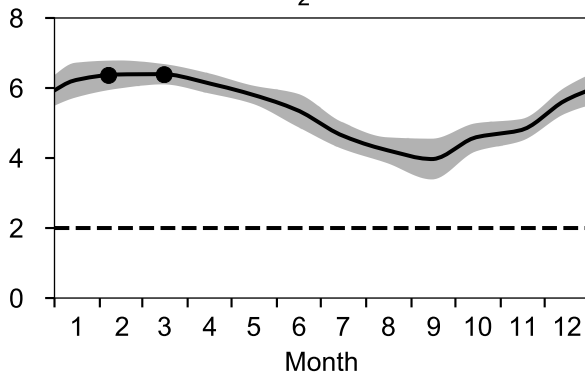
O₂ saturation %



OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 74 m)

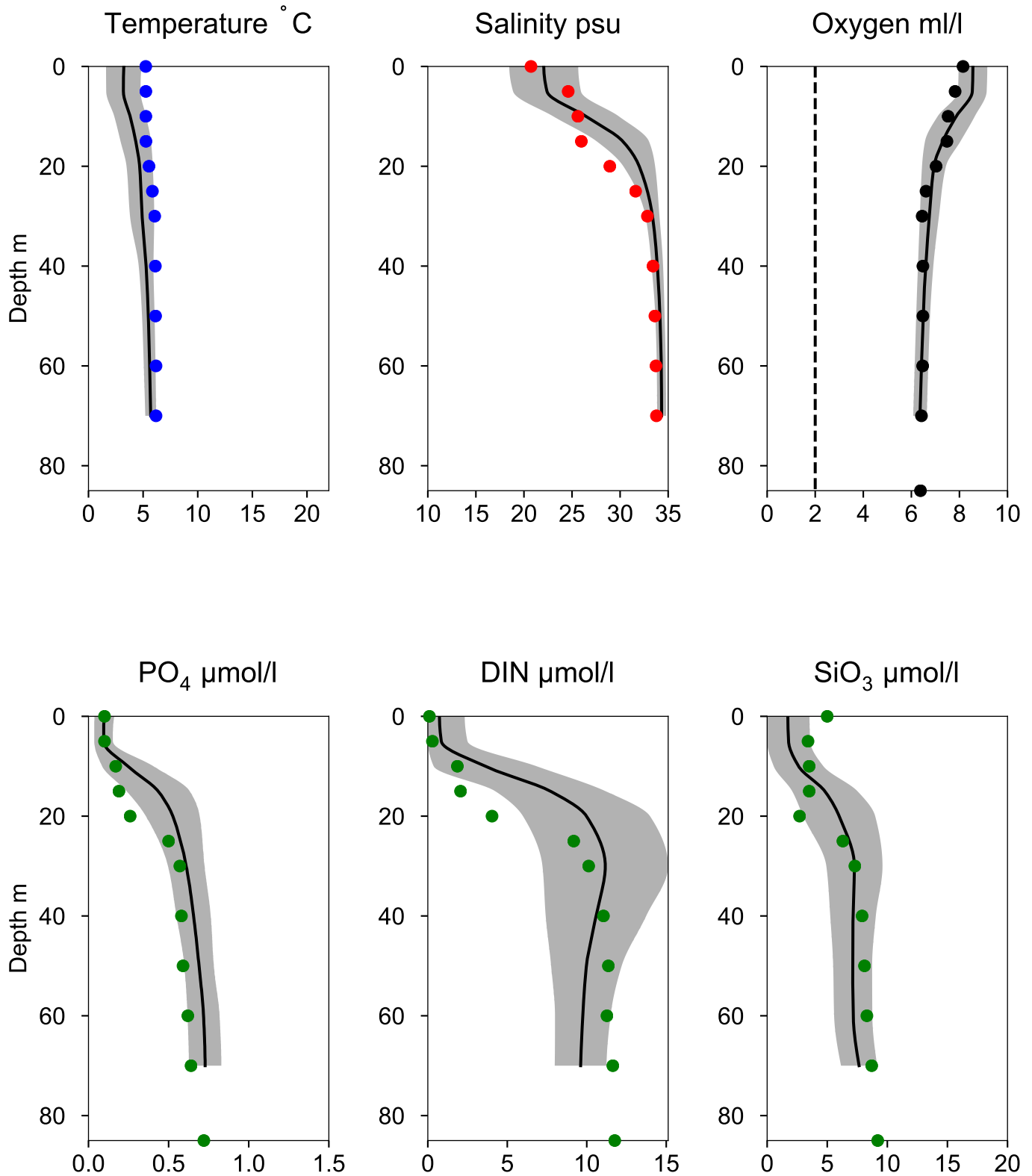
O₂ ml/l

O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles FLADEN March

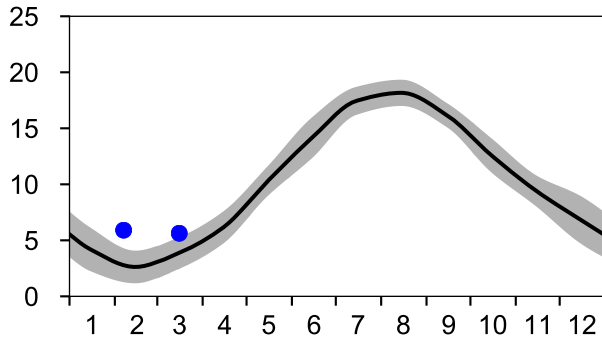
— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-16



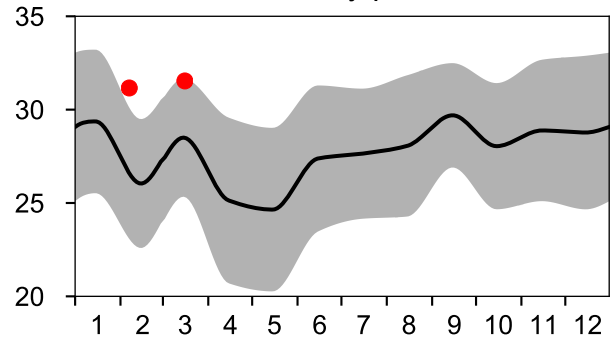
STATION P2 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

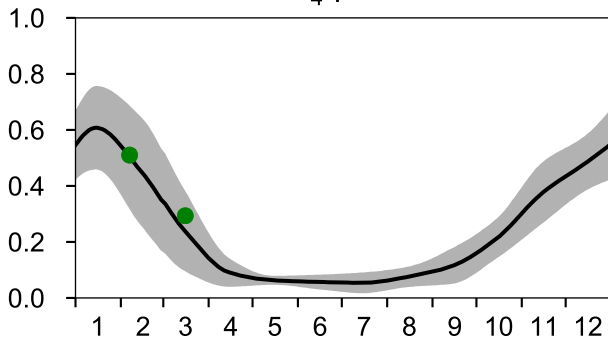
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



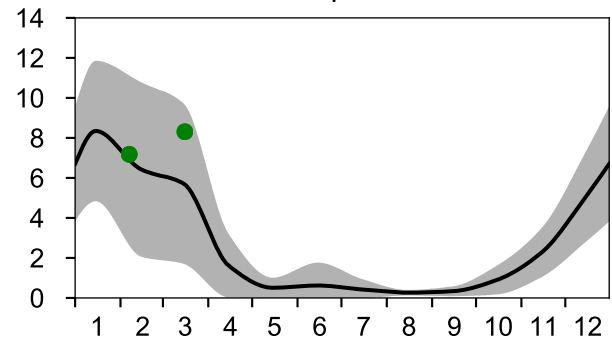
St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



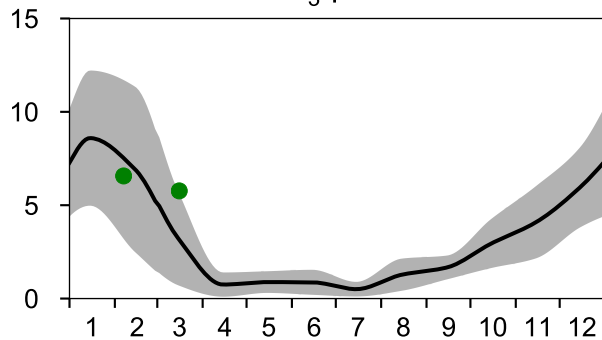
PO₄ µmol/l



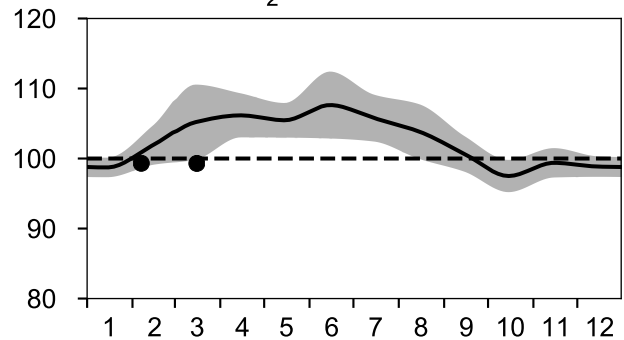
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

