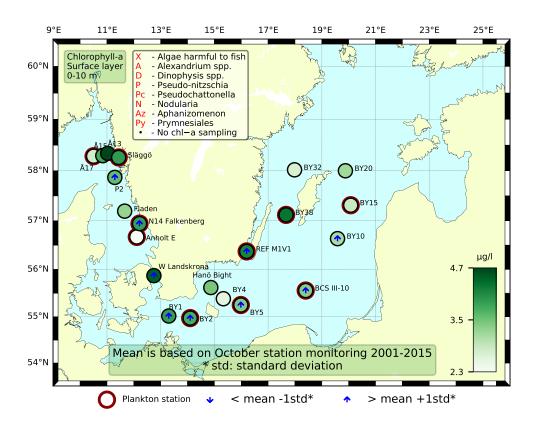


ALGAL SITUATION IN MARINE WATERS SURROUNDING SWEDEN

Sammanfattning

Diversiteten av växtplankton var över lag hög i Västerhavet. Kiselalger dominerade i antal vid samtliga stationer. Framför allt var kiselalgen *Leptocylindrus danicus* vanlig vid samtliga stationer. Vid Å17, den yttersta stationen i Skagerrak återfanns enstaka celler av arter som normalt förekommer i Nordsjön. De integrerade klorofyllhalterna (0-20 m) var över det normala vid N14 Falkenberg och även förhöjda vid båda stationerna i Skagerrak. De integrerade ytproverna (0-10 m) som sammanfaller i djup med slangproverna var förhöjda vid N14 Falkenberg, men inom det normala vid övriga stationer.

Antalet arter av växtplankton var allmänt högt för att vara i Östersjön, men med mestadels små celler och i låga antal. Klorofyllhalterna var ändå höga för månaden och vid flera stationer var de integrerade värdena (0-10 och 10-20 m) över det normala vilket inte speglades i de låga totala cellantalen.



Abstract

The phytoplankton diversity was over all high at all stations along the Swedish west coast. Diatoms dominated in numbers at all stations. Especially the diatom *Leptocylindrus danicus* was common at all stations. At Å17, the outer most station in the Skagerrak, a few cells of species more commonly found in the North Sea were found. The integrated (0-20 m) chlorophyll concentrations were above normal at N14 Falkenberg and at both stations in the Skagerrak for this month. The integrated (0-10 m) chlorophyll concentrations that coincide with the depth of the hose samples were above what is normal at N14 Falkenberg and within normal at the other stations.

The number of phytoplankton species was relatively high for the Baltic stations, but there were mainly small cells in low numbers. The chlorophyll concentrations were high for this month however, and the integrated concentrations (0-10 and 10-20 m) were above normal at several stations which did not really reflect the low total cell counts in the phytoplankton samples.

Below follows a more detailed information on species composition and abundance. Species marked with * are potentially toxic or harmful.

The Skagerrak

Å17 (open Skagerrak) 21st of October

The biodiversity and total cell numbers were moderate and consisted mainly of different diatoms. The potentially toxic diatom genus *Pseudo-nitzschia** was found in highest cell numbers. A few cells of species more commonly found in the North Sea such as *Guinardia striata*, *Lauderia annulata* and *Proboscia indica* were found. The integrated (0-20 m) chlorophyll concentration was above normal for this month but the integrated (0-10 m) was within normal.

Släggö (Skagerrak coast) 21st of October

The species diversity was high and the total cell numbers were moderate. Diatoms dominated clearly with several species in high cell numbers such as *Leptocylindrus danicus*, the genus *Pseudo-nitzschia** and *Pseudosolenia calcaravis*. Among the dinoflagellates different species of the genus *Tripos* was most numerous. The coccolithophorid *Emiliania huxleyi* was found in relatively high cell numbers among the smaller cells. The integrated (0-20 m) chlorophyll concentrations were slightly above normal for this month whereas the shallower integrated sample (0-10 m) was within normal for the month.



A few cells of species normally found in the North Sea was recorded at Å17, for example the diatom *Proboscia indica*.

The Kattegat

Anholt E 20th of October

The species diversity and total cell numbers were both relatively high. Diatoms dominated clearly with several species in high cell numbers such as *L. danicus*, the genus *Pseudo-nitzschia**, *Chaetoceros socialis* and *P. calcar-avis*. Among the dinoflagellates, *Tripos lineatus* was found in high cell numbers. The integrated (0-10 m and 0-20 m) chlorophyll concentrations were within normal for this month.