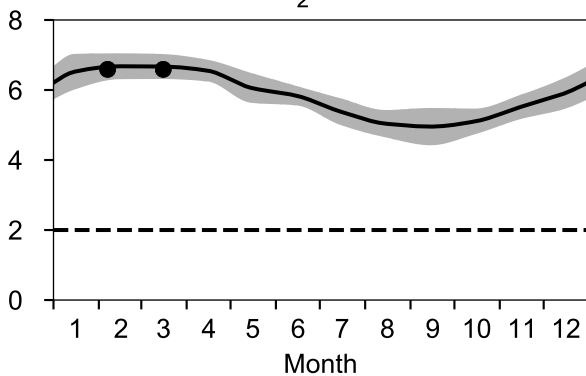


O₂ saturation %

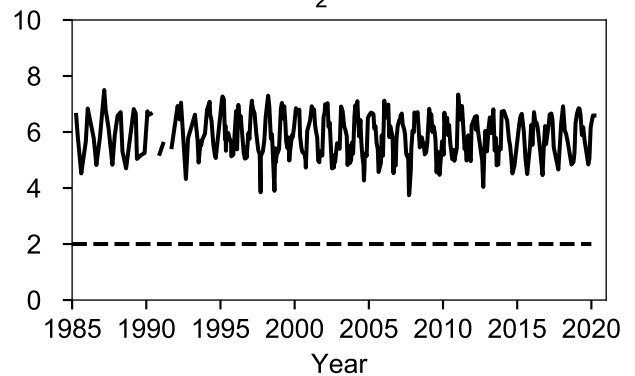


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 75 m)

O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

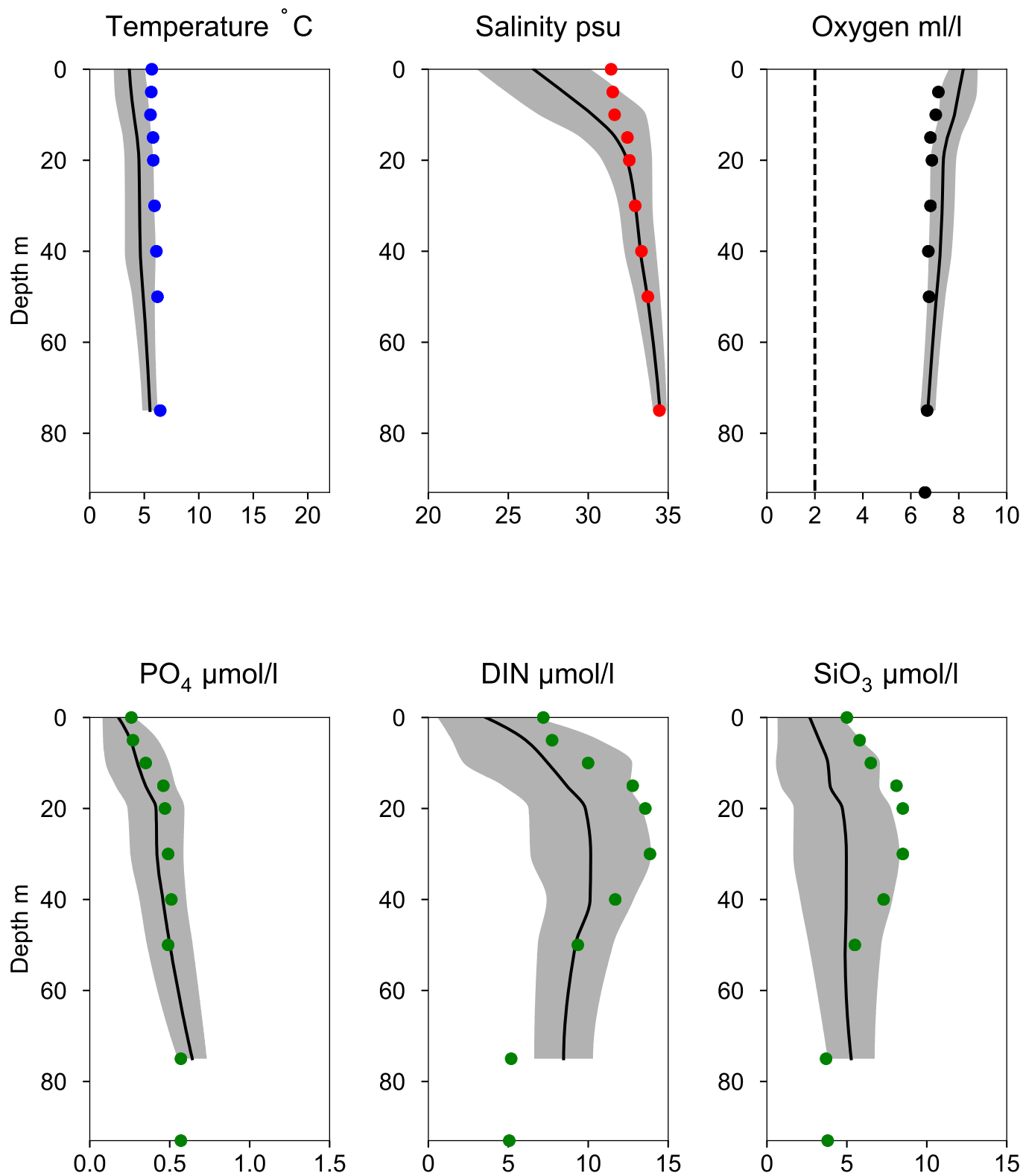


Vertical profiles P2 March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

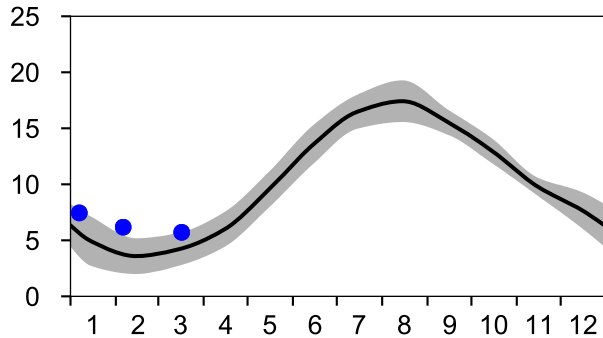
● 2020-03-16



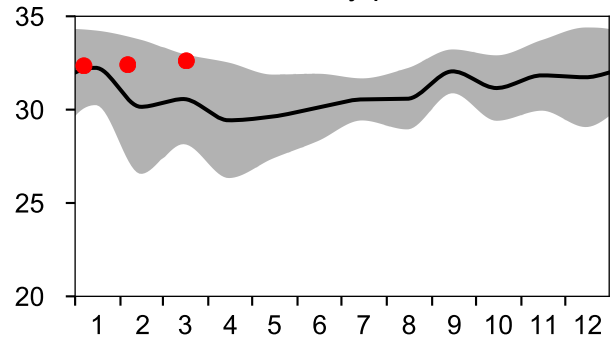
STATION Å17 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

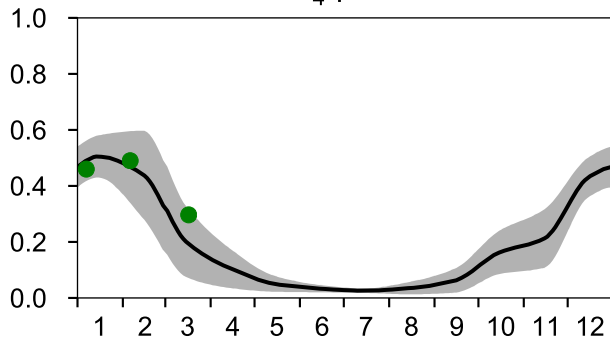
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



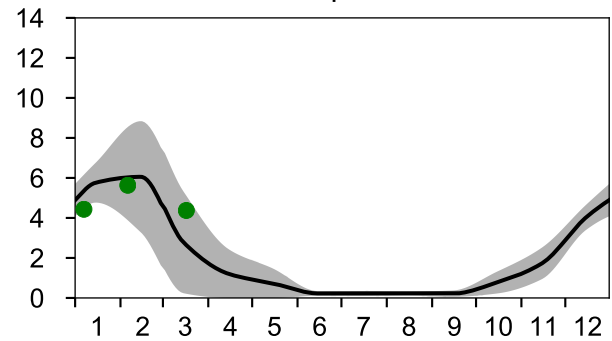
St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