N14 Falkenberg 20th of October

The species diversity and cell numbers were relatively high. Diatoms dominated clearly with several species with high cell numbers. *Leptocylindrus danicus* had the highest cell numbers, but the genus *Pseudo-nitzschia**, *Chaetoceros socialis* and *Pseudosolenia calcar-avis* were also found in high cell numbers. The coccolihtophorid *E. huxleyi* was found in relatively high cell numbers among the smaller species. The integrated (0-10 m) and (0-20 m) chlorophyll concentrations were both above normal for this month

The Baltic

BY2 Arkona basin 20th of October

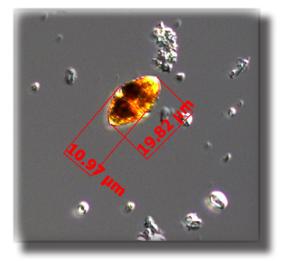
The species diversity was moderate but the total cell numbers were low, only cryptomonads were abundant. Several species of the diatom genus *Chaetoceros* were present in low cell numbers.

BY5 Bornholm basin 19th of October

The species diversity was moderate, but the small dinoflagellate *Gymnodinium verruculosum* and cryptomonads were abundant. The dinoflagellate *Prorocentrum cordatum** was present in low cell numbers.

BCSIII-10 19th of October

The phytoplankton diversity was low although the diatom *Dactyliosolen fragilissimus* and cryptomonadales were abundant.



The dinoflagellate *Gymnodinium* verruculosum was abundant at BY5.



The choanoflagellate *Calliaentha natans* was numerous at REFM1V1.

BY15 18th of October

The phytoplankton diversity was low, only cryptomonads were abundant.

BY38 17th of October

The species diversity was moderate and represented mainly by small species.

REFM1V1 16th of October

The phytoplankton diversity was low and there were low amounts of *Aphanizomenon flosaquae*. Cryptomonads and the choanoflagellate *Calliacantha natans* were abundant.

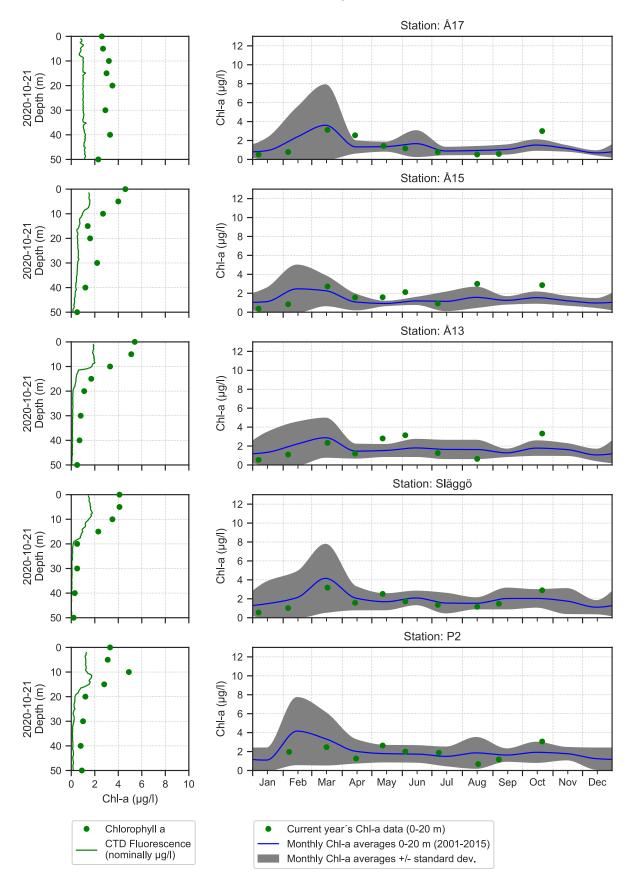
The integrated chlorophyll concentrations were above normal for this month at most of the Baltic stations.