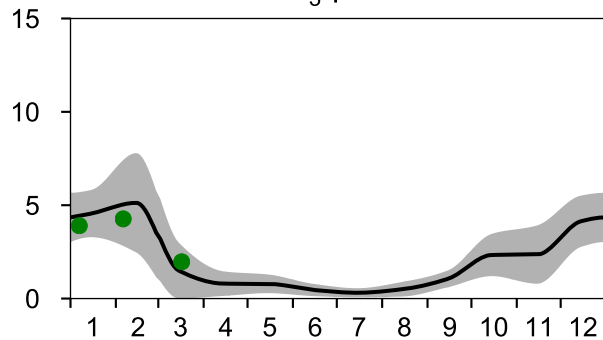
PO₄ µmol/l



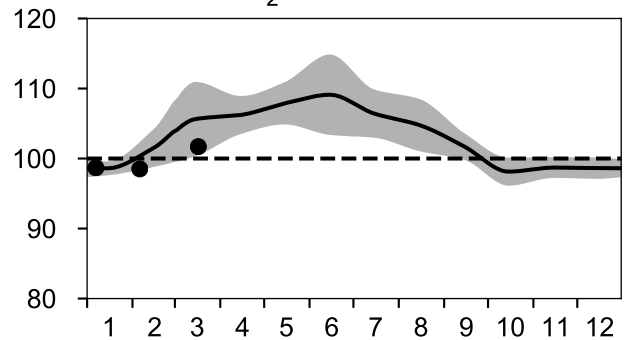
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

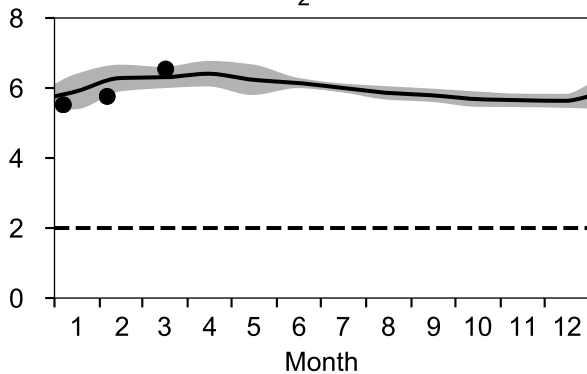


O₂ saturation %

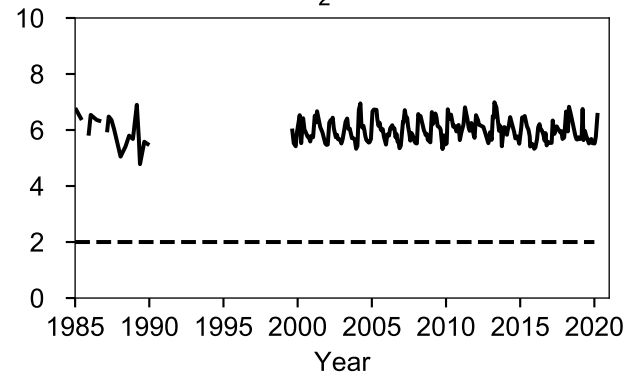


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 300 m)