Phytoplankton analysis and text: Marie Johansen and Ann-Turi Skjevik

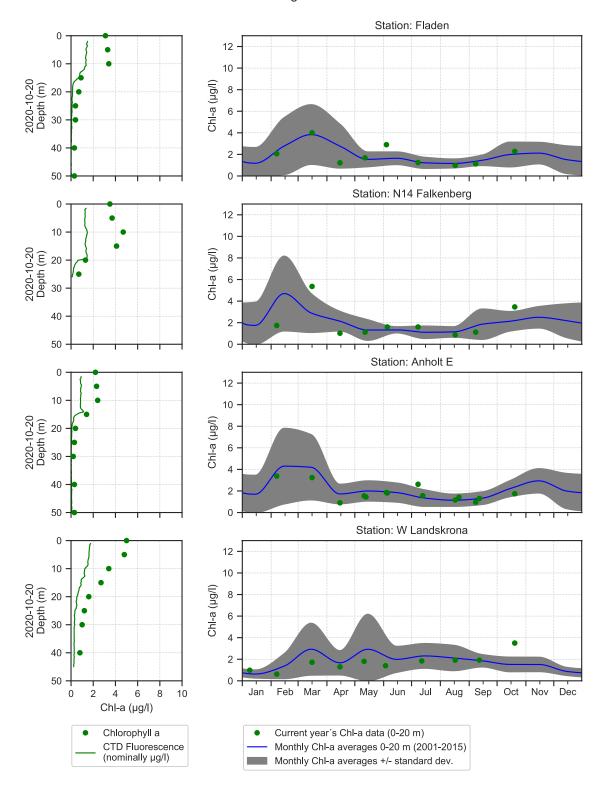
Selection of observed species	Anholt E	N14	Släggö	Å17
Red=potentially toxic species	20/10	20/10	21/10	21/10
Hose 0-10 m	presence	presence	presence	presence
Cerataulina pelagica			present	
Chaetoceros			present	present
Chaetoceros affinis	present		present	
Chaetoceros cf. convolutus	present	present	present	common
Chaetoceros debilis			present	
Chaetoceros socialis	common	common	present	present
Chaetoceros throndsenii	present		present	
Coscinodiscus			present	
Dactyliosolen fragilissimus	present	present	present	present
Guinardia flaccida	present	present	present	
Guinardia striata				present
Lauderia annulata				present
Leptocylindrus danicus	common	very common	very common	very common
Nitzschia longissima	common	common	present	
Proboscia indica				present
Pseudo-nitzschia	common	common	common	very common
Pseudosolenia calcar-avis	common	common	common	common
Rhizosolenia imbricata			present	
Rhizosolenia setigera	present	present	present	
Rhizosolenia setigera f. pungens	present	present	present	
Thalassionema nitzschioides				present
Thalassiosira			present	
Thalassiosira gravida			present	
Dinophysis acuminata		present		
Diplopsalis cpx				present
Gymnodiniales	common	present		
Gymnodinium cf. litoralis	present	present	present	
Gyrodinium flagellare	present		present	present
Gyrodinium spirale	present	present	present	
Heterocapsa rotundata	present			
Karenia mikimotoi		present	present	
Noctiluca scintillans	present		present	present
Pentapharsodinium dalei			present	
Peridiniales	present	present	present	
Phalacroma rotundatum		present		
Polykrikos schwartzii	present	present	present	
Prorocentrum micans	present			
Protoperidinium bipes			present	
Protoperidinium claudicans			present	
Protoperidinium crassipes				present
Protoperidinium divergens	present	present	present	
Protoperidinium pallidum	present	present		
Scrippsiella cpx			present	
Tripos furca	present	present	common	present
Tripos fusus		present		present
Tripos lineatus	common	present	present	present
Tripos macroceros			present	present
Tripos muelleri	present		present	present
Dinobryon faculiferum	present	present		
Cryptomonadales	present	present	common	common
Emiliania huxleyi	present	common	common	present
Leucocryptos marina	present		present	present
Dictyocha NK			present	
Dictyocha fibula			present	
Pseudopedinella pyriformis	present	present		
Choanoflagellatea	present		present	