O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

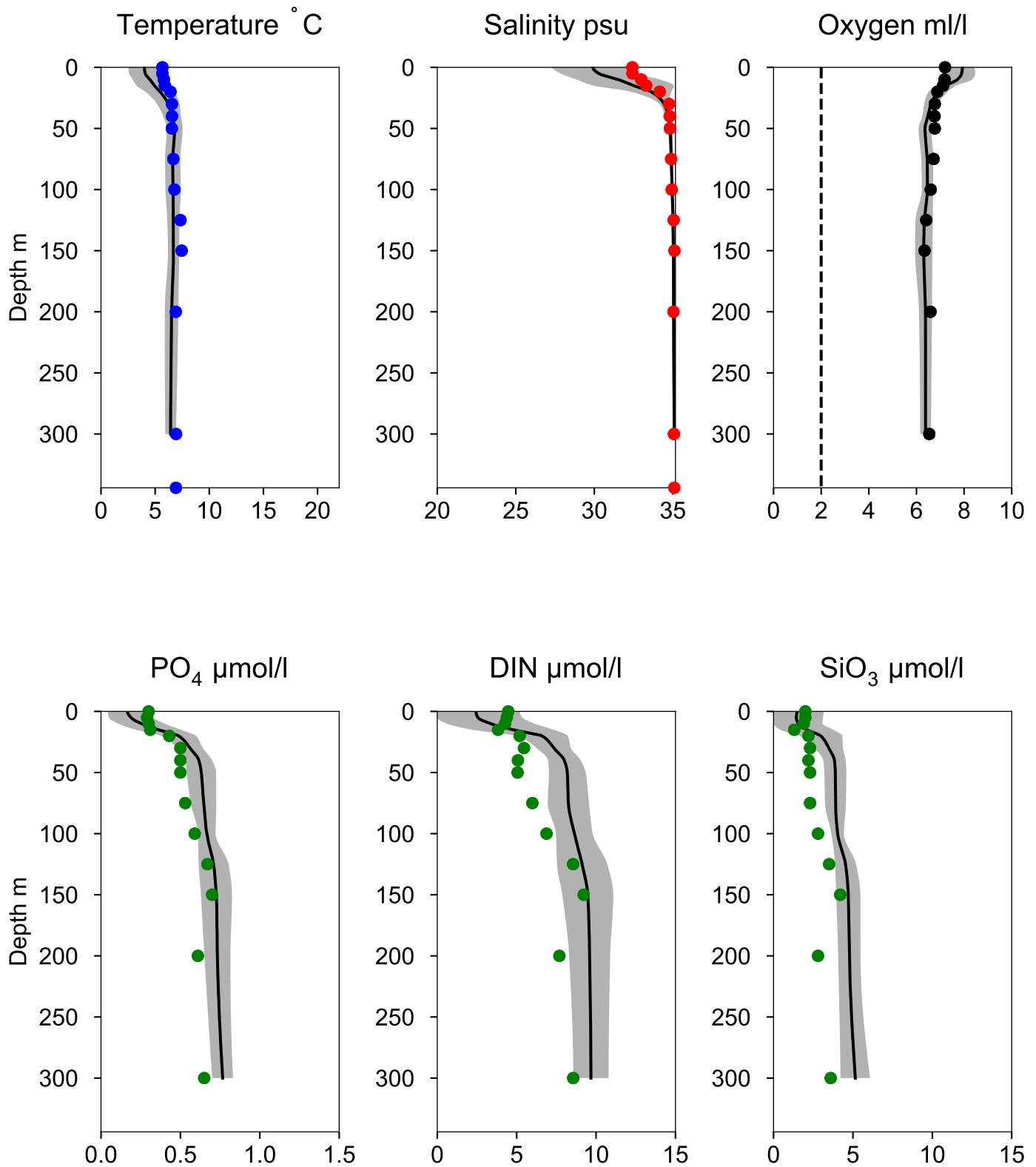


Vertical profiles Å17 March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

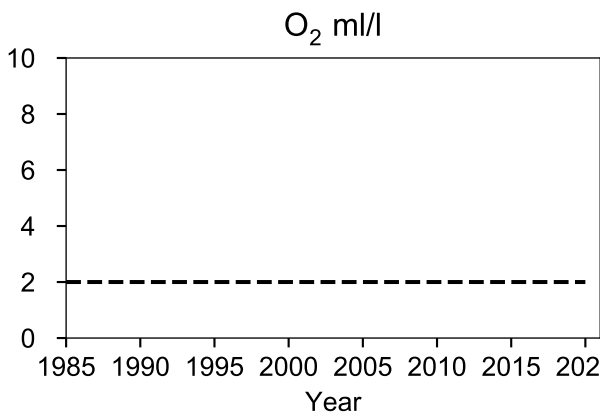
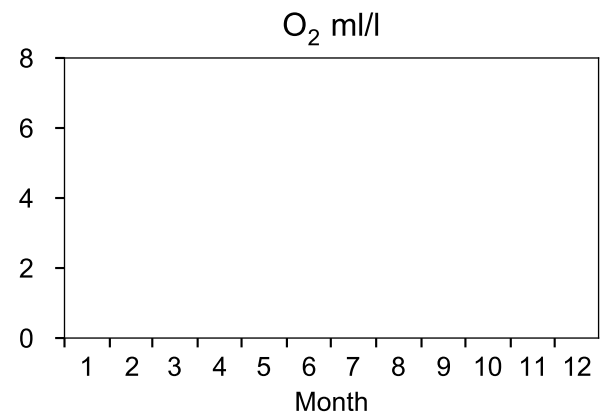
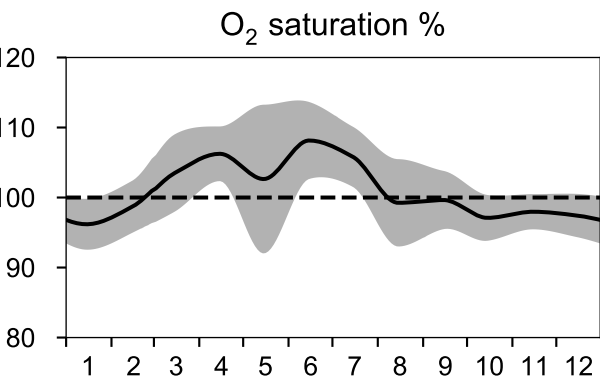
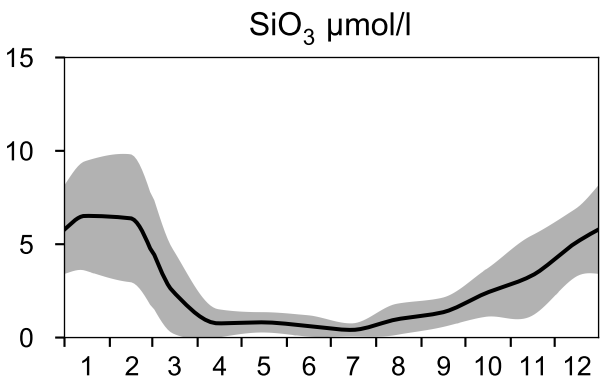
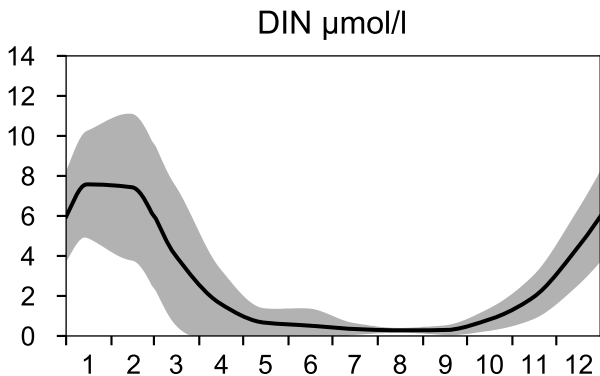
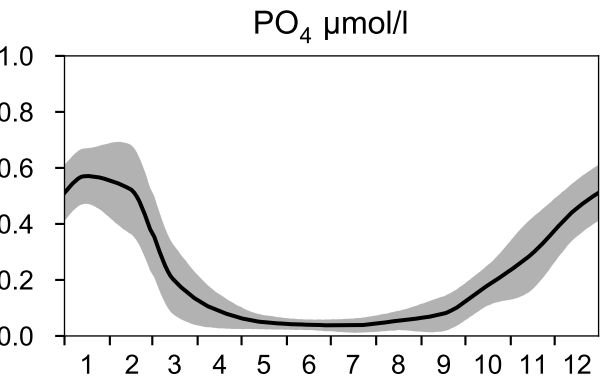
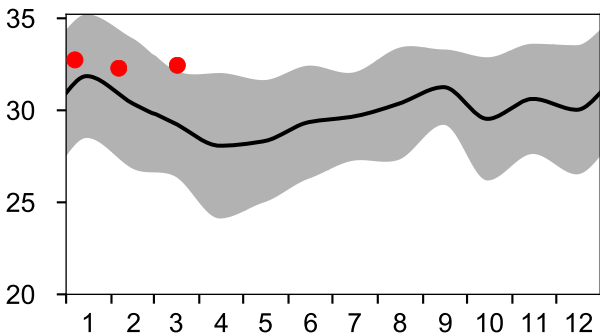
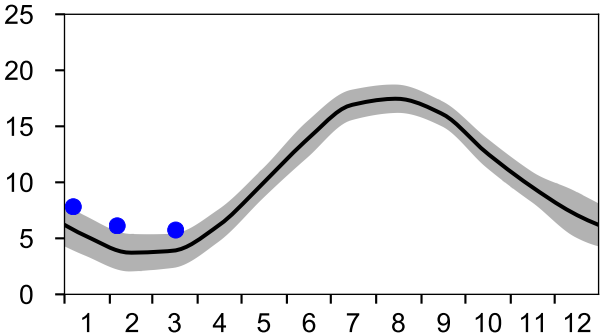
● 2020-03-17



STATION Å16 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020

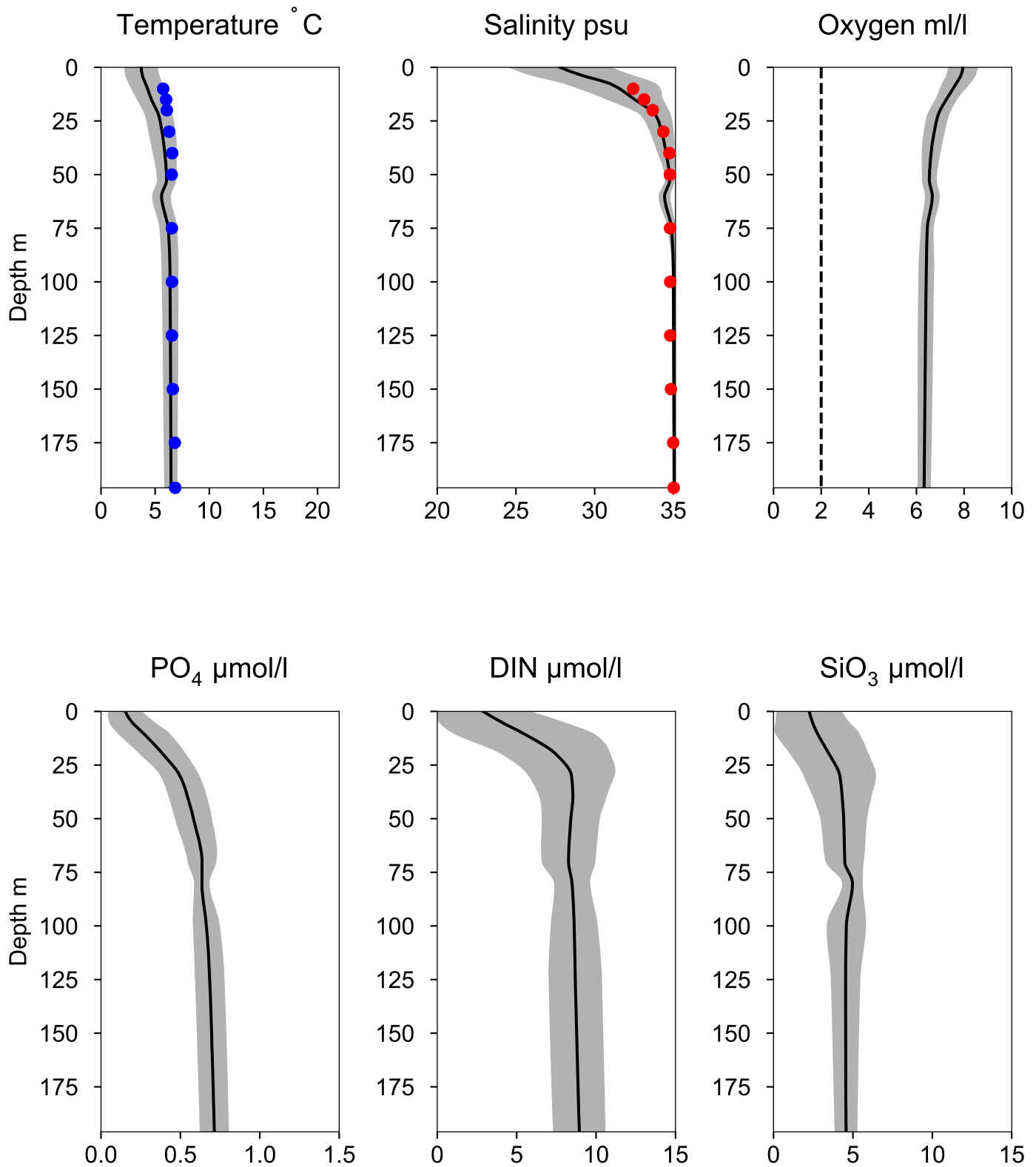


Vertical profiles Å16 March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

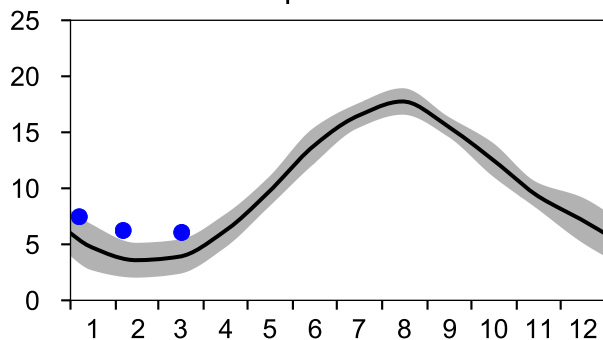
● 2020-03-17



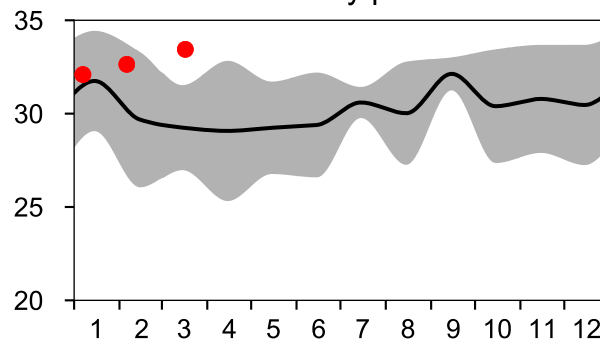
STATION Å15 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