Redispotentially toxic species 19/10 20/10 Presence Pr	Selection of observed species	BCSIII-10	BY2	BY5	BY15	BY38	RefM1V1
Cerataulina pelagica present p	Red=potentially toxic species	19/10	20/10	19/10	18/10	17/10	16/10
Chaetoceros castracanei present present present present present present chaetoceros convolutus present	Hose 0-10 m	presence	presence	presence	presence	presence	presence
Chaetoceros curvisetus Chaetoceros curvisetus Chaetoceros danicus Chaetoceros danicus Chaetoceros danicus Chaetoceros danicus Chaetoceros danicus Chaetoceros danicus Chaetoceros denicus Chaetoceros trendisenii Coscinodiscus centralis Coscinodiscus centralis Coscinodiscus concinnus Cyclotella chottawhatcheeana Cyclotella chottawhatcheeana Cycloridrotheca closterium Cacylindrotheca closterium Cacyl	Cerataulina pelagica	present	present	present			
Chaetoceros durvisetus present present present present present present present chaetoceros danicus present present present present present present present chaetoceros throndenii Coscinodiscus centralis present present present present coscinodiscus continus present present present present coscinodiscus continus present presen	Chaetoceros castracanei		present	present	present	present	present
Chaetoceros danicus present present present present present present control present present present present present present control present pr	Chaetoceros convolutus		present				
Chaetoceros Iorenzianus present presen	Chaetoceros curvisetus		present				
Chaetoceros throndsenii present presen	Chaetoceros danicus	present	present	present	present	present	present
Coscinodiscus centralis Coscinodiscus concinnus Cyclotella choctawhatcheana Cylindrotheca closterium Dactyliosolen fragilissimus Common present Dinophysis norvegica Cymnodiniales Cymno	Chaetoceros lorenzianus		present	present			
Coscinodiscus concinnus Cyclotella choctawhatcheeana Cyclotella choctawhat	Chaetoceros throndsenii						present
Cyclotella choctawhatcheeana Cylindrotheca closterium Dactyliosolen fragilisimus Skeletonema marinoi Skeletonema marinoi Dactyliosolen fragilisimus Skeletonema marinoi Dinophysis acuminata Dinophysis acuminata Dinophysis norvegica Symnodiniales Symnodiniale Symnodiniale Symnodiniale Symnodiniale Symnodiniala Symposent	Coscinodiscus centralis		present				
Cylindrotheca closterium Dactyliosolen fragilissimus Common present present Dactyliosolen fragilissimus Skeletonema marinoi Dinophysis acuminata Dinophysis acuminata Dinophysis acuminata Dinophysis norvegica Cymnodiniales Dresent Dinophysis norvegica Cymnodiniales Dresent Drese	Coscinodiscus concinnus					present	
Dactyliosolen fragilissimus common present present present present Dinophysis acuminata present present present Dinophysis norvegica present p	Cyclotella choctawhatcheeana						present
skeletonema marinoi present pr	Cylindrotheca closterium			present			
Amphidinium crassum Dinophysis acuminata Dinophysis norvegica Symnodiniales Symnodiniales Symnodiniales Symnodiniales Symnodiniam verruculosum Present Peterocapsa Present Peterocapsa triquetra Katodinium glaucum Peridiniales Symnodiniales Symnodiniam Peridiniales Symnodiniam Symnod	Dactyliosolen fragilissimus	common	present	present			
Dinophysis acuminata Dinophysis norvegica Gymnodiniales Gymnodiniales Gymnodiniales Gymnodinium verruculosum present protocentrum cordatum present protocentrum micans protocentrum micans protocentrum present presen	Skeletonema marinoi			present			present
Dinophysis norvegica Gymnodiniales present proccentrum cordatum present prorocentrum micans prorocentrum micans prorocentrum micans present pr	Amphidinium crassum		present				
Gymnodiniales present	Dinophysis acuminata		present				
Gymnodinium verruculosum present prese	Dinophysis norvegica						present
Heterocapsa present pr	Gymnodiniales	present	present	present		present	present
Heterocapsa rotundata present	Gymnodinium verruculosum	present	present	common	present	present	present
Heterocapsa triquetra present present present present Procent present	Heterocapsa	present	present	present		present	
Katodinium glaucum present pre	Heterocapsa rotundata	present		present	present	present	present
Peridiniales present p	Heterocapsa triquetra			present			present
Prorocentrum cordatum present present present present Prorocentrum micans present present present Protodinium simplex present present present Aphanizomenon flosaquae present present present present Woronichinia present present present present Binuclearia lauterbornii present present present present present Pseudopedinella present present present present present Dinobryon acuminatum present present present present present Pyramimonas present present present present present present Ebria tripartita present present present present present Calliacantha natans present present present present present present Choanoflagellatea present present present present present present Didolnium nasutum present pres	Katodinium glaucum				present	present	