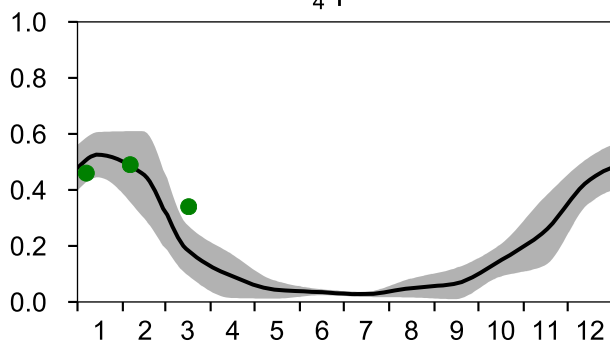
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



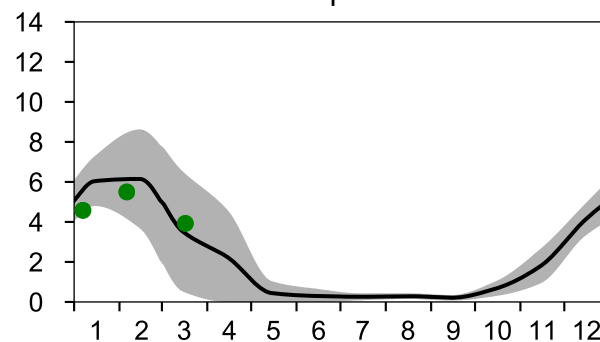
St.Dev. Salinity psu



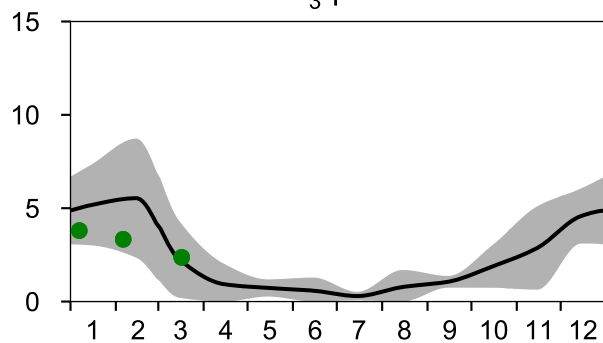
PO₄ µmol/l



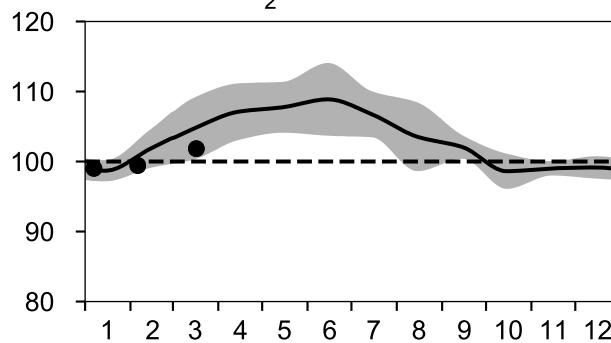
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

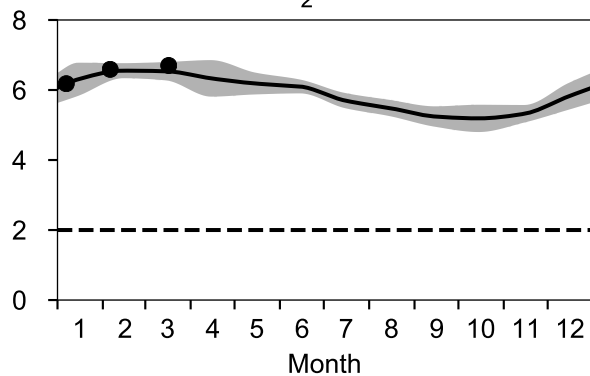


O₂ saturation %

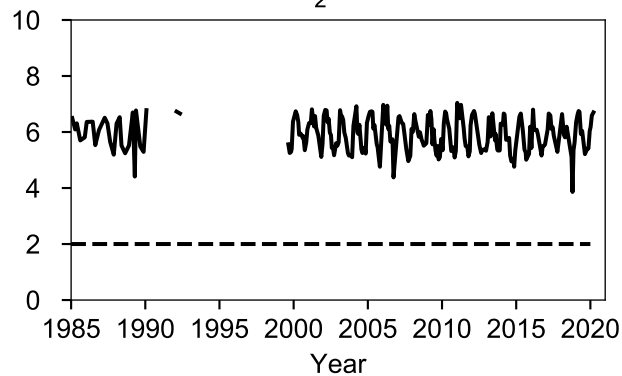


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 125 m)

O₂ ml/l

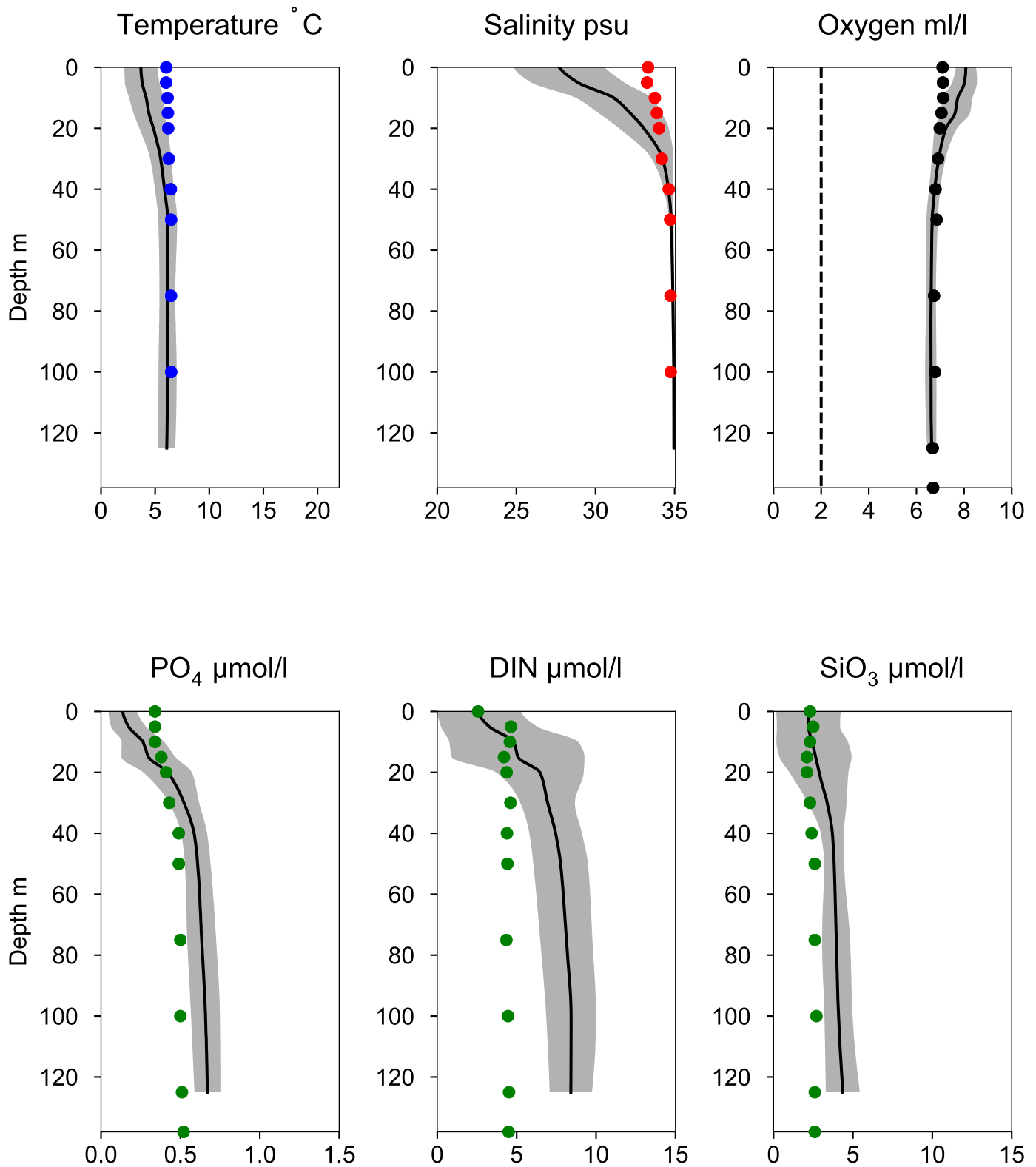


O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles Å15 March

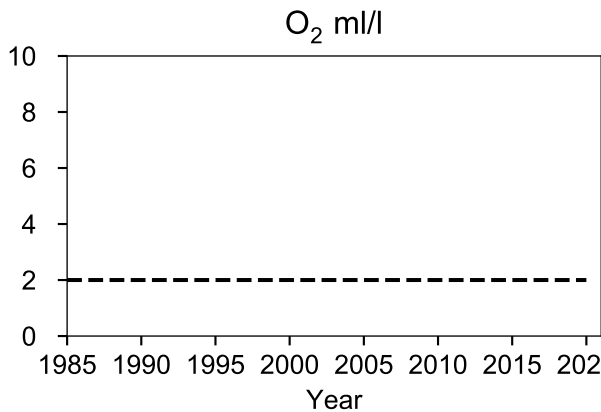
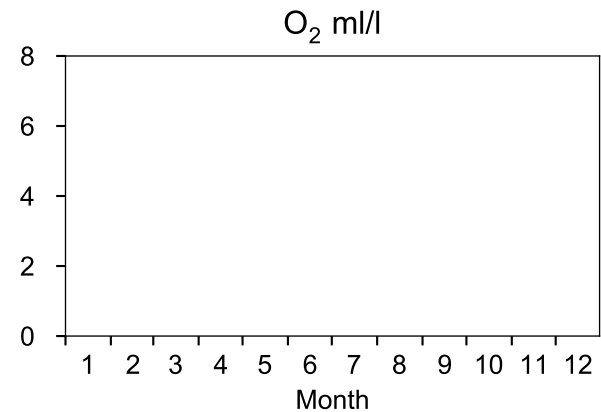
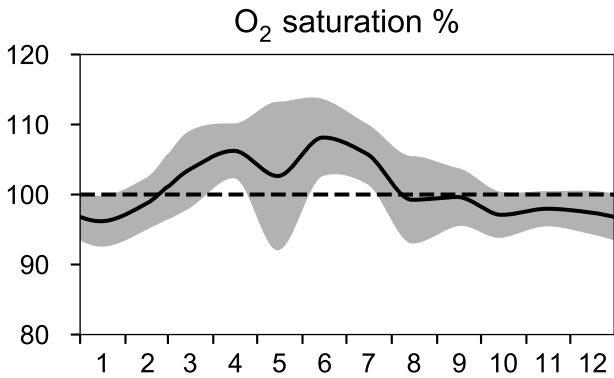
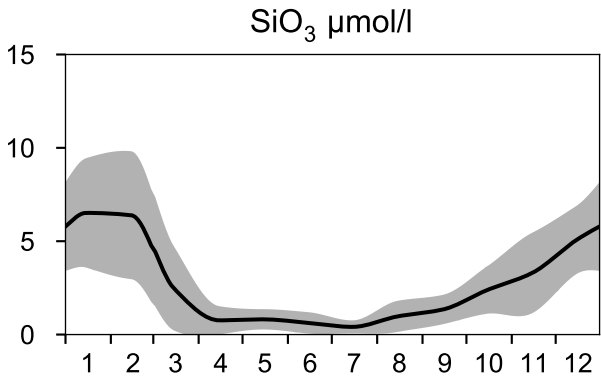
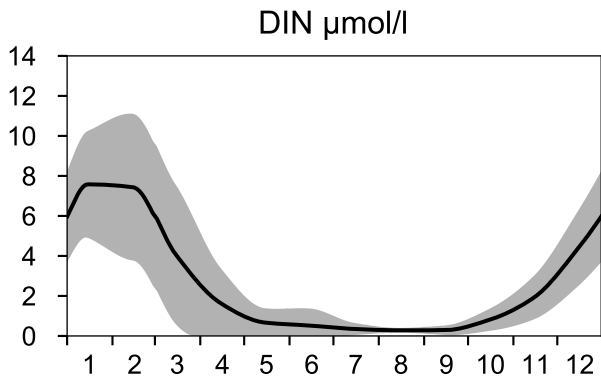
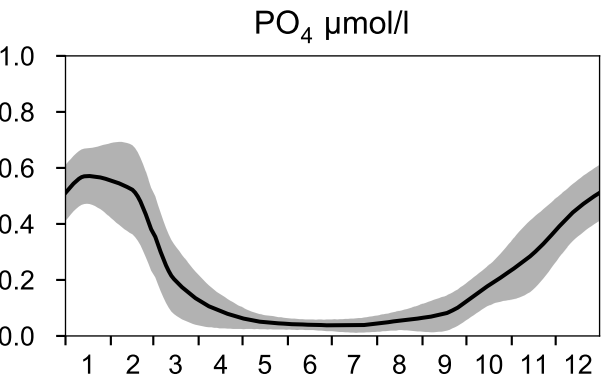
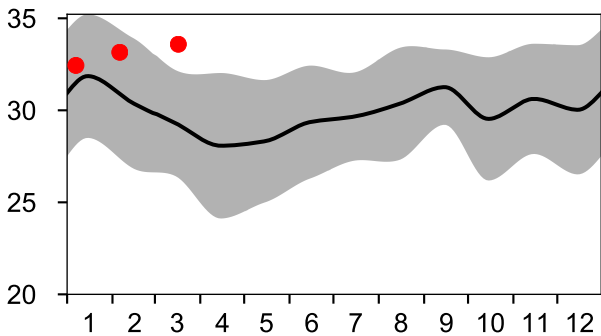
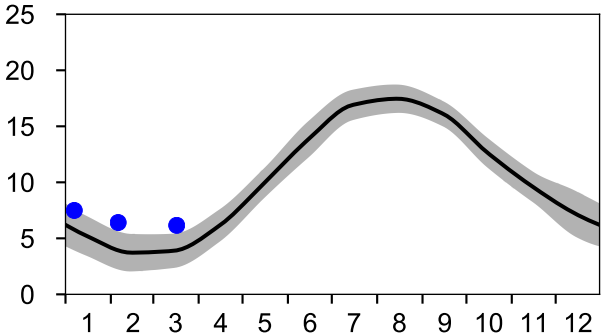
— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-17