Protodinium simplex Protodinium simplex Protodinium simplex Protodinium simplex Protodinium simplex Present Pr	Peridiniales		present	present	present	present	
Protodinium simplex Tripos muelleri Aphanizomenon flosaquae present pre	Prorocentrum cordatum	present	present	present	present	present	
Tripos muelleri present presen	Prorocentrum micans		present				
Aphanizomenon flosaquae present present present present Woronichinia present present present present Binuclearia lauterbornii Eutreptiella present present present present present present present Pseudopedinella present present present present present present Dinobryon acuminatum Cryptomonadales common common common common common common Pterosperma present present present present present present present Ebria tripartita present present present present present Ebria tripartita present present present present present Calliacantha natans present present present present present present Choanoflagellatea present present present present present present Leucocryptos marina Ciliophora present present present present present present present Coxiiella helix Didinium nasutum	Protodinium simplex			present			
Snowella present prese	Tripos muelleri		present	present			
Woronichinia present p	Aphanizomenon flosaquae		present		present		present
Binuclearia lauterbornii present prese	Snowella				present	present	
Eutreptiella present p	Woronichinia	present			present	present	
Pseudopedinella present present present present present present present Dinobryon acuminatum Cryptomonadales Common common common common common common common Pterosperma present present present present present present Pyramimonas present present present present present Ebria tripartita present present present present Calliacantha natans present present present present present present Choanoflagellatea present present present present present present Leucocryptos marina present present present present present Ciliophora present present present present present present Didinium nasutum Didinium nasutum	Binuclearia lauterbornii				present		
Dinobryon acuminatum present Cryptomonadales common common common common common Pterosperma present present present present present Pyramimonas present present present present present Ebria tripartita present present present present present Calliacantha natans present present present present present present Choanoflagellatea present present present present present present Leucocryptos marina Ciliophora present present present present present present Coxliella helix Didinium nasutum present	Eutreptiella		present	present	present	present	present
Cryptomonadales common common common common common common common present prese	Pseudopedinella	present	present		present	present	present
Pterosperma present pr	Dinobryon acuminatum						present
Pyramimonas present present present present present present Ebria tripartita present present present present present present Calliacantha natans present present present present present present present Choanoflagellatea present present present present present present Leucocryptos marina Ciliophora present present present present present present Coxliella helix present Didinium nasutum present present present Didinium nasutum present	Cryptomonadales	common	common	common	common	common	common
Ebria tripartita present prese	Pterosperma	present	present		present	present	present
Calliacantha natans present pr	Pyramimonas	present	present	present	present	present	
Choanoflagellatea present present present present present Leucocryptos marina present present present present present Ciliophora present present present present present present Coxliella helix present Didinium nasutum present	Ebria tripartita	present	present	present		present	
Leucocryptos marina present present present present present present present Coxliella helix present Didinium nasutum present	Calliacantha natans	present	present	present	present	present	present
Ciliophora present present present present present present present Coxliella helix present Didinium nasutum present	Choanoflagellatea	present			present	present	present
Coxliella helix present Didinium nasutum present	Leucocryptos marina						present
Didinium nasutum present	Ciliophora	present	present	present	present	present	present
	Coxliella helix			present			
Mesodinium rubrum present present present present	Didinium nasutum					present	
protein protein	Mesodinium rubrum			present		present	present