STATION Å14 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

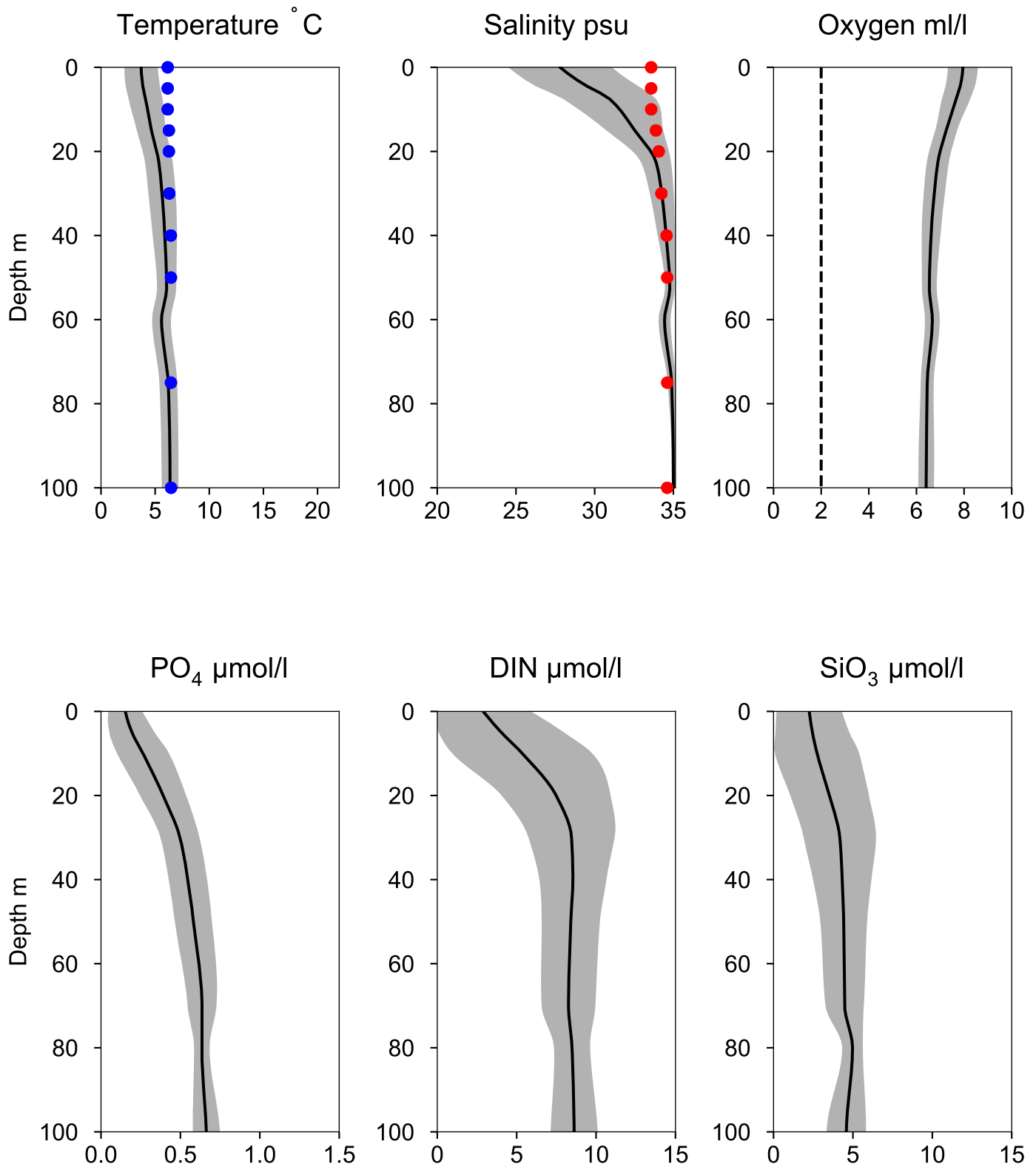
Annual Cycles

— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020



Vertical profiles Å14 March

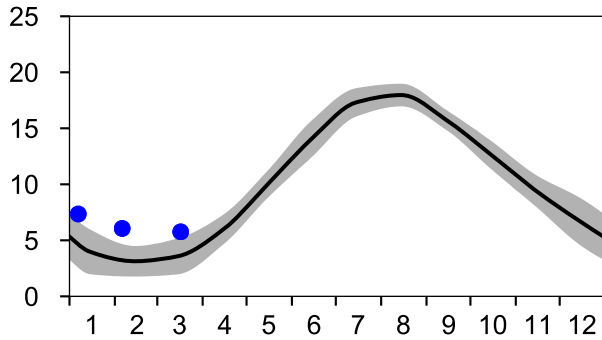
— Mean 2001-2015 St.Dev. • 2020-03-17



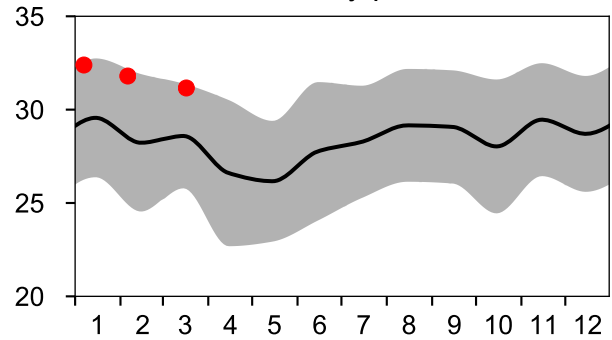
STATION Å13 SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

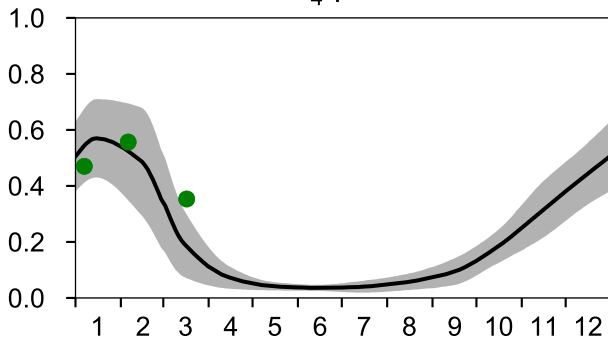
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



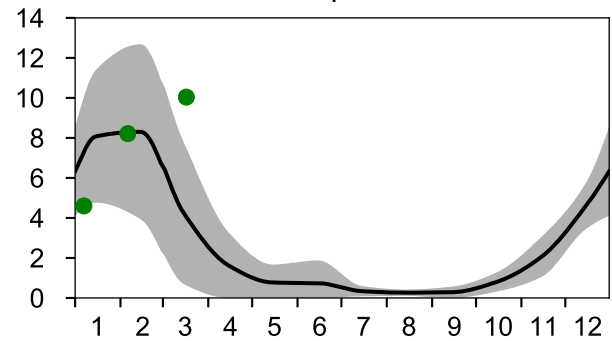
— St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



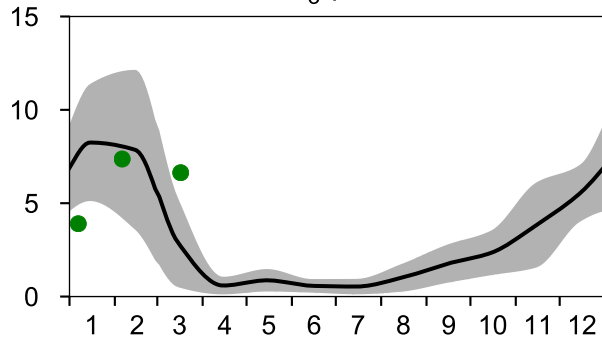
PO₄ µmol/l



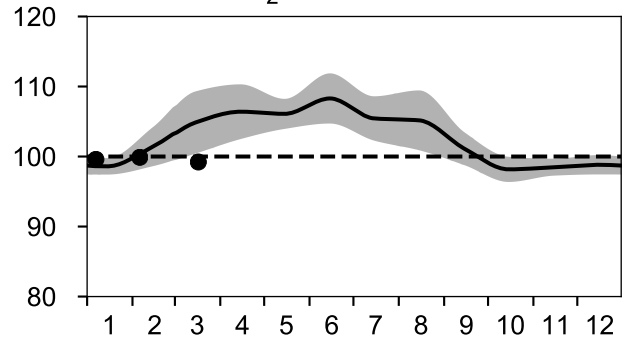
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

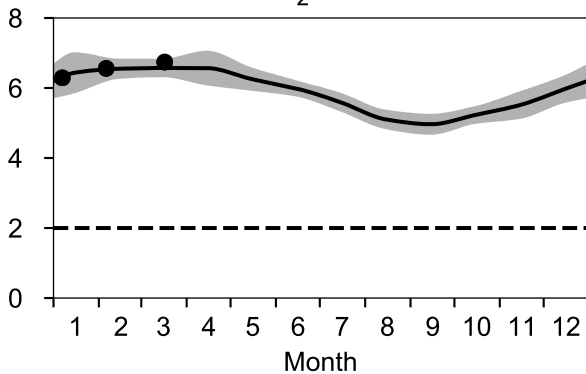


O₂ saturation %

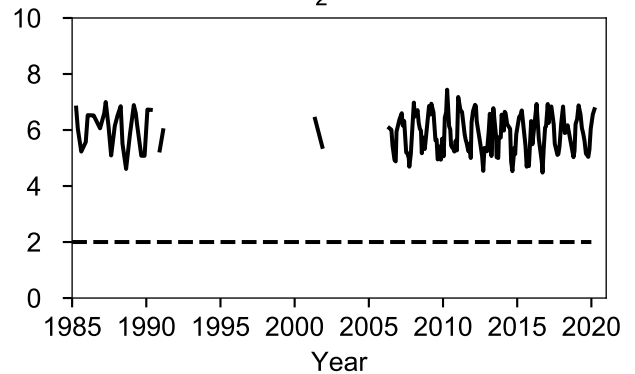


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 80 m)

O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l

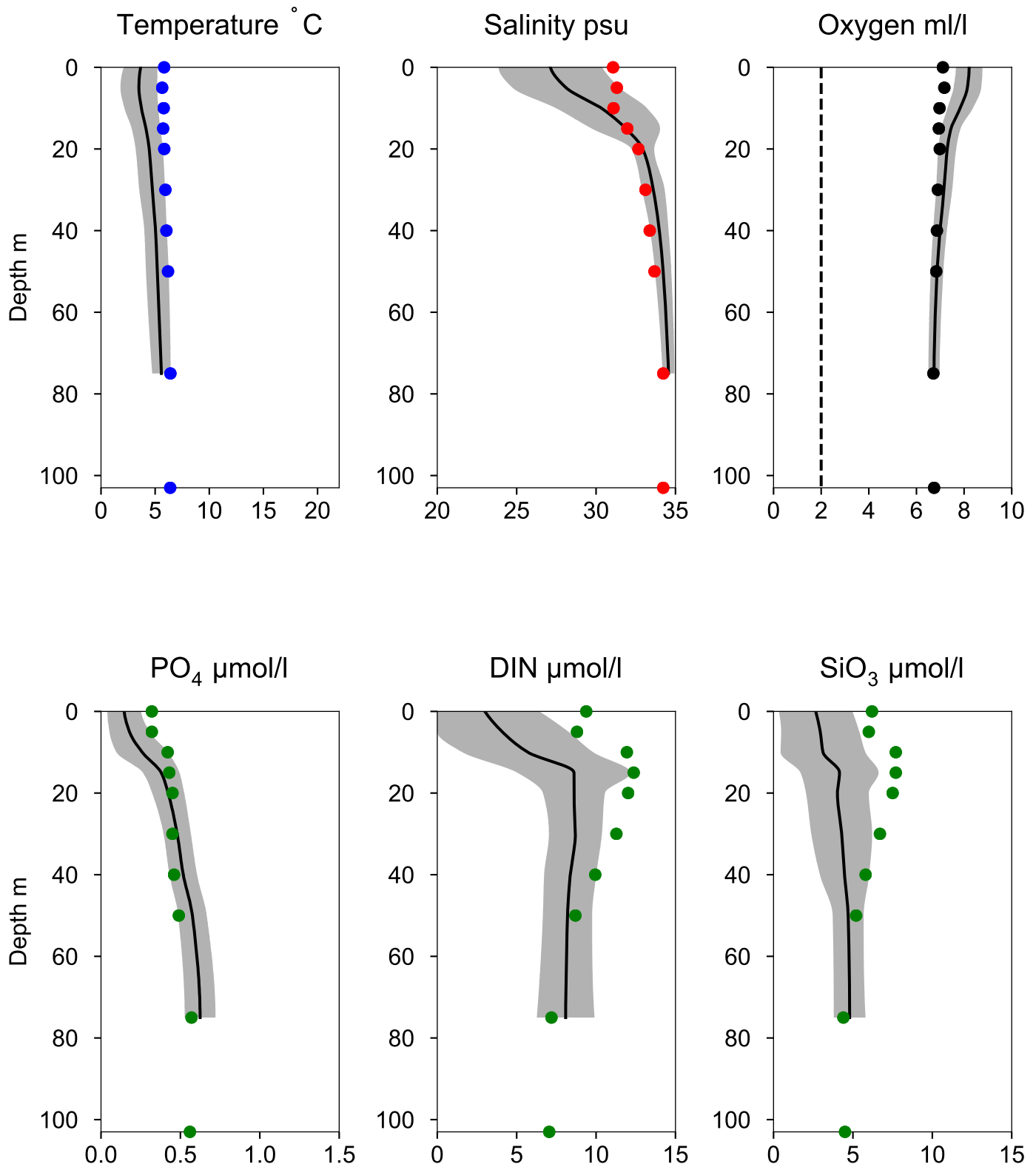


Vertical profiles Å13 March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

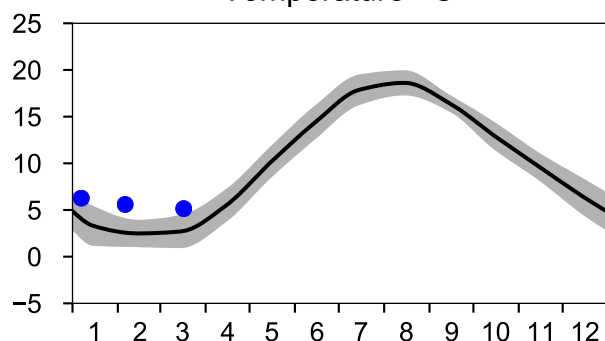
● 2020-03-17



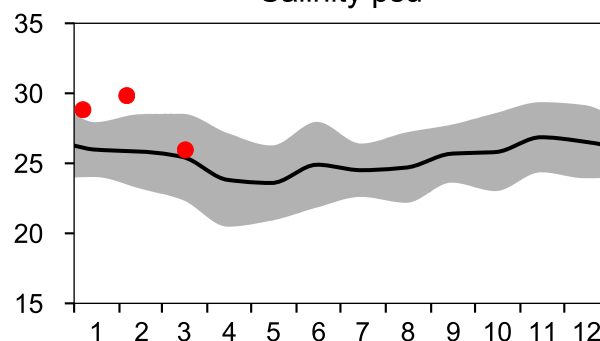
STATION SLÄGGÖ SURFACE WATER (0-10 m)

Annual Cycles

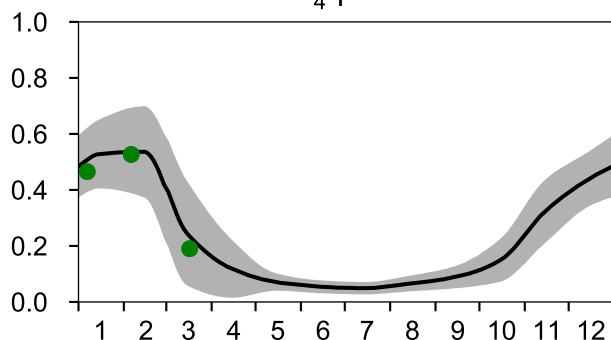
— Mean 2001-2015
Temperature °C



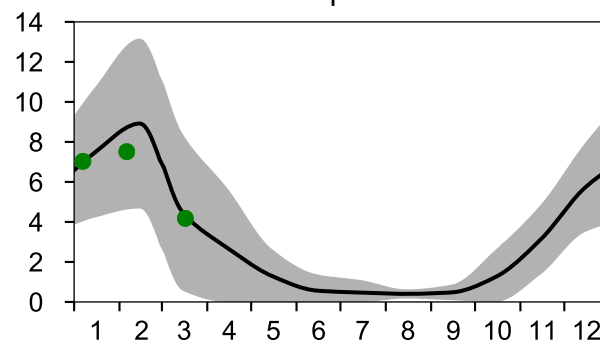
— St.Dev. • 2020
Salinity psu



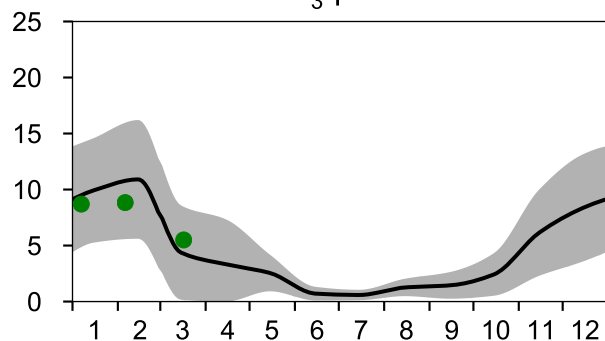
PO₄ µmol/l



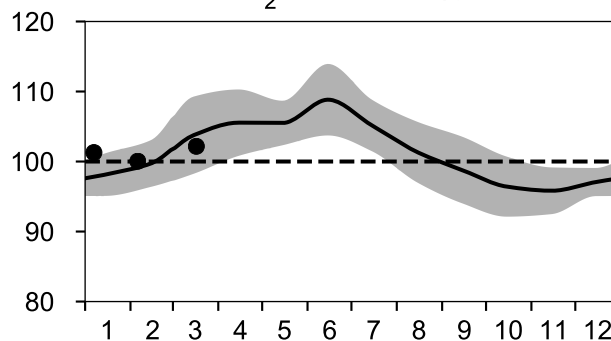
DIN µmol/l



SiO₃ µmol/l

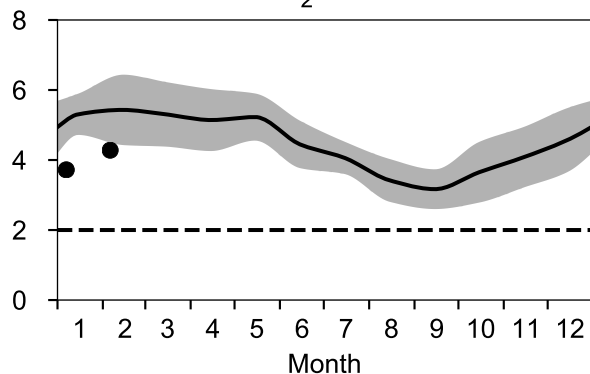


O₂ saturation %

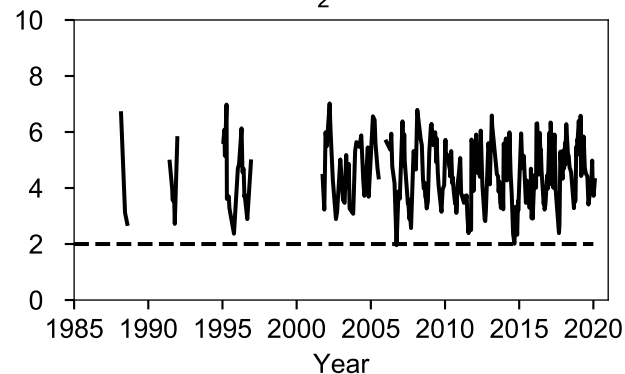


OXYGEN IN BOTTOM WATER (depth >= 64 m)

O₂ ml/l



O₂ ml/l



Vertical profiles SLÄGGÖ

March

— Mean 2001-2015

■ St.Dev.

● 2020-03-17