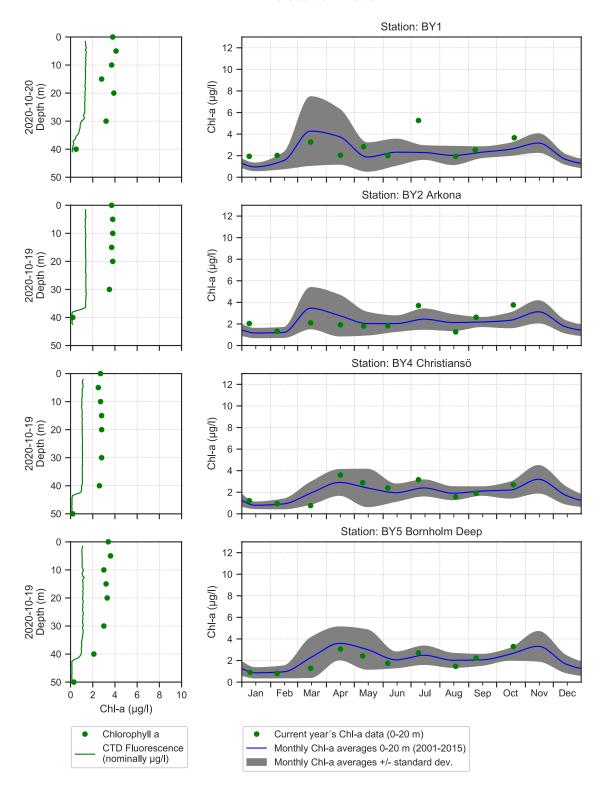
The Skagerrak



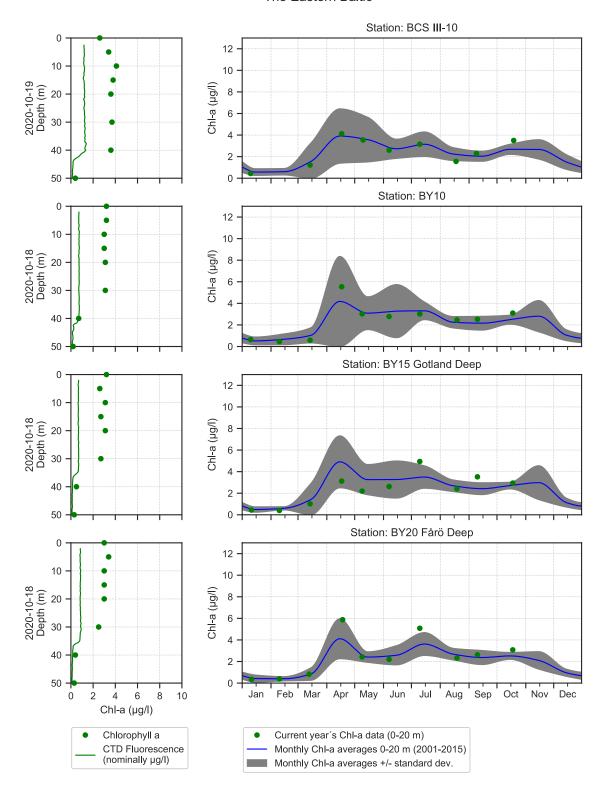
The Kattegat and The Sound



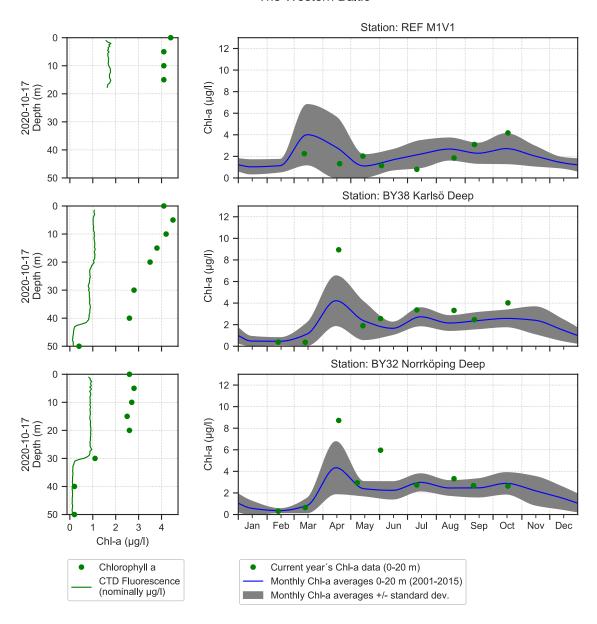
The Southern Baltic



The Eastern Baltic



The Western Baltic



Om klorofylldiagrammen

Klorofyll a är ett mått på mängden växtplankton. Prover tas från ett antal djup. Data presenteras både från de fasta djupen och som medelvärden 0-20 m. Utöver resultaten från laboratorieanalyserna av vattenprover mäts klorofyll a som fluorescens från ett automatiskt instrument som sänks ned från fartyget. På så sätt kan djupt liggande, ibland tunna lager av växtplankton observeras.

About the chlorophyll graphs

Chlorophyll a is sampled from several depths. Data are presented both from the discrete depths and as an average 0-20 m. In addition to the laboratory analysis from the water samples chlorophyll fluorescence is measured in continuous depth profiles from the ship. This is a way to observe thin layers of phytoplankton occurring below the surface.

Om AlgAware

SMHI genomför månatliga expeditioner i Östersjön och Västerhavet. Resultat baserade på semikvantitativ mikroskopanalys av planktonprover samt klorofyllmätningar presenteras kortfattat i denna rapport. Information från SMHIs satellitövervakning av algblomningar finns under perioden juni-augusti på www.smhi.se. Resultat från provtagningarna kan hämtas från SMHI:s databas på sharkweb.smhi.se. Hydrografidata läggs ut varje månad, växtplanktondata läggs ut en gång per år.

About AlgAware

SMHI carries out monthly cruises in the Baltic and the Kattegat/Skagerrak. Results from semi quantitative microscopic analysis of phytoplankton samples as well as chlorophyll measurements are presented in brief in this report. Information from SMHIs satellite monitoring of algal blooms is found on www.smhi.se during the period June-August. Results from the expeditions are found in the SMHI database, sharkweb.smhi.se. Data are published monthly, phytoplankton data however, are published once a year.

Art / Species	Gift / Toxin	Eventuella symptom Milda symptom:	Clinical symptoms Mild case:
Alexandrium spp.	Paralytic	Inom 30 min.:	Within 30 min:
	shellfish		
	poisoning	Stickningar eller en känsla av	tingling sensation or numbness around
	(PSP)	bedövning runt läpparna, som	lips, gradually spreading to face and neck;
		sprids gradvis till ansiktet och	prickly sensation in fingertips and toes;
		nacken; stickningar i fingertoppar	headake, dizziness, nausea, vomiting,
		och tår;	diarrhoea.
		Huvudvärk; yrsel, illamående,	Extreme case
		kräkningar, diarré	Muscular paralysis; pronounced respiratory
		Extrema symptom:	difficulty; choking sensation; death trough
		Muskelförlamning;	respiratory paralysis may occur within 2-24
		andningssvårigheter; känsla av att	hours after ingestion.
		kvävas;	
		Man kan vara död inom 2-24	
		timmar efter att ha fått i sig giftet, på	
		grund av att andningsmuskulaturen	
		förlamas.	
Dinophysis spp.	Diarrehetic	Milda symptom:	Mild case:
	shellfish	Efter cirka 30 minuter till några	Within 30 min-a few hours:
	poisoning	timmar:	dizziness, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea,
	(DSP)	yrsel, illamående, kräkningar, diarré,	abdominal pain.
		magont	Extreme case:
		Extrema symptom:	Repeated exposure may cause cancer.
		Upprepad exponering kan orsaka	
		cancer	
Pseudo- niztschia spp.	Amnesic	Milda symptom:	Mild case:
Tribution of the	shellfish	Efter 3-5 timmar:	Within 3-5 hours: dizziness, nausea,
	poisoning	yrsel, illamående, kräkningar, diarré,	vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal cramps.
	(ASP)	magkramper	Extreme case:
	(1101)	Extrema symptom:	dizziness, hallucinations, confusion, loss of
		Yrsel, hallucinationer, förvirring,	memory, cramps.
			, ,
Chaetoceros	Mechanical	förlust av korttidsminnet, kramper Låg celltäthet:	Low cell numbers:
concavicornis/	damage	Ingen påverkan.	No effect on fish.
C.convolutus	through	Hög celltäthet:	High cell numbers:
	hooks on	Fiskens gälar skadas, fisken dör.	Fish death due to gill damage.
D 11"	setae	T ° 114 *41	Low cell numbers:
Pseudochattonella spp.	Fish toxin	Låg celltäthet:	
		Ingen påverkan.	No effect on fish.
		Hög celltäthet:	High cell numbers:
		Fiskens gälar skadas, fisken dör.	Fish death due to gill damage.
Ö	11. 1	 - 11:	C 1 . C

Översikt över några potentiellt skadliga alger och det aktuella giftets effekt. Overview of potentially harmful algae and effects of toxins. Manual on harmful marine microalgae (2003 - UNESCO Publishing).

Kartan på framsidan visar viktat medelvärde för klorofyll a, μ g/l (0-10 m) vid de olika stationerna. Pil upp eller ned indikerar om resultatet är över eller under en standardavvikelse från medel. Medel är beräknat utifrån aktuell månad under perioden 2001-2015. Förekomst av skadliga alger vid stationer där arter analyseras markeras med symbol.

The map on the front page shows weighted mean of chlorophyll a, μ g/l (0-10 m) at sampling stations. The arrow up or down indicate whether the result is above or below one standard deviation from mean. The mean value is calculated using results from the actual month during the period 2001-2015. Presence of harmful algae at stations where species analysis is performed is shown with a symbol.



Havs och Vatten myndigheten